TABLE 19. CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATES AND NET COLLECTIONS AND INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX NET COLLECTIONS AND SALES TAX NET COLLECTIONS FOR THOSE STATES LEVYING A CORPORATE INCOME TAX

| State | State corporate income tax rates and brackets for 2001 income year [apportionment formula for 2003] [Refer to footnotes as applicable.] | Special rates or notes | Population <br> July 1, 2002 <br> (Bureau of Census) [1,000s] | Tax collections for fiscal year 2001-02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Corporate income tax |  |  | Individual income tax |  |  | Sales tax |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  | Amount$[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{aligned}$ | Per capita |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1.00]} \end{gathered}$ | Rank |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1.00]} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rank |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1.00]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Rank |
| Alabama............... | $\begin{gathered} 5 \% \\ \text { [6.5\% for 2003] } \\ 3 \text { Factor }++ \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 6.5\% on financial institutions Federal deductibility | 4,487 | 322,636 | 71.91 | 21 | 2,399,852 | 534.90 | 35 | 1,748,235 | 389.66 | 42 |
| Alaska.................. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \%>\$ 0 ; 2 \%>\$ 10 \mathrm{~K} ; 3 \%>\$ 20 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 4 \%>\$ 30 \mathrm{~K} ; 5 \%>\$ 40 \mathrm{~K} ; 6 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 7 \%>\$ 60 \mathrm{~K} ; 8 \%>\$ 70 \mathrm{~K} ; 9 \%>\$ 80 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ & 9.4 \%>\$ 90 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |  | 644 | 269,273 | 418.26 | 1 | ------ | ------ | ------ | ------ | ------ | ------ |
|  | 3 Factor ++ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona................. | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6.968 \% \\ \text { Double wtd. sales ++ } \end{gathered}$ | Minimum tax is \$50 | 5,456 | 346,280 | 63.46 | 27 | 2,090,645 | 383.15 | 39 | 4,289,778 | 786.18 | 9 |
| Arkansas.............. | $\begin{gathered} 1 \%>\$ 0 ; 2 \%>\$ 3 \mathrm{~K} ; 3 \%>\$ 6 \mathrm{~K} \\ 5 \%>\$ 11 \mathrm{~K} ; 6 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; 6.5 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { Double wtd. sales ++ } \end{gathered}$ | For net incomes exceeding $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}, 6.5 \%$ of entire net income. | 2,710 | 161,021 | 59.42 | 31 | 1,488,250 | 549.15 | 33 | 1,918,140 | 707.78 | 13 |
| California........... | $\mathbf{8 . 8 4 \%}$ Double wtd. sales ++ | 10.84\% on financial institutions. 6.65\% alternative minimum tax rate ( $2 \%$ financial institutions). Minimum tax is $\$ 800$. | 35,116 | 5,333,036 | 151.87 | 6 | 33,046,665 | 941.07 | 6 | 23,816,406 | 678.22 | 18 |
| Colorado............ | 4.63\% 3 Factor/Sales \& Property ++ |  | 4,507 | 205,217 | 45.54 | 40 | 3,475,760 | 771.27 | 15 | 1,901,972 | 422.05 | 41 |
| Connecticut......... | 7.5\% Double wtd. sales/Sales |  | 3,461 | 149,454 | 43.19 | 42 | 3,685,244 | 1,064.94 | 4 | 3,043,971 | 879.63 | 5 |
| Delaware............ | $\begin{gathered} 8.7 \% \\ \text { 3 Factor } \end{gathered}$ |  | 807 | 251,643 | 311.68 | 2 | 716,647 | 887.61 | 10 | - | ------ | ---- |
| Florida.............. | $5.5 \%$ Double wtd. sales ++ | 3.3\% alternative minimum tax | 16,713 | 1,218,864 | 72.93 | 20 | -- | -- | -- | 14,408,709 | 862.12 | 6 |
| Georgia.............. | 6\% Double wtd. sales |  | 8,560 | 568,080 | 66.36 | 25 | 6,487,638 | 757.87 | 17 | 4,833,521 | 564.64 | 31 |
| Hawaii.............. | $4.4 \%>\$ 0 ; 5.4 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; \mathbf{6 . 4 \%}>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ 3 Factor ++ | 4\% capital gains rate, $7.92 \%$ on financial institutions. | 1,245 | 52,640 | 42.28 | 44 | 1,111,590 | 892.92 | 9 | 1,612,333 | 1,295.15 | 2 |
| Idaho................. | 7.6\% Double wtd. sales ++ | Minimum tax is \$20. | 1,341 | 76,769 | 57.24 | 33 | 842,375 | 628.11 | 25 | 795,384 | 593.07 | 27 |
