TABLE 27. GENERAL SALES TAX RATES and NET COLLECTIONS and INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX NET COLLECTIONS and PERSONAL INCOME and PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

| State | Statesalestax rateas of$\mathbf{1 / 1 / 2 0 1 4}$$[\%]$ | Rank | Groceryfood non-prepareditems [1]Taxable (T)Exempt (E) | Drugs <br> Prescrip- <br> tion, non- <br> prescription <br> Taxable (T) <br> Exempt (E) | State Vendor Discounts $\dagger+$ <br> Collection discounts <br> allowed seller for <br> qualifying transactions |  | Popu-lationasof$7 / 1 / 2014$$[1,000 s]$ | General sales tax collections fiscal year 2014* |  |  | Per <br> capita <br> collections <br> per $1 \phi$ <br> of tax $\dagger$ <br> $[\$]$ <br> 123 | Personal income 2013 |  | Personal consumption expenditures 2013 |  | Sales taxcollectionsas a percentof |  | Individual income tax collections fiscal year 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{aligned}$ |  | Per capita [\$] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita [\$] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount[\$] | Rank | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Per capita [\$] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Basic provisions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Maximum-M/ } \\ \text { minimum-m } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { personal }}{[\%]}$ | Rancome |  |  |
| Alabama | 4 | 38 | T | E,T | 5\%-2\%巾†† | \$400/mo-M | 4,846 | 2,393,192 | 493.81 | 43 | 123.45 | 174,876,574 | 36,176 | 143,914,000 | 29,771 | 1.37\% | 38 | 3,206,583 | 661.64 |
| Arizon | 5.6 | 26 | E | E,T | 1\% | \$10K/yr-M | 6,729 | 6,317,644 | 938.90 | 20 | 167.66 | 243,656,863 | 36,723 | 218,585,000 | 32,944 | 2.59\% | 11 | 3,462,413 | 514.57 |
| Arkansas. | 6.5 | 7 | 1.5\% [2] | E,T | 2\% | \$1K/mo-M | 2,967 | 3,130,274 | 1,055.09 | 12 | 162.32 | 108,080,656 | 36,529 | 84,888,000 | 28,690 | 2.90\% | 6 | 2,602,160 | 877.08 |
| California $\dagger$ | 6.25 | 10 | E | E,T | None |  | 38,792 | 37,224,077 | 959.57 | 17 | 153.53 | 1,849,505,496 | 48,125 | 1,419,344,000 | 36,932 | 2.01\% | 23 | 67,995,659 | 1,752.81 |
| Colorado.. | 2.9 | 45 | E | E,T | 2.22\% |  | 5,356 | 2,615,601 | 488.39 | 44 | 168.41 | 246,447,709 | 46,746 | 198,751,000 | 37,699 | 1.06\% | 44 | 5,658,457 | 1,056.55 |
| Connecticut | 6.35 | 9 | E | E,T | None |  | 3,595 | 3,981,362 | 1,107.55 | 7 | 174.42 | 223,560,773 | 62,112 | 158,937,000 | 44,157 | 1.78\% | 30 | 7,772,602 | 2,162.20 |
| Florida. | 6 | 15 | E | E,E | 2.5\% | \$30/report-M | 19,906 | 21,480,910 | 1,079.14 | 9 | 179.86 | 809,664,740 | 41,309 | 690,076,000 | 35,207 | 2.65\% | 10 |  |  |
| Georgia | 4 | 38 | E [2] | E,T | 3\%-0.5\% $\dagger \dagger$ |  | 10,097 | 5,125,502 | 507.62 | 42 | 126.90 | 375,758,231 | 37,596 | 317,246,000 | 31,741 | 1.36\% | 39 | 8,965,572 | 887.93 |
| Hawaii. | 4 | 38 | T [3] | E,T | None |  | 1,420 | 2,825,041 | 1,989.11 | 1 | 497.28 | 62,437,294 | 44,314 | 55,701,000 | 39,533 | 4.52\% | 1 | 1,745,461 | 1,228.98 |
