## TABLE 42 . WHITE GOODS DISPOSAL TAX COLLECTIONS [§ 105 ARTICLE 5C.]

				Distributions and Transfers								
					Solid				Collection	OSBM	Collection	TIMS, PDP
			Net		Waste	White			fees on	Civil	cost	component
	Gross		collections		Management	Goods			overdue	Penalty &	of	costs
	tax		before	County	Trust	Management	Administrative	General	tax	Forfeiture	fines/	SL 2009-451,
Fiscal	collections	Refunds	transfers	share	Fund*	Account†	costs	Fund†	debts	Fund	forfeitures	s. 6.20(a)
year	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]
2001-02	4,562,228	15,405	4,546,823	2,169,048	348,719	-	186,849	1,841,220	987	-	-	-
2002-03	4,433,262	37,945	4,395,317	2,146,053	338,944	1,751,808	158,085	-	427	-	-	-
2003-04	4,531,663	17,638	4,514,026	2,553,992	343,698	1,398,539	216,446	-	1,351	-	-	-
2004-05	4,777,814	11,797	4,766,016	2,984,971	363,826	1,199,028	218,138	-	53	-	-	-
2005-06	4,926,720	16,527	4,910,193	3,073,573	374,338	1,231,319	224,093	-	571	6,298	-	-
2006-07	5,246,858	13,505	5,233,354	3,377,272	401,000	1,234,231	207,822	-	193	12,782	53	-
2007-08	5,002,619	19,734	4,982,885	3,013,981	379,325	1,348,255	233,835	-	420	7,040	29	-
2008-09	4,283,858	20,411	4,263,447	2,364,362	316,793	1,278,758	298,141	-	550	4,823	20	-
2009-10	4,450,409	11,200	4,439,209	2,463,585	331,346	1,346,898	293,543	-	36	3,783	17	-
2010-11	4,170,286	19,793	4,150,493	2,491,444	309,710	257,715	274,241	812,502	881	3,938	17	45
2011-12	4,446,274	36,649	4,409,625	2,685,139	332,825	-	244,713	1,142,351	125	4,449	18	5
2012-13	4,429,321	3,574	4,425,747	2,637,793	329,870	1,155,713	299,654	-	362	2,345	9	-
2013-14	4,499,881	5,860	4,494,021	2,498,440	37,427	125,741	312,500	1,514,356	89	5,447	22	-
2014-15	4,849,342	213,416	4,635,926	2,388,020	-	-	272,244	1,971,588	367	3,691	15	-
2015-16	5,044,915	8,874	5,036,041	2,566,372	-	-	329,012	2,136,296	43	4,299	18	-

Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

Tax rate and base: A privilege tax is imposed on a white goods retailer at a flat rate of \$3 for each new white good that is sold by the retailer. White goods are defined as refrigerators, ranges, water heaters, freezers, unit air conditioners, washing machines, dishwashers, clothes dryers, and other similar domestic and commercial large appliances. The tax was first imposed January 1, 1994 and was intended to expire July 1, 1998. The tax was \$5 if the article did not contain chlorofluorocarbon refrigerants and \$10 if the article contained such refrigerants. Proceeds were intended to provide funds for use in managing discarded white goods and the removal of chlorofluorocarbon refrigerants from such articles. After deducting administrative costs, the net proceeds were to be allocated as follows: 5% to the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund, 20% to the White Goods Management Account, and 75% among the counties on a per capita basis.

Effective July 1, 1998, the sunset was extended to July 1, 2001; effective July 13, 2000, the expiration was deleted. The rate was reduced to a single flat amount of \$3 regardless of the contents of the article. The distribution of the tax was amended to increase the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund share from 5% to 8%; the county share was decreased from 75% to 72% with eligibility requirements established in order for counties to qualify for receipt of a distribution. \*SL 2001-424, s. 2.2.(j) specifies that the statutory White Goods Management Account allocable portion of taxes levied during fiscal year 2001-02 be deposited into the General Fund; SL 2010-31, s. 2.2.(e) and SL 2010-123, s. 1.2.(b) specify similar treatment for taxes levied during fiscal year 2010-11 (certain White Goods Management Account directed proceeds were credited to the General Fund as non-tax revenue); SL 2011-145, s. 2.2.(g) specifies a similar provision for taxes levied during fiscal year 2011-12 (White Goods Management Account directed proceeds up to a maximum \$1,951,465 were credited to the General Fund as non-tax revenue).

†SL 2013-360, s. 14.17(a), effective <u>August 1, 2013</u>, adjusts the allocation percentages of White Goods Disposal Tax net tax proceeds such that a 28% portion is to remain in the General Fund (the 8% allocation to the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund and 20% allocation to the White Goods Management Account are abolished; the remaining 72% portion continues to be shared with county governments on a per capita basis).

