

## North Carolina Department of Revenue

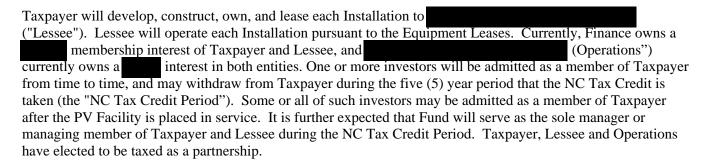
Pat McCrory
Governor

Lyons Gray
Secretary

April 2, 2013

Attn:	
Re: Request for Expedited Private Lett	er Ruling
FEIN:	
Dear :	
	wherein you requested that the North Carolina sue an expedited private letter ruling on behalf of your clients regarding ag in renewable energy property (the "NC Tax Credit"), N.C. Gen. Stat.
The statement of facts submitted for the De	epartment's consideration is summarized as follows:
comprised of installations of solar installation and collectively the "PV Facility of the collective installation" and collectively the "PV Facility of the collective installations" and collective installations of solar installation.	ce") is pursuing the development of a renewable energy project photovoltaic electricity generation equipment (individually an lity") to be located in the lo
connectors, conduit, combiner boxes, discomonitoring equipment, and other ancillary remaining connected Installations will be a	. Each Installation will consist of approximately ng and balance of system components (consisting of electrical wire, onnect switches and related equipment), transformers, metering and equipment. If any Installation is disconnected, each of the other ble to produce usable energy on its own. Each Installation, standing ery, equipment, or real property, will be able to produce usable energy
operated by a North Carolina utility (the "Uinto (i) an interconnection agreement with and (ii) a power purchase agreement (the "I	be delivered to a transformer(s) and distribution line owned and Utility"). ("Taxpayer") will enter the Utility to govern the terms of the interconnection of the PV Facility PPA") with the Utility, pursuant to which the electricity generated by Accordingly, the PV Facility will be used for a business purpose.

April 2, 2013 Page 2 of 3



Each Equipment Lease will be structured as a capital lease, and Lessee will be considered the federal income tax owner of the PV Facility for federal income tax purposes. Taxpayer and Lessee will enter into an agreement that Taxpayer will claim the NC Tax Credit with respect to the leased property. Lessee shall not make a claim to the NC Tax Credit. Thus, Lessee will not obtain the certification from Taxpayer required by N.C.G.S. § 105-129.16A(d) for Lessee to take the NC Tax Credit.

## **ISSUES:**

1. Whether each Installation comprising a part of the PV Facility is a separate "installation" of a renewable energy property within the context of N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 105-129.15(4b) and 105-129.16A(c)(1), and whether each such Installation is eligible for up to \$2,500,000 of NC Tax Credits?

Department's Response: Yes. Since each Installation described above will convert solar radiation into electricity and will consist of the components constituting either (i) solar energy equipment that converts solar radiation into electricity or (ii) devices necessary for collecting, storing, exchanging, conditioning, or converting solar energy, the property described in the statement of facts does meet the definition of "renewable energy property" pursuant to the aforementioned statute, and the costs to construct and install the solar photovoltaic installations will qualify for the NC Tax Credit under N.C. Gen. Stat. §105-129.16A(a).

The relevant statute, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-129.15(4b), defines "Installation of renewable energy property" as "Renewable energy property that standing alone or in combination with other machinery, equipment, or real property is able to produce usable energy on its own." Based on our review of information provided, each individual installation will include several "ground mounted" photovoltaic arrays, as well as system monitoring equipment and a variety of electrical components necessary to deliver AC electricity to the point of interconnection. Furthermore, each Installation of photovoltaic arrays will be separately connected. In the event any one or more of the Installations of photovoltaic arrays is turned off, any of the other installed arrays "standing alone" can continue to generate usable energy independently of the other Installations and feed it into the grid. For these reasons, each separate installation of photovoltaic arrays qualifies as an "installation of renewable energy property." Therefore, the Department will treat each Installation of photovoltaic arrays as a separate installation for purposes of the \$2.5M ceiling on the amount of the renewable energy credit under N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-129.16A(c)(1).

Please note, however, that the site-wide project costs allocated to each Installation and the cost of any equipment, such as ground mounting systems, wiring, and disconnect switches, must be necessary and integral to collecting, storing, exchanging and converting solar energy to electrical power in order to qualify for the credit. Upon audit, the taxpayer must furnish records for inspection that provide the costs and purpose of any equipment included in the costs of the renewable property for which the NC Tax Credit is claimed.

2. By refraining from providing the written certification required by N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-129.16A(d) to Lessee, is Taxpayer entitled to claim the NC Tax Credit based on the Statement of Facts?

Department's Response: Yes. Taxpayer, the lessor in a capital lease transaction, is entitled to claim the tax credit provided under N.C. Gen. Stat. § 105-129.16A if it does not provide Lessee with written certification that it will not claim the credit. Pursuant to subsection (d) of the statute, a taxpayer that leases renewable energy property from another taxpayer may not claim the credit allowed for renewable energy property unless the taxpayer obtains the lessor's written certification that the lessor will not claim the renewable credit with respect to the property. Therefore, only if the lessor gives the lessee a written certification that it will not claim the credit, may the lessee claim the North Carolina Renewable Energy Tax Credit. In this case, because Taxpayer constructed and/or purchased eligible renewable energy property, and since Taxpayer will not provide written certification to Lessee that Lessee may claim the credit, Taxpayer, as the lessor, is the only entity that has the right to allocate the North Carolina Renewable Energy Tax Credit to its partners for North Carolina tax purposes.

3. Whether changes in ownership of the membership interests in Taxpayer during the NC Tax Credit Period affect (i) Taxpayer's continued entitlement to the NC Tax Credit, or (ii) the entitlement of the new member(s) in Taxpayer to its distributive share of any remaining unallocated installments of the NC Tax Credit?

Department's Response: The Department will provide a ruling on this issue at a later date.

This ruling is based solely on the facts submitted to the Department of Revenue for consideration of the transactions described. Your statement of facts and our findings are subject to audit verification. If the facts and circumstances given are not accurate, or if there are other facts that were not disclosed that might cause the Department to reach a different conclusion, then the taxpayer requesting this ruling may not rely on it. A letter ruling is not equivalent to a Technical Advice Directive that generally affects a large number of taxpayers. If a taxpayer relies on this ruling and the Department discovers, upon examination, that the fact situation of the taxpayer is different in any material aspect from the facts and circumstances given in this ruling, then the ruling will not afford the taxpayer any protection. It should be noted that this document is not to be cited as precedent and that a change in statute, a regulation, or case law could void this ruling.

Should you have any questions, please contact me.

Very truly yours,