| Idaho. | 6 | 15 | T [3] | E,T | None |  | 1,635 | 1,373,666 | 840.26 | 26 | 140.04 | 57,483,763 | 35,641 | 51,011,000 | 31,628 | 2.39\% | 15 | 1,338,075 | 818.49 |
| Illinois.. | 6.25 | 10 | 1\% | T,T[5] | 1.75\% | \$5/yr-m | 12,882 | 8,515,410 | 661.02 | 34 | 105.76 | 599,118,968 | 46,477 | 479,123,000 | 37,169 | 1.42\% | 37 | 16,642,154 | 1,291.87 |
| Indiana. | 7 | 1 | E | E,T | 0.73\%-0.26\% $+\dagger \dagger$ |  | 6,598 | 7,003,426 | 1,061.47 | 11 | 151.64 | 251,598,605 | 38,291 | 215,961,000 | 32,867 | 2.78\% | 兂 | 4,896,317 | 742.10 |
| Iowa | 6 | 15 | E | E,T | None |  | 3,109 | 2,959,924 | 951.90 | 18 | 158.65 | 135,242,204 | 43,735 | 105,680,000 | 34,175 | 2.19\% | 19 | 3,197,578 | 1,028.33 |
| Kansas | 6.15 | 14 | T [3] | E,T | None |  | 2,903 | 2,983,664 | 1,027.96 | 13 | 167.15 | 128,314,517 | 44,311 | 97,132,000 | 33,542 | 2.33\% | 16 | 2,511,660 | 865.34 |
| Kentucky |  | 15 | E | E,T | 1.75\%-1.5\% $\dagger \dagger \dagger$ | \$50/month-M | 4,413 | 3,131,157 | 709.59 | 30 | 118.27 | 158,238,045 | 35,967 | 136,953,000 | 31,129 | 1.98\% | 25 | 3,749,258 | 849.67 |
| Louisiana. | 4 | 38 | E [2] | E,T | .935\% |  | 4,649 | 2,923,336 | 628.81 | 37 | 157.20 | 188,964,765 | 40,819 | 148,398,000 | 32,056 | 1.55\% | 35 | 2,753,680 | 592.32 |
| Maine... | 5.5 | 27 | E | E,T | None |  | 330 | 1,191,685 | 895.83 | 22 | 162.88 | 52,565,709 | 39,562 | 52,855,000 | 39,779 | 2.27\% | 17 | 1,414,110 | 1,063.04 |
| Maryland... | 6 | 15 | E | E,E | 1.2\%-0.9\% ${ }^{\text {¢ }}+\dagger$ | \$500/return-M | 5,975 | 4,195,996 | 702.22 | 31 | 117.04 | 312,053,581 | 52,545 | 239,485,000 | 40,326 | 1.34\% | 41 | 7,773,773 | 1,300.97 |
| Massachusetts. | 6.25 | 10 | E | E,T | None |  | 6,755 | 5,518,580 | 816.95 | 27 | 130.71 | 379,381,409 | 56,549 | 310,105,000 | 46,223 | 1.45\% | 36 | 13,246,221 | 1,960.91 |
| Michigan... | 6 | 15 | E | E,T | 0.75\%-0.5\% $\dagger \dagger$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}(\$ 15 \mathrm{~K}) / \mathrm{mo}-\mathrm{M} \\ \$ 6 / \mathrm{mo}-\mathrm{m} \end{array}$ | 9,916 | 8,715,827 | 878.94 | 24 | 146.49 | 387,978,294 | 39,197 | 345,440,000 | 34,899 | 2.25\% | 18 | 7,874,712 | 794.12 |
| Minnesota.. | 6.875 | 6 | E | E,E | None |  | ,457 | 398,173 | 989.20 | 16 | 143.88 | 257,058,116 | 47,410 | 214,284,000 | 39,521 | 2.10\% | 21 | 9,623,831 | 1,763.54 |
| Mississippi. | 7 | 1 | T | E,T | 2\% | \$50/mo-M | 2,993 | 3,304,632 | 1,103.96 | 8 | 157.71 | 100,625,620 | 33,629 | 85,543,000 | 28,588 | 3.28\% | 5 | 1,667,344 | 557.00 |
| Missouri.. | 4.225 | 37 | 1.225\% | E,T | 2\% |  | 6,064 | 3,285,563 | 541.83 | 41 | 128.24 | 243,591,814 | 40,297 | 207,766,000 | 34,370 | 1.35\% | 40 | 5,361,976 | 884.26 |
| Nebraska | 5.5 | 27 | E | E,T | 2.5\% | \$75/mo-M | 1,883 | 1,763,695 | 936.65 | 21 | 170.30 | 86,447,434 | 46,254 | 66,840,000 | 35,763 | 2.04\% | 22 | 2,124,164 | 1,128.09 |
| Nevada $\dagger \dagger$.. | 4.6 | 34 | E | E,T | 0.25\% |  | 2,838 | 3,828,869 | 1,349.01 | 4 | 293.26 | 109,489,671 | 39,223 | 93,985,000 | 33,668 | 3.50\% | 3 |  |  |
