
 tax system during 2014; the extract is a composite database consisting of both audited and unaudited (edited and unedited) data that is subject to and may include inconsistencies resultant of taxpayer and/or processing error
Proration (income apportionment) factors applicable to part-year and nonresident individuals can exceed $100 \%$ in cases where the portion of income subject to NC income tax exceeds total federal gross income, as adjusted. *Effective tax rate for NCTI basis=Net Tax as a \% of Computed NC Net Taxable Income [after residency proration] for returns with positive taxable income
*Effective tax rate for FAGI basis=Net Tax as a \% of Federal Adjusted Gross Income
**Tax credits taken=value of nonrefundable credits plus the portion of refundable credits (NC-EITC) used to reduce tax liability
Amounts shown include a total value of $\$ 43,937,385$ in NC-EITC used as offset to reduce computed tax liability. Any portion of NC-EITC that exceeds tax liability is refundable to the taxpayer. Number of returns filed with no tax liability=count of returns with $\$ 0$ tax liability after application of tax credits (nonrefundable tax credits plus the portion of refundable EITC used to offset tax liability) +In calculating NC taxable income, a taxpayer may deduct either the allowable NC standard deduction amount based on filing status or the itemized deductions amount claimed under the Code.
Basic standard deduction allowances vary according to filing status: $\mathrm{MFJ} / \mathrm{QW}=\$ 6,000 ; \mathrm{S}=\$ 3,000 ; \mathrm{MFS}=\$ 3,000 ;$ and $\mathrm{HoH}=\$ 4,400$. Additional standard deduction allowances of $\$ 600$ (married individuals)
or $\$ 750$ (unmarried individuals) apply for the aged or blind.
$++\$ 2,500(\$ 2,000$ for higher income levels) per exemption claimed on federal income tax return; allowable amount based on filing status and FAGI.

