# **North Carolina**

# Biennial Tax Expenditure Report

2023





**Tax Research & Equity Division** 

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2023

Tax Research & Equity Division
North Carolina Department of Revenue
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# North Carolina Biennial Tax Expenditure Report

#### 2023

#### Introduction

In compliance with the requirements of Section 105-256 of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the Department of Revenue has prepared this report of tax expenditures contained in the Revenue Laws of North Carolina (except Subchapter II) as amended through 2023. The listing of expenditures and measurements of their respective costs will allow legislative review of their impact on the State's economy and on government revenues.

As in past publications, tax expenditures for each State-level tax type are presented in a separate section of this report. At the beginning of each section, some basic information of the tax base and normal State tax rates for relevant fiscal years is presented. Each tax expenditure provision includes a General Statutes citation, a short description of the tax expenditure, and a "Data Source" that notes the source of the data used for the estimate. Also, some of the tax expenditures have a "Note" that details some additional information pertinent to the estimation of that particular tax expenditure. The additional information in this report is to provide context for the estimates, and is not intended to represent the official interpretation of the Department of Revenue.

The report includes information on the "enacting legislation" related to each tax expenditure, as available. These notes attempt to provide the session laws that first incorporated each of the tax expenditures into statute. In some cases, additional notes are given referring to prior treatment of a provision or substantive changes that have occurred subsequent to the initial enactment. However, it was not in the scope of this report to provide a comprehensive history of every provision. (Many of the older provisions are only followed back to the major re-codification of the tax laws in S.L. 1939-158.)

Several of the tax expenditure provisions have sunset dates. Notes related to the current sunset dates of each provision, when applicable, are included in the report. This report includes any tax expenditures that have a current sunset date after December 2023.

Estimates of the cost of tax expenditures are provided for Fiscal Year 2023-24 and Fiscal Year 2024-25.

#### **Defining Tax Expenditures for this Study**

A tax expenditure is defined as an exemption, exclusion, deduction, allowance, credit, refund, preferential tax rate or other device that reduces the amount of tax revenue which otherwise would be collected.

Tax expenditures are created to give economic assistance to certain groups of producers or consumers in the economy or to promote other policy goals. This report does not purport to evaluate the various expenditures as to equity or desirability from a public policy standpoint.

#### Introduction

Some tax expenditures are necessary. For instance, Constitutional restrictions forbid taxing the federal government's purchases, as well as certain transactions involving interstate trade and commerce on Indian Reservations. Also, there are specific exemptions or exclusions that are made in order to avoid duplicate taxation of an activity. For example, S-corporations are not taxed on profits that are transferred to shareholders, who subsequently pay income taxes on these dividends. Also, some exemptions and exclusions that are deemed necessary to define the appropriate tax base are not listed in the main body of this report. These types of tax expenditures are listed in Appendix B. No cost estimates are provided for these.

The sales tax presents the most ambiguous cases of when exemptions should be included as tax expenditures for this report. The sales tax is generally considered to be a tax on "final" purchases. Transactions involving the purchase of intermediate goods that will be further processed into a final good are properly exempted from the sales tax. It is arguable whether purchases of machinery, fuel or similar inputs used in production of final goods should be taxed. Since there is no consensus on this point, we include estimates of tax exemptions on inputs that are not directly transformed in the production process. Sales tax exemptions that are excluded from estimation are included in Appendix B.

The term "preferential tax rate" has been interpreted to mean any rate that is less than the basic rate that applies to the largest number of taxpayers. In some instances higher rates are used on a relatively small number of taxpayers. In such cases, the lower general rates are not listed as preferential. Also, no preferential status is acknowledged when distinctly different bases are taxed at different rates under the same tax category. For example, under the alcoholic beverage taxes, different rates and bases are used to tax beer, wine, and spirituous liquor.

#### Measuring the Fiscal Effects of Tax Expenditures

It should be noted at the outset of this report that the fiscal effects of tax expenditures are sometimes difficult to quantify. Several methods for estimating the costs of expenditures are used.

The most accurate source of information comes from actual tax returns that provide direct evidence of when certain expenditures are taken and the amounts of those expenditures. For example, we are able to use personal income tax and corporate income tax returns from 2021 and earlier years to measure the use of certain tax deductions and tax credits.

Sometimes, needed data are more timely and extensive at the national level than at the state level. When this occurs, the state-level data are estimated by determining North Carolina's share of national activity. In these cases, several assumptions must be made to derive the final estimates. Therefore, these estimates are less reliable than those that can be measured directly.

For most national economic data, the share of North Carolina's activities will consistently be in the range of 2.8% to 3.1%, which corresponds to North Carolina's share of gross domestic product (GDP) and population. Therefore, national statistics are often multiplied by one of these percentages to estimate North Carolina's value. However, when it is apparent that North Carolina's data are not typical of national activity, such as textile or pharmaceutical manufacturing, attempts are made to use more representative proportions.

In some cases, sufficient data were not available to allow estimation of the value of an expenditure. In these cases, the expenditure estimate is designated as "unavailable."