| New Jersey...... | 7 | 1 | E | E,E | None |  | 8,939 | 8,885,847 | 994.07 | 15 | 142.01 | 491,865,076 | 55,194 | 392,593,000 | 44,055 | 1.81\% | 29 | 11,973,673 | 1,339.51 |
| New Mexico. | 5.125 | 29 | E | E,T | None |  | 2,086 | 2,098,676 | 1,006.29 | 14 | 196.35 | 73,571,354 | 35,254 | 68,393,000 | 32,772 | 2.85\% | 7 | 1,297,493 | 622.13 |
| New York.. | 4 | 38 | E | E,E | 5\% | \$200/qtr-M | 19,749 | 12,668,587 | 641.48 | 36 | 160.37 | 1,055,803,388 | 53,606 | 822,169,000 | 41,744 | 1.20\% | 43 | 42,964,774 | 2,175.56 |
| North Carolina. | 4.75 | 32 | E [2,4] | E,T | None |  | 9,940 | 5,842,182 | 587.72 | 39 | 123.73 | 372,031,203 | 37,774 | 305,556,000 | 31,024 | 1.57\% | 34 | 10,390,520 | 1,045.28 |
| North Dakota... | 5 | 30 | E | E,T | 1.5\% | \$110/mo-M | 740 | 1,320,196 | 1,783.95 | 2 | 356.79 | 39,358,192 | 54,373 | 32,855,000 | 45,389 | 3.35\% | 4 | 498,528 | 673.65 |
| Ohio....... | 5.75 | 25 | E | E,T | 0.75\% |  | 11,597 | 10,217,826 | 881.08 | 23 | 153.23 | 471,546,929 | 40,749 | 396,012,000 | 34,222 | 2.17\% | 20 | 8,424,843 | 726.47 |
| Oklahoma.. | 4.5 | 35 | T [3] | E,T | 1\% | \$2.5K/mo-M | 3,880 | 2,599,203 | 669.97 | 33 | 148.88 | 161,685,876 | 41,962 | 120,691,000 | 31,323 | 1.61\% | 33 | 2,962,128 | 763.51 |
| Pennsylvania | 6 | 15 | E | E,E | 1\% |  | 12,794 | 9,497,906 | 742.39 | 29 | 123.73 | 588,296,421 | 46,028 | 479,054,000 | 37,481 | 1.61\% | 32 | 10,809,736 | 844.92 |
| Rhode Island.. | 7 | 1 | E | E,T[6] | None |  | 1,055 | 906,687 | 859.49 | 25 | 122.78 | 48,607,267 | 46,145 | 40,584,000 | 38,529 | 1.87\% | 28 | 1,109,636 | 1,051.88 |
| South Carolina. | 6 | 15 | E | E,T | 3\%-2\% $\dagger \dagger \dagger$ | \$3.1K/yr-M | 4,829 | 3,370,643 | 697.98 | 32 | 116.33 | 169,269,397 | 35,472 | 150,894,000 | 31,621 | 1.99\% | 24 | 3,455,706 | 715.59 |


| State | State sales tax rate as of 1/1/2014 [\%] | Rank | Grocery food nonprepared items [1] <br> Taxable (T) <br> Exempt (E) | Drugs <br> Prescrip- <br> tion, non- <br> prescription <br> Taxable (T) <br> Exempt (E) | State Vendor Discounts $\dagger \dagger$Collection discountsallowed seller forqualifying transactions |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Popu- } \\ \text { lation } \\ \text { as } \\ \text { of } \\ 7 / 1 / 2014 \\ {[1,000 s]} \end{array}$ | General sales tax collections fiscal year 2014* |  |  | Per capita collections per 1¢ of $\operatorname{tax} \boldsymbol{\dagger}$ [\$] | Personal income 2013 |  | Personal consumption expenditures 2013 |  | Sales taxcollectionsas a percentofpersonal income |  | Individual income tax collections fiscal year 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Per capita [\$] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita [\$] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Rank | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Per capita [\$] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | provisions | minimum-m |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | personal | Rank |  |  |
| South Dakota... | 4 | 38 | T [3] | E,T | 1.5\% $\dagger \dagger \dagger$ |  | 853 | 914,979 | 1,072.28 | 10 | 268.07 | 37,855,216 | 44,772 | 30,314,000 | 35,853 | 2.42\% | 14 |  |  |
