TABLE 20. CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATES and NET COLLECTIONS and INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX NET COLLECTIONS and SALES TAX NET COLLECTIONS
FOR THOSE STATES LEVYING A CORPORATE INCOME TAX

| State | State <br> corporate income tax rates and brackets for 2005 income year -as of January 1, 2005[apportionment formula] | Special rates or notes | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Pop- } \\ \text { ulation } \\ 7 / 1 / 2004 \\ {[1,000 s]} \end{array}$ | State Tax Collections 2003-04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Corporate income tax |  |  |  | Individual income tax |  |  | General sales tax* |  |  | Total tax collections [all sources] |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c\|c}\text { \% of } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { state tax } \\ \text { collec- } \\ \text { tions }\end{array}\right]$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> total state tax collections | Per capita [\$] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \% \text { of } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { state tax } \\ \text { collec- } \\ \text { tions } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita [\$] |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount [\$] 64.47 | Rank |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { capita } \\ & {[\$]} \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama | $\begin{gathered} 6.5 \% \\ {[3 \text {-factor] }} \end{gathered}$ | rate applicable to banks; federal deductibility | 4,530 | 292,051 | 4.16\% |  | 33 |  | 2,243,537 | 31.97\% | 495.26 | 1,892,560 | 26.97\% | 417.78 | 7,018,242 | 1,549.28 |
| Alaska | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \%>\$ 0 ; 2 \%>\$ 10 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 3 \%>\$ 20 \mathrm{~K} ; 4 \%>\$ 30 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 5 \%>\$ 40 \mathrm{~K} ; 6 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 7 \%>\$ 60 \mathrm{~K} ; 8 \%>\$ 70 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 9 \%>\$ 80 \mathrm{~K} ; 9.4 \%>\$ 90 \mathrm{~K} \\ & {[3-\mathrm{factor}]} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | rates applicable to banks | 655 | 339,564 | 26.36\% | 518.42 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,288,164 | 1,966.66 |
| Arizona <br> [3-fac | $6.968 \%$ <br> with double wtd. sales factor | rate applicable to banks; minimum tax: \$50 | 5,744 | 525,650 | 5.47\% | 91.51 | 22 | 2,315,865 | 24.11\% | 403.18 | 4,719,642 | 49.13\% | 821.66 | 9,606,318 | 1,672.41 |
| Arkansas <br> [3-fac | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \%>\$ 0 ; 2 \%>\$ 3 K ; \\ & 3 \%>\$ 6 K ; 5 \%>\$ 11 K ; \\ & 6 \%>\$ 25 K ; 6.5 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ <br> with double wtd. sales factor | rates applicable to banks; for net incomes exceeding $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}, 6.5 \%$ of entire net income | 2,753 | 181,830 | 3.26\% | 66.05 | 32 | 1,685,585 | 30.20\% | 612.27 | 2,149,527 | 38.52\% | 780.79 | 5,580,678 | 2,027.13 |
| California <br> [3-fac | $8.84 \%$ <br> with double wtd. sales factor | 10.84\% rate applicable to banks; minimum tax: \$800; <br> S-Corporations: 1.5\% <br> S-Corporations banks: 3.5\% | 35,894 | 6,925,916 | 8.08\% | 192.95 | 6 | 36,398,983 | 42.46\% | 1,014.07 | 26,506,911 | 30.92\% | 738.48 | 85,721,483 | 2,388.18 |
| Colorado <br> $[3$-fac | $4.63 \%$ or 2-factor of revenue and p | rate applicable to banks operty] | 4,601 | 239,591 | 3.40\% | 52.07 | 41 | 3,413,891 | 48.41\% | 741.99 | 1,909,246 | 27.08\% | 414.96 | 7,051,457 | 1,532.59 |
| Connecticut <br> [3-fac <br> from <br> form | $7.5 \%$ with double wtd. sales factor sale/use of tpp or rp; 1-factor for other income] | rate applicable to banks for income derived gross receipts | 3,504 | 379,822 | 3.69\% | 108.40 | 13 | 4,319,546 | 41.97\% | 1,232.75 | 3,127,221 | 30.39\% | 892.47 | 10,291,289 | 2,937.01 |
| Delaware | $8.7 \%$ <br> [3-factor] | banks: marginal rate decreases from $8.7 \%$ to $1.7 \%$ over 4 brackets ranging from $\$ 20$ to $\mathbf{\$ 6 5 0}$ million in taxable income; building and loan associations taxed at $8.7 \%$ | 830 | 217,768 | 9.17\% | 262.37 | 3 | 781,212 | 32.89\% | 941.22 | - | ${ }^{-1}$ | - | 2,375,482 | 2,862.03 |
| Florida | 5.5\% or 3.3\% alternative minimum tax; allowable exemption of $\$ 5,000$ actor with double wtd. sales | rate applicable to banks <br> ctor] | 17,397 | 1,345,780 | 4.37\% | 77.36 | 28 | - | - | - | 17,355,404 | 56.41\% | 997.61 | 30,767,561 | 1,768.56 |
| Georgia | $6 \%$ ctor with double wtd. sales f | rate applicable to banks ctor] | 8,829 | 494,701 | 3.40\% | 56.03 | 39 | 6,830,486 | 46.88\% | 773.64 | 4,921,337 | 33.78\% | 557.41 | 14,570,573 | 1,650.31 |
| Hawaii | $\begin{aligned} & 4.4 \%>\$ 0 ; 5.4 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 6.4 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \\ & {[3 \text {-factor] }} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 7.92\% rate applicable to banks; capital gains taxed at 4\%; alternative tax of $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ of gross annual sales | 1,263 | 58,119 | 1.51\% | 46.02 | 43 | 1,169,205 | 30.38\% | 925.74 | 1,900,377 | 49.37\% | 1,504.65 | 3,849,135 | 3,047.61 |
| Idaho | $7.6 \%$ <br> ctor with double wtd. sales | rate applicable to banks; minimum tax: $\$ 20$; additional tax of $\mathbf{\$ 1 0}$ imposed per return ctor] | 1,393 | 103,784 | 3.92\% | 74.50 | 29 | 907,795 | 34.29\% | 651.68 | 1,036,924 | 39.16\% | 744.38 | 2,647,790 | 1,900.78 |

