# TABLE 28. STATE SALES AND USE TAX COLLECTIONS [G.S. 105 ARTICLE 5]

[G <sub>iD</sub> , 103 ARTICLE 3]													
			Sales	Sales and Use Tax Reimbursements, Distributions, and Transfers									
	State		Net collections	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(=)				
	sales and		before	State aid/	Refund of local	Reserves/	Inter-	Collection	Net	Y	ear-over-ye	ar % change	
	use tax		reimburse-	local	sales & use	transfers for	governmental	fees on	collections			Net	Amount
	gross		ments/	government	tax paid by	administrative	inter-fund	overdue	to General			collections	to
	collections	Refunds	transfers	distributions	state agencies	fees/costs	transfers	tax debts	Fund	Gross		before	General
Fiscal year	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	[\$]	collections	Refunds	transfers	Fund
1990-91	1,772,243,326	81,083,038	1,691,160,288	-	-	5,813,635	3,005,771	-	1,682,340,881	-4.16%	7.83%	-4.67%	-4.56%
1991-92	2,275,072,533	95,191,915	2,179,880,618	-	8,839,546	6,940,320	2,738,207	-	2,161,362,545	28.37%	17.40%	28.90%	28.47%
1992-93	2,482,826,074	120,533,449	2,362,292,625	-	8,570,512	5,917,665	3,731,117	-	2,344,073,330	9.13%	26.62%	8.37%	8.45%
1993-94	2,728,741,000	130,608,384	2,598,132,616	-	9,127,648	5,622,676	4,536,053	-	2,578,846,239	9.90%	8.36%	9.98%	10.02%
1994-95	2,942,188,758	136,985,792	2,805,202,966	-	11,091,410	6,668,989	5,759,177	-	2,781,683,390	7.82%	4.88%	7.97%	7.87%
1995-96	3,128,746,877	146,931,141	2,981,815,736	-	8,459,963	8,661,312	6,561,649	-	2,958,132,813	6.34%	7.26%	6.30%	6.34%
1996-97	3,320,848,414	163,026,308	3,157,822,106	-	13,321,040	9,178,351	7,649,271	-	3,127,673,443	6.14%	10.95%	5.90%	5.73%
1997-98	3,465,824,631	180,716,290	3,285,108,341	-	10,841,574	10,059,505	8,835,214	-	3,255,372,048	4.37%	10.85%	4.03%	4.08%
1998-99	3,617,449,828	210,049,552	3,407,400,276	-	10,921,878	10,292,859	9,978,875	-	3,376,206,664	4.37%	16.23%	3.72%	3.71%
1999-00	3,634,324,711	242,244,229	3,392,080,483	-	14,179,227	11,960,594	11,042,953	-	3,354,897,708	0.47%	15.33%	-0.45%	-0.63%
2000-01	3,715,078,723	242,973,809	3,472,104,914	-	12,471,836	11,868,450	12,206,053	-	3,435,558,577	2.22%	0.30%	2.36%	2.40%
2001-02	4,017,194,236	264,566,631	3,752,627,605	9,704,764	11,055,005	12,340,709	12,900,455	856,840	3,705,769,832	8.13%	8.89%	8.08%	7.87%
2002-03	4,300,424,840	282,959,217	4,017,465,623	55,183,726	11,013,787	13,204,065	13,914,099	1,328,067	3,922,821,877	7.05%	6.95%	7.06%	5.86%
2003-04	4,656,199,353	288,688,759	4,367,510,594	91,754,930	14,456,215	14,500,116	23,365,437	1,232,054	4,222,201,842	8.27%	2.02%	8.71%	7.63%
2004-05	4,923,391,473	309,935,699	4,613,455,774	85,304,241	10,241,254	14,402,267	25,216,590	1,132,245	4,477,159,178	5.74%	7.36%	5.63%	6.04%

Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

State sales and use tax rates and bases:

The general State sales and use tax rate of 4.5% applies to purchases of tangible commodities, room and cottage rentals, and laundry and dry cleaning services and is scheduled to revert to 4% effective July 1, 2007.

All telecommunications services, including interstate, are taxed at 6%. Effective January 1, 2002, prepaid telephone calling arrangements were made subject to the general rate of 4.5%.

Sales of aircraft, boats, railway cars, locomotives, mobile classrooms, and mobile offices are taxable at a 3% rate with a maximum tax per article of \$1,500.

Manufactured (mobile) homes are taxed at a 2% rate with a maximum tax of \$300 per section. Modular homes are taxed at a 2.5% rate effective January 1, 2004.

Direct-to-home satellite service in this State is taxed at a rate of 5%. The sale of spirituous liquor other than mixed beverages is subject to a State rate of 6%.

Sales of electricity for residential use are taxed at 3%; sales of electricity to manufacturers, farmers, and commercial laundries and dry cleaners for business purposes are

subject to a 2.83% rate. [Effective October 1, 2005, the sales and use tax imposed on the gross receipts of providing telecommunications and direct-to-home satellite services and on the sales

of spirituous liquor other than mixed beverages increased to the combined general rate of 7%; voice mail services became taxable as part of telecommunications services.]

The Reserves/transfers for administrative fees/costs column includes the State retained portion of the local government sales tax collections for defraying the cost of administering the tax.

The monies are deposited into the General Fund as non-tax revenue along with the amounts recorded in the Refund of local sales & use tax paid by state agencies column.

The State aid/local government distributions column includes:

\$9,704,764 municipal shares of the telecommunications tax. [Due to enactment of the tax on January 1, 2002, the 2001-02 amount is for less than a full year.]

2002-03 \$55,183,726 municipal shares of the telecommunications tax.