| Tennessee........ | 7 | 1 | 5\% | E,T | Limited |  | 6,548 | 6,192,281 | 945.71 | 19 | 135.10 | 255,422,103 | 39,312 | 204,537,000 | 31,480 | 2.42\% | 13 | 239,219 | 36.53 |
| Texas..... | 6.25 | 10 | E | E,E | 0.5\% $\dagger \dagger$ |  | 26,979 | 32,336,032 | 1,198.56 | 6 | 191.77 | 1,161,133,804 | 43,807 | 879,703,000 | 33,189 | 2.78\% | 8 |  | - |
| Utah $\dagger+. . .$. | 4.7 | 33 | 1.75\% [2] | E,T | 1.31\% |  | 2,944 | 1,823,355 | 619.24 | 38 | 131.75 | 106,072,574 | 36,542 | 90,599,000 | 31,211 | 1.72\% | 31 | 2,889,912 | 981.46 |
| Vermont..... | 6 | 15 | E | E,E | None |  | 627 | 354,541 | 565.67 | 40 | 94.28 | 28,107,555 | 44,839 | 27,010,000 | 43,088 | 1.26\% | 42 | 675,240 | 1,077.34 |
| Virginia $\dagger \dagger . . . . .$. | 4.3 | 36 | 1.5\% [2] | E,E | 1.6\%-0.8\% ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ +† |  | 8,328 | 3,565,789 | 428.16 | 45 | 99.57 | 404,886,361 | 48,956 | 312,884,000 | 37,832 | 0.88\% | 45 | 10,877,689 | 1,306.14 |
| Washington..... | 6.5 | 7 | E | E,T | None |  | 7,063 | 11,767,488 | 1,666.04 | 3 | 256.31 | 331,031,362 | 47,468 | 271,542,000 | 38,938 | 3.55\% | 2 |  | - |
| West Virginia... | 6 | 15 | E | E,T | None |  | 1,849 | 1,221,966 | 660.97 | 35 | 110.16 | 65,177,629 | 35,163 | 58,548,000 | 31,586 | 1.87\% | 27 | 1,770,466 | 957.66 |
| Wisconsin.... | 5 | 30 | E | E,T | 0.5\% | \$10/period-m | 5,759 | 4,628,338 | 803.61 | 28 | 160.72 | 245,437,590 | 42,737 | 202,169,000 | 35,203 | 1.89\% | 26 | 6,793,269 | 1,179.50 |
| Wyoming....... | 4 | 38 | E | E,T | Limited |  | 584 | 765,543 | 1,310.18 | 5 | 327.54 | 30,205,928 | 51,791 | 21,938,000 | 37,615 | 2.53\% | 12 |  |  |
| Total 45 states.. | - | - | - | - |  |  | 310,252 | 272,165,271 | 877.24 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | - | 13,679,506,076 | 44,425 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11,046,048,000 | $35,873^{\text {a }}$ | 1.99\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | 302,716,592 | 975.71 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |

Personal income and personal consumption expenditures amounts are BEA estimates and are in current dollars (not adjusted for inflation).
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Weighted average computations based on collection totals and population for the 45 states levying a general state sales tax.
Per capita personal income and per capita personal consumption expenditures amounts are BEA estimates based on July 1, 2013 population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.
Per capita tax collection amounts are computations based on July 1, 2014 population estimates of the Bureau of the Census and should be interpreted as a reflection of the portion of tax
imposed (collected) on behalf of each individual. The statistical abstract series follows the US Census established practice of computing the per capita tax collection metric using the July 1 population subsequent to the fiscal year ending on June 30th.