| Illinois.............. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.8 \% \\ & \text { Sales } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 2.5\% income replacement tax. | 12,601 | 2,061,540 | 163.61 | 5 | 6,951,265 | 551.66 | 32 | 6,419,156 | 509.43 | 36 |
| Indiana............... | $\begin{gathered} 3.4 \% \\ \text { [8.5\% for 2003] } \\ \text { Double wtd. sales } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 4.5\% on supplemental income. | 6,159 | 667,162 | 108.32 | 11 | 3,540,819 | 574.90 | 29 | 3,798,490 | 616.73 | 24 |
| Iowa................. | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { 6\% } \% \text { \$ } 0 ; 8 \%>\$ 25 K ; 10 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ 12 \%>\$ 250 \mathrm{~K} \end{array} \\ & \text { Sales } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5\% on financial institutions; 7.2\% alternative minimum rate; 50\% Federal deductibility | 2,937 | 88,310 | 30.07 | 45 | 1,769,347 | 602.48 | 28 | 1,747,016 | 594.88 | 25 |
| Kansas.............. | $\begin{gathered} 4 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor ++ } \end{gathered}$ | $3.35 \%$ surtax $>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$; Banks $2.25 \%+2.125 \%$ surtax $>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K}$ | 2,716 | 121,931 | 44.90 | 41 | 1,854,848 | 682.96 | 20 | 1,799,485 | 662.58 | 20 |
| Kentucky........... | $4 \%>\$ 0 ; 5 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; 6 \%: \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ $7 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} ; 8.25 \%>\$ 250 \mathrm{~K}$ Double wtd. sales ++ |  | 4,093 | 302,129 | 73.82 | 19 | 2,678,330 | 654.39 | 22 | 2,312,224 | 564.94 | 30 |
| Louisiana............ | 4\%>\$0; 5\%>\$25K; 6\%:\$50K $7 \%>\$ 100 \mathrm{~K} ; 8 \%>\$ 200 \mathrm{~K}$ Double wtd. sales | Federal deductibility | 4,483 | 264,419 | 58.99 | 32 | 1,779,506 | 396.98 | 38 | 2,326,873 | 519.08 | 35 |

TABLE 19.-Continued

| State | State corporate income taxrates and bracketsfor 2001 income year[apportionment formula for 2003][Refer to footnotes as applicable.] | Special rates or notes | Population <br> July 1, 2002 <br> (Bureau of Census) [1,000s] | Tax collections for fiscal year 2001-02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Corporate income tax |  |  | Individual income tax |  |  | Sales tax |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Amount } \\ \text { [\$1.00] } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rank |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1.00]} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rank |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1.00]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Rank |
| Maine............... |  | 27\% of Federal alternative minimum tax liability. | 1,294 | 77,366 | 59.77 | 30 | 1,072,810 | 828.77 | 13 | 836,134 | 645.93 | 22 |
| Maryland............ | $7 \%$ Double wtd. sales |  | 5,458 | 359,420 | 65.85 | 26 | 4,704,368 | 861.90 | 12 | 2,690,434 | 492.92 | 38 |
| Massachusetts...... | 9.5\% Double wtd. sales/Sales ++ | Franchise tax built into rate (.26\% per \$1,000 of income); 10.5\% on financial institutions; $10.91 \%$ on savings \& loan assns. Minimim tax, \$456. | 6,428 | 812,257 | 126.37 | 8 | 7,912,934 | 1,231.05 | 2 | 3,695,874 | 574.98 | 28 |
| Michigan........... | $2 \%$ $[1.9 \%>\$ 45 \mathrm{~K}$ for 2003] $90 \%$ Sales, $5 \%$ Property \& Payroll | Single Business Tax (SBT) applies to gross receipts. Must file with gross receipts $>\$ 250 \mathrm{~K}$. <br> \$45K deductible. By law, the SBT rate drops . $1 \%$ annually from its 1998 rate of $\mathbf{2 . 3 \%}$ until phased out, but if the Budget Stabilization Fund falls below $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 0}$ million for a fiscal year, the next calendar year's reduction is deferred. | 10,050 | 2,065,241 | 205.49 | 4 | 6,125,270 | 609.45 | 26 | 7,784,308 | 774.52 | 10 |
| Minnesota......... | 9.8\% $75 \%$ Sales, $12.5 \%$ Property \& Payroll | 5.8\% alternative minimum tax rate. A minimum tax is levied based on Minnesota property, payroll \& sales. | 5,020 | 542,771 | 108.13 | 12 | 5,444,715 | 1,084.67 | 3 | 3,740,660 | 745.19 | 11 |
| Mississippi........ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 3 \%>\$ 0 ; 4 \%>\$ 5 K ; 5 \%>\$ 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { Accounting/3 Factor } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Franchise tax of \$2.50 per \$1,000 with minimum tax of \$25. | 2,872 | 195,814 | 68.19 | 22 | 985,117 | 343.03 | 40 | 2,340,474 | 814.99 | 7 |