TABLE 20.-Continued


TABLE 20.-Continued


TABLE 20.-Continued

| State | State corporate income tax rates and brackets for 2005 income year -as of January 1, 2005[apportionment formula] | Special rates or notes | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pop- } \\ \text { ulation } \\ 7 / 1 / 2004 \\ {[1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | State Tax Collections 2003-04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Corporate income tax |  |  |  | Individual income tax |  |  | General sales tax* |  |  | Total tax collections [all sources] |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ of <br> total <br> state tax <br> collec- <br> tions | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | \% of <br> total state tax collections | Per capita [\$] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ of <br> total <br> state tax <br> collec- <br> tions | Per capita [\$] |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Per capita [\$] |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | $5.1 \%>\$ 0 ; 8.5 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | financial institutions, 0.015 times value of stock; minimum tax: \$50 | 11,459 | $1,060,594$ | 4.72\% | 92.56 | 20 | 8,705,161 | 38.73\% | 759.68 | 7,881,510 | 35.07\% | 687.80 | 22,475,528 | 1,961.39 |
| additional litter tax is imposed equal to $\mathbf{0 . 1 1 \%}$ on the first $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ of taxable income, $\mathbf{0 . 2 2 \%}$ on income $>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$; or 0.14 mills on net worth; a $\$ 50$ to $\$ 1 \mathrm{~K}$ minimum tax applies, depending on worldwide gross receipts <br> [3-factor with triple wtd. sales factor] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [3-factor; corporations meeting investment criteria allowed to double weight the sales factor] |  |  | 3,524 | 133,309 | 2.07\% | 37.83 | 45 | 2,319,123 | 36.09\% | 658.09 | 1,594,246 | 24.81\% | 452.40 | 6,426,713 | 1,823.70 |
| Oregon <br> [3-factor | $6.6 \%$ <br> 80-10-10 (sales-payroll-prope | rate applicable to banks; minimum tax: \$10 <br> rty] | 3,595 | 320,065 | 5.24\% | 89.03 | 23 | 4,270,740 | 69.98\% | 1,187.97 | - | ${ }^{-}$ | ${ }^{-}$ | 6,103,071 | 1,697.66 |
| [3-factor with triple wtd. sales factor] |  |  | 12,406 | 1,677,998 | 6.62\% | 135.26 | 9 | 7,323,364 | 28.89\% | 590.31 | 7,773,131 | 30.67\% | 626.56 | 25,346,869 | 2,043.11 |
| Rhode Island | 9\% minimum tax: $\$ 250$ [3-factor] | rate applicable to banks; alternative tax is $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ of capital stock ( $\$ 100$ minimum tax) | 1,081 | 69,479 | 2.88\% | 64.27 | 34 | 899,939 | 37.36\% | 832.51 | 804,647 | 33.40\% | 744.35 | 2,408,861 | 2,228.36 |
| South <br> Carolina | 5\% <br> with double wtd. sales factor in tpp; others subject to 1-f | 4.5\% rate applicable to banks; 6\% rate applicable to savings \& loans <br> for manufacturers actor gross receipts formula] | 4,198 | 196,510 | 2.89\% | 46.81 | 42 | 2,438,712 | 35.84\% | 580.92 | 2,726,657 | 40.08\% | 649.51 | 6,803,568 | 1,620.67 |