Table 1
Summary of Tax Expenditure Estimates for FY 2024-25 by Tax Category

Tax	Tax Number of Tax Expenditures		Number Estimated to Be Less than \$100,000	Number with Unavailable Estimate
Privilege Tax	3	0.0	3	0
Tobacco Products Tax	7	12.5	1	2
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	5	3.4	1	3
Franchise Tax	18	540.8	1	3
Corporation Income Tax	34	362.1	7	15
Various Tax Incentives (Articles 3B through 3L)	7	46.8	0	0
Individual Income Tax <sup>†</sup>	21	1,919.6	4	1
Sales and Use Tax	178	6,482.5	7	65
Highway Use Tax	16	240.8	0	11
Scrap Tire Disposal Tax	2	0.9	0	1
White Goods Disposal Tax	1	0.0	1	0
Severance Tax	2	0.0	2	0
Transportation Commerce Ta	x 1	0.0	1	0
Taxes on Insurance Companies	9	305.8	0	3
Excise Stamp Tax on Conveyances	8	0	0	8
Excise Taxes on Motor Fuels	20	67.9	3	5
Totals	332	9,983.1 <sup>††</sup>	31	117

<sup>†</sup> This summary does not include the "Government retirement income under Bailey decision" provision.

The fiscal year 2024-25 Federal income tax expenditures that flow through to North Carolina income taxes are estimated in Appendix A. They are not included in the above table or in Table 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>††</sup> The sum of the estimates is provided for comparative purposes only. It should not be interpreted as the total gain to state revenue from eliminating all tax expenditures listed in this report. The total impact may be larger or smaller than this amount, depending on the interactions of the various tax expenditures.

Table 2

Forty-Five Largest Estimated Tax Expenditures in North Carolina in FY 2024-25

Rank	Tax	Item	Citation (G.S. 105-)	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate (\$ millions)
1	Sales and Use Tax	148	164.13B	Food for Home Consumption	1,309.7
2	Sales and Use Tax	78	164.13(32)	Motor Vehicle Exemption Less Highway Use Tax	918.1
3	Sales and Use Tax	60	164.13(13)	Prescription Drugs and Insulin for Human Use	784.4
4	Individual Income Tax	11	153.5(b)(3)	Social Security Benefits in Excess of Federal Limit	675.8
5	Individual Income Tax	3	153.5(a)(1)	Standard Deduction in Excess of Base Amounts	548.7
6	Sales and Use Tax	168	164.14(b)	Refunds to Nonprofits	319.2
7	Sales and Use Tax	38	164.13(5e)	Mill Machinery	259.3
8	Individual Income Tax	12	153.5(b)(5)	Government Retirement Income under Bailey Decision	248.9
9	Taxes on Insurance Premiums	5	228.5(c)(2)	Premiums Received from Annuities	243.6
10	Sales and Use Tax	155	164.13E(6)a	Feeds, Litter and Medications for Farming	235.0
11	Individual Income Tax	4	153.5(a)(2)a	Charitable Contributions Itemized Deduction	222.7
12	Sales and Use Tax	110	164.13(57)	Piped Natural Gas Used by Manufacturers (Power Plants)	191.0
13	Highway Use Tax	3	187.3(b)	Trade-In Allowance on Sales of Motor Vehicles	190.0
14	Corporation Income Tax	2	130.4(i)	Sales-Only Apportionment Formula	173.1
15	Sales and Use Tax	115	164.13(61a)a	Service Contracts or RMI Services on Exempt Items	172.5

# Introduction

Rank	Tax	Item	<b>Citation</b> (G.S. 105-)	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate (\$ millions)
16	Franchise Tax	15	122(b)(1)	Deduction from Net Worth for Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	162.2
17	Franchise Tax	18	120.2(b)(1)	Cap for Holding Companies	157.8
18	Sales and Use Tax	170	164.14(c)	Refunds to Certain Local Government Entities	147.7
19	Sales and Use Tax	86	164.13(43)	Custom Computer Software	131.7
20	Individual Income Tax	8	153.5(a1)	Child Deduction	128.8
21	Corporation Income Tax	16	130.5(b)(4) &(4a)	Net Economic Loss Carryforward	127.7
22	Sales and Use Tax	9	164.3(2c)j	Landscaping	120.9
23	Sales and Use Tax	59	164.13(12)	Durable Medical Equipment	120.3
24	Sales and Use Tax	15	164.4G(e)(1)	Right to Participate in Sporting Activities	106.2
25	Sales and Use Tax	5	164.3(31)f	Replacement or Installation of Building-Related System	95.3
26	Sales and Use Tax	69	164.13(23)a	Packaging Items for Manufacturers	93.1
27	Sales and Use Tax	108	164.13(57)	Electricity Used by Manufacturers	92.8
28	Sales and Use Tax	35	164.13(5b)	Telecommunications Equipment	92.6
29	Franchise Tax	6	125(a)(1)	Charitable Nonprofits	88.6
30	Sales and Use Tax	118	164.13(61a)d	Services Related to Cleaning of Real Property	85.4
31	Sales and Use Tax	98	164.13(51)	Water Delivered Through Main Pipes	78.0