2003-04 \$52,922,447 municipal shares of the telecommunications tax; \$38,832,483 hold harmless payments \* to local governments due to repeal of certain local government distributions.

2004-05 \$56,290,836 municipal shares of the telecommunications tax; \$29,013,405 hold harmless payments \* to local governments due to repeal of certain local government distributions.

\*Hold Harmless Payments-Repeal of local reimbursements and revenue replacement option:

The 2001 General Assembly repealed local reimbursements effective July 1, 2003; the 2002 General Assembly advanced the date of the scheduled repeal to July 1, 2002.

A new Article 44 of Subchapter VIII, Chapter 105 granted counties the authority to impose an additional 1/2% local sales and use tax to replace revenue lost due to repeal of the reimbursements, and provided for a transitional local government hold harmless distribution, G.S. 105-521 (scheduled to sunset in 2012).

The Inter-governmental inter-fund transfers column includes the following amounts transferred to the Wildlife Resources Fund (G.S. 105-164.44B):

1990-91	\$ 2,839,934	1995-96	\$ 6,561,649	2000-01	\$ 12,206,053
1991-92	\$ 2,738,207	1996-97	\$ 7,649,271	2001-02	\$ 12,900,455
1992-93	\$ 3,731,117	1997-98	\$ 8,835,214	2002-03	\$ 13,914,099
1993-94	\$ 4,536,053	1998-99	\$ 10,921,878	2003-04	\$ 15,038,583
1994-95	\$ 5,759,177	1999-00	\$ 11,042,953	2004-05	\$ 16,920,820

## **Dry-Cleaning Solvent Cleanup Fund**

Effective April 1, 2003, until June 30, 2010, an amount equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the net State sales and use taxes collected under G.S. 105-164.1(a)(4) during the previous fiscal year is to be transferred, at the end of each quarter, to the Dry-Cleaning Solvent Cleanup Fund established under G.S. 143-215.104C.

Amounts of the transfers included in the Inter-governmental inter-fund transfers column are as follows: 2003-04 \$8,326,854 2004-05 \$8,292,105

## Changes in State sales tax rates by year

# 1991-92

Effective July 16, 1991, the general State rate increased from 3% to 4%.

Effective <u>July 16, 1991</u>, the rate applicable to purchases of aircraft, boats, railway cars, and locomotives increased from 2% to 3%; the \$1,500 maximum tax per article remained unchanged.

#### 1996-97

Effective <u>August 1, 1996</u>, sales of electricity and piped natural gas to farmers, manufacturers, and commercial laundries and dry cleaners for prescribed purposes were made subject to a 2.83% rate rather than 3%.

Effective January 1, 1997, the State rate applicable to food purchased for home consumption was reduced from 4% to 3%.

#### 1998-99

Effective July 1, 1998, the State rate applicable to food purchased for home consumption was reduced from 3% to 2%.

Effective May 1, 1999, the 2% State rate applicable to food purchased for home consumption was repealed.

#### 1999-00

Effective July 1, 1999, sales of piped natural gas became exempt from sales tax and, instead, became subject to the piped natural gas excise tax.

## 2001-02

Effective October 1, 2001, the \$1,500 tax limit applicable to the sale or continuous lease or rental of noncommercial vehicles was repealed.

Effective October 16, 2001, the general State rate increased from 4% to 4.5%.

Effective <u>December 1, 2001</u>, sales of spirituous liquor, other than mixed beverages, became subject to a 6% State sales and use tax. Mixed

beverages were already subject to State and local sales and use taxes and were unaffected by the law change.

Effective January 1, 2002, gross receipts of direct-to-home satellite service to subscribers in this State became subject to a 5% State sales tax.

Effective January 1, 2002, gross receipts derived from providing telecommunications services became subject to a 6% State sales and use tax.

Prior to the law change, local telecommunications services were subject to a 3% State sales tax rate and a 3.22% utility franchise tax rate;

intrastate long distance calls were taxed at 6.5% and interstate long distance calls were exempt. Telecommunications services include local, interstate, intrastate, toll, private telecommunications, and mobile telecommunications services.

[Effective October 1, 2005, the sales and use tax imposed on the gross receipts of providing telecommunications and direct-to-home satellite services and on the sales of spirituous liquor other than mixed beverages increased to the combined general rate of 7%; voice mail services became taxable as part of telecommunications services.] [Effective January 1, 2006, the combined general rate of 7% sales and use tax is imposed on the gross receipts of providing cable services; gross receipts derived from providing satellite digital audio radio service is taxable being subject to both the State general rate of tax and local rates.]

#### 2003-04

Effective for sales made on or after January 1, 2004, modular homes are subject to a 2.5% State sales and use tax rate under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(8).

Twenty percent (20%) of the taxes collected under this statute are distributed to counties. G.S. 105-164.44G

[Prior to the law change, modular homes were taxed at the 2% State sales and use tax rate under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1a).]

Effective July 1, 2003, all sales of soft drinks (fountain, those sold for home consumption, and vending) were made subject to both the State and local rates,

[Prior to this date, soft drinks sold for home consumption were not taxable at the State level.][Effective January 1, 2004, sales of closed container

soft drinks sold through vending machines were made subject to a partial exemption; only fifty percent (50%) of the sales price of closed container soft drinks sold through vending machines are taxable and subject to both the State and local rates under G.S. 105-164.13(50).]

Effective January 1, 2004, candy is exempt from the State tax and subject to only the 2% local tax. [Candy sold through vending machines is taxed at fifty percent (50%) of the sales price and is subject to both State and local rates under G.S. 105-164.13(50).]

[Effective October 1, 2005, all sales of candy are subject to the combined general State and county tax rate; taxation of candy sold through vending machines remains unchanged.]