| Missouri........... | $\begin{gathered} 6.25 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor/Sales ++ } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 7\% on financial institutions; 50\% of Federal tax deductible. | 5,673 | 302,301 | 53.29 | 35 | 3,615,417 | 637.35 | 24 | 2,854,718 | 503.25 | 37 |
| Montana............ | $\begin{gathered} 6.75 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor ++ } \end{gathered}$ | 7\% for corporations filing under a water's edge election. Minimum tax is $\mathbf{\$ 5 0}$. Minimum tax for small business corporations is $\mathbf{\$ 1 0}$. | 909 | 68,173 | 74.96 | 18 | 517,568 | 569.10 | 31 | ------ | ------ | ------ |
| Nebraska............ | $5.58 \%>\$ 0 ; 7.81 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ Sales |  | 1,729 | 107,628 | 62.24 | 28 | 1,153,444 | 667.05 | 21 | 1,069,185 | 618.32 | 23 |
| New Hampshire... | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8.5 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \\ 9.25 \%>\$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { Double wtd. sales } \end{gathered}$ | Must file business profits tax if gross receipts exceed $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$. A business with $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ in gross receipts or $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ wages, interest, and dividends is subject to $\mathbf{. 7 5 \%}$ business enterprise tax on total value of wages, interest, and dividends, in which case BPT liability is reduced by sum of BET liability. | 1,275 | 377,313 | 295.92 | 3 | 71,433 | 56.02 | 42 | ------ | ------ | ------ |
| New Jersey......... | $8.5 \%$ [9\% for 2003] Double wtd. sales (1) | Rate is $7.5 \%$ if entire net income $<\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$. Minimum tax, \$200. | 8,590 | 1,101,296 | 128.20 | 7 | 6,836,992 | 795.90 | 14 | 5,996,839 | 698.09 | 14 |
| New Mexico......... | $4.8 \%>\$ 0 ; 6.4 \%>\$ 500 \mathrm{~K} ; 7.6 \%>\$ 1$ million Double wtd. sales ++ |  | 1,855 | 124,327 | 67.02 | 23 | 982,891 | 529.84 | 36 | 1,337,321 | 720.90 | 12 |
| New York............ | $7.5 \%$ Double wtd. sales | Rate fell to 7.5\% after 6/30/2001. 2.5\% surtax rate. | 19,158 | 2,257,935 | 117.86 | 10 | 25,573,667 | 1,334.91 | 1 | 8,607,718 | 449.31 | 39 |
| North Carolina... | 6.9\% 4 Factor: Property, Payroll \& Double wtd. sales |  | 8,320 | 668,124 | 80.30 | 16 | 7,265,242 | 873.21 | 11 | 3,212,098 | 386.06 | 43 |
| North Dakota...... | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 \%>\$ 0 ; 4.5 \%>\$ 3 \mathrm{~K} ; 6 \%>\$ 8 \mathrm{~K} ; \\ 7.5 \%>\$ 20 \mathrm{~K} ; 9 \%>\$ 30 \mathrm{~K} ; 10.5 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \\ 3 \text { Factor }++ \end{gathered}$ | Financial institutions: 5\% + 2\% surtax rate; Federal deductibility. Minimum tax, $\$ 50$. | 634 | 49,990 | 78.83 | 17 | 199,590 | 314.76 | 41 | 335,613 | 529.27 | 34 |


| State | State corporate income tax rates and brackets for 2001 income year [apportionment formula for 2003] [Refer to footnotes as applicable.] | Special rates or notes | Population <br> July 1, 2002 <br> (Bureau of Census) [1,000s] | Tax collections for fiscal year 2001-02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Corporate income tax |  |  | Individual income tax |  |  | Sales tax |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Amount[\$1,000s] | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ {[\$ 1,000 \mathrm{~s}]} \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { [ } \$ 1,000 \text { s] } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Per capita |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & \text { [\$1.00] } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Rank |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline \text { Amount } \\ \hline \$ 1.00] \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Rank |  | Amount [\$1.00] | Rank |
| Ohio................. | $\begin{aligned} & 5.1 \%>\$ 0 ; 8.5 \%>\$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \\ & 60 \% \text { Sales, } 20 \% \text { Property \& Payroll } \end{aligned}$ | For financial institutions, 015 times | 11,421 | 761,050 | 66.63 | 24 | 8,335,554 | 729.83 | 18 | 6,391,475 | 559.61 | 32 |
