

Source: 2014 individual income tax extract. Statistical 4
tax system during 2015; the extract is a composite database consisting of both audited and unaudited (edited and unedited) data that is subject to and may include inconsistencies resultant of taxpayer and/or processing error
This exhibit includes returns with a nonpositive NC taxable income and returns with a positive NC taxable income for which the tax liability is reduced to $\$ 0$ after application of nonrefundable tax credits.

 allowance provision; increases the allowable child tax credit for certain taxpayers; and either eliminates or allows to sunset other tax credits applicable to the personal income tax
$\dagger$ In calculating NC taxable income, a taxpayer may deduct either the allowable NC standard deduction amount based on filing status or the itemized deductions amount allowable for NC tax purposes.
Basic standard deduction allowances vary according to filing status: $\mathrm{S}=\$ 7,500 ; \mathrm{MFJ} / \mathrm{SS}=\$ 15,000 ; \mathrm{MFS}=\$ 7,500$; and $\mathrm{HH}=\$ 12,000$.
 federal itemized deductions) include deductions for the following: qualified home mortgage interest and real estate property taxes (the sum of these deductions not to exceed $\$ 20,000$ ), repayment of claim of right income, and

Proration (income apportionment) factors applicable to part-year and nonresident individuals can exceed $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ in cases where the portion of income subject to NC income tax exceeds total federal gross income, as adjusted.
$\dagger \dagger$ Tax credits claimed=value of nonrefundable credits reported on the D-400TC form
Amount claimed (reported) may exceed the value of the tax credit used to reduce tax liability in cases where the tax liability is less than the amount of eligible credit claimed.
*Summary information for this category has been combined with that of a preceding (or subsequent) category to avoid disclosing specific taxpayer details in categories with low participation. Combined data are italicized.