*Includes general sales tax, use tax, gross income and gross receipts taxes, but excludes excise taxes levied on specific commodities and services. Collections may include tax receipts from transactions subject to a
preferential (or alternative) rate other than the general sales tax rate shown: North Carolina sales tax data include collections generated by the $7 \%$ combined general rate.
Data for some states include state-collected local sales tax: North Carolina sales tax data include $\mathbf{\$ 1 5 , 0 3 1 , 0 9 7 . 1 7}$ retained by state to pay for the costs of collecting and distributing local sales taxes.
${ }^{\top}$ Computation based on the prevalent rate in effect for fiscal year 2013-14.
$\dagger$ Additional statewide, local taxes apply: California (1.25\%); Nevada (2.25\%); Utah (1.25\%); Virgina (1\%).
$\dagger \dagger$ Vendor discounts-Twenty-seven states allow merchants to generally retain portions of sales taxes collected as compensation for administrative costs associated with collecting the sales tax;
this portion may be referred to as dealer collection allowance, vendor fee, discount, or allowance. In some states, the vendor discount varies by the amount of tax liability:
Alabama-5\% of the first $\$ 100$ of tax liability and $\mathbf{2 \%}$ of the excess amount with a maximum of $\$ 400$ per month
Georgia-3\% of the first $\$ \mathbf{3 , 0 0 0}$ tax liability and $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ of the excess amount
Indiana-certain utilities not entitled to allowance; $0.73 \%$ of tax liability less than $\$ 60 \mathrm{~K}, 0.53 \%$ of tax liability between $\$ 60 \mathrm{~K}$ and $\$ 600 \mathrm{~K}$, and $0.26 \%$ of tax liability exceeding $\$ 600 \mathrm{~K}$
Kentucky- $\mathbf{1 . 7 5 \%}$ of the first $\$ 1,000$ tax liability and $1.5 \%$ of the excess amount with a maximum of $\$ 50$ per month
Maryland $\mathbf{- 1 . 2 \%}$ of the first $\$ 6,000$ tax liability and $\mathbf{0 . 9 \%}$ of the excess amount with a maximum of $\$ 500$ per return
Michigan-vendor discount only applies to the first $\mathbf{4 \%}$ of the tax; a discount of $0.75 \%$ ( $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ maximum) may apply if tax liability paid by the 12th of the month;
a discount of $0.5 \%$ ( $\$ 15 \mathrm{~K}$ maximum) may apply if tax liability paid between the 12 th and the 20 th of the month; $\$ 6 /$ month minimum discount.
South Carolina-3\% if tax liability is less than $\$ 100$; maximum annual discount is $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ for out-of-state filers filing voluntarily
South Dakota-applies only to electronic filers
Texas-additional discount of $\mathbf{1 . 2 5 \%}$ applies for early payment
Virginia-discount varies: $1.116 \%$ ( $1.6 \%$ food tax) of the first $\$ 62.5 \mathrm{~K} ; \mathbf{0 . 8 3 7 \%}$ ( $\mathbf{1 . 2 \%}$ food tax) of the amount from $\$ 62.5 \mathrm{~K}$ to $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 8 K}$; and $\mathbf{0 . 5 5 8 \%}$ ( $\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ food tax) of the remainder. No discount allowed on electronically filed returns.
Food and drug items:
[1] Food purchased for consumption off-premises; food prepared by a grocery is taxable in all states as meals. Many states that exempt grocery food may tax soft drinks, candy, and confections.
[2] Food subject to local taxes.
[3] Rebate or income tax credit allowed to offset sales tax on food.
[4] Food purchased for consumption off-premises in North Carolina is subject to only a $2 \%$ local sales tax rate.
[5] Prescription and nonprescription drugs are subject to a $1 \%$ preferential rate.
[6] Over-the-counter drugs and marijuana for medical use are subject to tax.
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Table NST-EST2015-01 -Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for the States: July 1, 2014, December 22, 2015 release.
U.S. Census Bureau, 2014 Annual Survey of State Government Tax Collections at <www.census.gov/govs/statetax>. April 16, 2015 release, September 23, 2016 update.
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. Table SA1-3, Regional Economic Information System, September 30, 2015 release.

Sales Tax Institute; Tax Foundation; Federation of Tax Administrators; CCH® Sales Tax RADAR; Tax Forms