| Oklahoma......... | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 3,494 | 173,701 | 49.72 | 38 | 2,286,110 | 654.35 | 23 | 1,529,465 | 437.78 | 40 |
| Oregon.............. | $6.6 \%$ <br> Double wtd. sales ++ (2) | Minimum tax, \$10. | 3,522 | 196,257 | 55.73 | 34 | 3,674,962 | 1,043.57 | 5 | ----- | ----- | ------ |
| Pennsylvania...... | $10 \%$ <br> Triple wtd. sales ++ | Imposes a 'Capital Stock \& Franchise tax.' | 12,335 | 1,198,438 | 97.16 | 13 | 6,734,729 | 545.98 | 34 | 7,330,422 | 594.27 | 26 |
| Rhode Island...... | $\begin{gathered} 9 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Minimum tax, \$250. | 1,070 | 28,273 | 26.43 | 46 | 823,521 | 769.84 | 16 | 731,597 | 683.91 | 16 |
| South Carolina... | 5\% <br> Double wtd. sales/Sales | 4.5\% for banks; 6\% for savings \& loans | 4,107 | 217,327 | 52.91 | 37 | 1,952,498 | 475.39 | 37 | 2,335,170 | 568.56 | 29 |
| South Dakota...... | [Applies to banks only.] <br> No state income tax | $6 \%-.25 \%$ on a bank's net income. <br> Minimum tax is $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 0}$ per location (banks). | 761 | 40,547 | 53.28 | 36 | ------ | ------ | ------ | 523,001 | 687.20 | 15 |
| Tennessee........... | $\begin{gathered} 6 \% \\ \text { [6.5\% for 2003] } \\ \text { Double wtd. sales ++ } \end{gathered}$ |  | 5,797 | 502,977 | 86.76 | 15 | 146,293 | 25.23 | 43 | 4,674,896 | 806.39 | 8 |
| Utah................. | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5 \% \\ 3 \text { Factor } \end{gathered}$ | Minimum tax, \$100. | 2,316 | 110,989 | 47.92 | 39 | 1,605,310 | 693.06 | 19 | 1,500,278 | 647.72 | 21 |
| Vermont............ | $7 \%>\$ 0 ; 8.1 \%>\$ 10 \mathrm{~K} ;$ $9.2 \%>\$ 25 \mathrm{~K} ; 9.75 \%>\$ 250 \mathrm{~K}$ 3 Factor | Minimum tax, \$250. | 617 | 37,306 | 60.50 | 29 | 374,445 | 607.28 | 27 | 214,841 | 348.43 | 45 |
| Virginia........... | $6 \%$ <br> Double wtd. sales ++ |  | 7,294 | 308,554 | 42.31 | 43 | 6,710,771 | 920.10 | 7 | 2,799,526 | 383.84 | 44 |
| West Virginia...... | 9\% <br> Double wtd. sales | Business Franchise Tax of \$.70 per <br> \$100 of taxable capital, Minimum tax, \$50. | 1,802 | 220,158 | 122.18 | 9 | 1,034,665 | 574.22 | 30 | 962,756 | 534.31 | 33 |
| Wisconsin......... | 7.9\% <br> Double wtd. sales ++ |  | 5,441 | 521,584 | 95.86 | 14 | 4,973,615 | 914.07 | 8 | 3,695,796 | 679.22 | 17 |
| Total 46 states..... | ------ | ------ | 257,278 | 25,887,521 | 100.62 a | ------ | 185,032,712 | 719.19a | ------ | 153,962,292 | 598.43 a | ------ |
| District of Columbia... | 9.975\% | Includes 5\% surtax, Min. tax, \$100. | 571 | 211,249 | 369.96 | 2 | 1,031,402 | 1,806.63 | 1 | 612,354 | 1,072.42 | 3 |
|  | 3 Factor | [The ranking shown for District of Columbia merely indicates its relative placement in comparison with the states in the table and does not affect the state rankings.] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Governments Division. Table ST-EST2002-01-State Population Estimates: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2002, Population Division, December 20, 2002 release.
U.S. Census Bureau, Governments Division. State Government Tax Collections: 2002.

+ Federation of Tax Administrators. Sales Tax Institute.
Bureau of Economic Analysis. Table SAI-3, Regional Economic Information System, July 2003 release. Office of Tax and Revenue, District of Columbia.

Per capita amounts based on midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.
*Includes general sales tax, use tax, gross income and gross receipts taxes, but excludes excise taxes levied on specific commodities and services. Collection data are for fiscal year ending in 2002.
**Data for some states include state-collected local sales tax. North Carolina sales tax data include $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 1 1 0 , 7 0 9}$ retained by state to pay for the costs of collecting and distributing local sales taxes.
aWeighted averages computed on collection totals for 46 states levying a corporation income tax.
(1) A 3-factor formula is used for corporations not subject to the corporation business franchise tax.
++State has adopted substantial portions of the UDITPA.
(2) Effective May 1, 2003, formula weights: $\mathbf{8 0} \%$ sales, $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ property \& payroll.