| South Dakota | [applies to banks only] no state income tax | $6 \%-0.25 \%$ on a bank's net income minimum tax: $\$ 500$ per location | 771 | 47,108 | 4.43\% | 61.10 | 35 | - | - | - | 586,389 | 55.18\% | 760.56 | 1,062,722 | 1,378.37 |
| [3-factor with double wtd. sales factor] |  |  | 5,901 | 694,798 | 7.29\% | 117.74 | 12 | 146,851 | 1.54\% | 24.89 | 5,845,206 | 61.30\% | 990.54 | 9,536,031 | 1,616.00 |
| Utah |  | rate applicable to banks; minimum tax: \$100 | 2,389 | 145,005 | 3.46\% | 60.70 | 37 | 1,692,277 | 40.40\% | 708.36 | 1,556,332 | 37.15\% | 651.46 | 4,189,172 | 1,753.53 |
| Vermont | $\begin{gathered} 7 \%>\$ 0 ; 8.1 \%>\$ 10 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ 9.2 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; 9.75 \%>\$ 250 \mathrm{~K} \\ {[3 \text {-factor] }} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | rates applicable to banks; minimum tax: \$250 | 621 | 62,228 | 3.52\% | 100.21 | 16 | 429,817 | 24.33\% | 692.14 | 256,958 | 14.54\% | 413.78 | 1,766,719 | 2,844.96 |
| Virginia [3-1 | $6 \%$ <br> actor with double wtd. sales | rate applicable to banks; state and national banks subject to the franchise tax on net capital are exempt from the income tax ctor] | 7,460 | 422,119 | 2.97\% | 56.58 | 38 | 7,422,071 | 52.15\% | 994.92 | 2,977,401 | 20.92\% | 399.12 | 14,233,065 | 1,907.92 |
| [3-factor with double wtd. sales factor] |  |  | 1,815 | 181,515 | 4.84\% | 100.01 | 17 | 1,068,212 | 28.49\% | 588.55 | 1,021,365 | 27.24\% | 562.74 | 3,749,013 | 2,065.57 |
| [3-factor with double wtd. sales factor] |  |  | 5,509 | 681,990 | 5.44\% | 123.80 | 11 | 5,051,612 | 40.31\% | 916.97 | 3,899,395 | 31.12\% | 707.82 | 12,531,098 | 2,274.66 |
| Total 46 states |  |  | 261,566 | 30,801,302 | 5.67\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $117.76{ }^{\text {a }}$ | - | 197,681,501 | $36.41 \%^{\text {a }}$ | $755.76{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 171,820,331 | $31.65 \%^{\text {a }}$ | $656.89{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 542,858,133 | 2,075.42 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |

Texas imposes a franchise tax of $4.5 \%$ of earned surplus or 2.5 mills of net worth. Nevada, Washington, and Wyoming do not levy state corporate income taxes.
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Governments Division. Table NST-EST2004-01-State Population Estimates: July 1, 2004 , Population Division, December 22, 2004 release.
U.S. Census Bureau, Governments Division. State Government Tax Collections: 2004.; Tax Foundation; Federation of Tax Administrators; Commerce Clearing House Per capita amounts based on midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.
*Includes general sales tax, use tax, gross income and gross receipts taxes, but excludes excise taxes levied on specific commodities and services.
Data for some states include state-collected local sales tax. North Carolina sales tax data include $\$ 14,500,116$ retained by state to pay for the costs of collecting and distributing local sales taxes.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Weighted average computations based on tax collection totals and population for 46 states levying a corporation income tax.