# Introduction

Rank	Tax	Item	<b>Citation</b> (G.S. 105-)	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate (\$ millions)
32	Sales and Use Tax	12	164.3(225)	Installation by Real Property Contractor	75.2
33	Sales and Use Tax	6	164.3(31)g	Replacement or Installation of HVAC Systems	74.7
34	Sales and Use Tax	120	164.13(61a)f	Removal of Waste and Debris	62.4
35	Individual Income Tax	5	153.5(a)(2)b	Qualified Mortgage Interest Itemized Deduction	61.0
36	Individual Income Tax	21	153.5(b)(16)	Net Operating Loss Carryforward	57.9
37	Individual Income Tax	7	153.5(a)(2)c	Medical and Dental Expenses Itemized Deduction	57.1
38	Individual Income Tax	14	153.5(b)(8)	Accelerated Depreciation Adjustment	55.7
39	Franchise Tax	3	122(c1)(1)	Sales-Only Apportionment Formula for Calculation of Net Worth	55.6
40	Sales and Use Tax	151	164.13E(a)(2)	Fertilizers, Seeds and Related Items Sold to a Farmer	53.8
41	Sales and Use Tax	7	164.3(31)h	Replacement or Installation of Pavement, Patios & Decks	53.4
42	Sales and Use Tax	109	164.13(57)	Piped Natural Gas Used by Manufacturers (except Power Plants)	49.7
43	Corporation Income Tax	23	130.5(b)(27)	Accelerated Depreciation Adjustment	41.9
44	Sales and Use Tax	4	164.3(31)e	Painting and Wallpapering	41.5
45	Sales and Use Tax	157	164.13E(a) (7)a	Fowl Sold to a Farmer	41.4

# **Updates to the Tax Expenditure Report Since 2021**

This section highlights changes to tax expenditures since the last publication of this report in December 2021. These changes are listed in the following categories:

- 1. tax expenditures that have been substantively altered
- 2. extended sunset dates and reactivated tax expenditures
- 3. new tax expenditures enacted
- 4. tax expenditures that have expired or been repealed

In several of the entries below, a brief description of the changes to the tax expenditure is provided. For a more complete description, see the annual "Tax Law Changes" publication located on the North Carolina Department of Revenue website.

#### Tax Expenditures That Have Been Substantively Altered

1. Expanded exclusion of military retirement pay to all uniformed services

Tax Category: Individual Income Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-153.5(b)(5a)

Description of Changes: For taxable years on or after Jan. 1, 2022, the exemption for military retirement pay will allow eligibility to all U.S. uniformed services (S.L. 2021-180).

2. Expands the deduction for grant monies from COVID-19 relief programs

Tax Category: Corporate Income Tax; Individual Income Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-130.5(b)(31a); G.S. 105-153.5(b)(14a)

Effective Date: Taxable years beginning on or after Jan.1, 2020 (S.L. 2022-06)

3. Added "compost" to items exempt for qualifying farmers or conditional farmers

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(2)

Effective Date: Purchases made on or after Oct. 1, 2023. (S.L. 2023-63)

4. Expanded items not considered Prepared Food

Tax Category: Individual Income Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.4L

Description of Changes: If a manufacturer included an eating utensil placed in a package with food items, the package is not considered Prepared Food. (S.L. 2023-12)

5. Clarified rules for exempted sales by nonprofits that hold more than one annual sales event

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(35)

Description of Changes: For sales occurring on or after April 3, 2023, if a nonprofit organization holds more than one event, each must serve a different purpose, the items being sold must be different and the sales periods must occur at different times. (S.L. 2023-12)

6. Expanded definition of "qualified aircraft" for parts exemption

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(45d)

Description of Changes: For sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023, qualified aircraft will include aircraft with a maximum take-off weight between 2,000 and 9,000 pounds. (S.L. 2023-12)

#### **Extended Sunset Dates and Reactivated Tax Expenditures**

7. Extend sunset of exemptions for professional motorsports

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(65); G.S. 105-164.13(65a)

Extended sunset from Jan. 1, 2024 to Jan. 1, 2028 (S.L. 2023-134)

8. Extend sunset of refund for motorsports team or sanctioning body

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(4)

Extended sunset from Jan. 1, 2024 to Jan. 1, 2029 (S.L. 2023-134)

9. Extend sunset of refund for professional motorsports team

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(5)

Extended sunset from Jan. 1, 2024 to Jan. 1, 2028 (S.L. 2023-134)

10. Extend exemption for aviation gasoline and jet fuel for use in commercial aircraft

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(11b)

Extended sunset from Jan. 1, 2024 to Jan. 1, 2029 (S.L. 2023-134)

#### **New Tax Expenditure Provisions**

11. Reduced C corporation tax on first \$1 million of tax base

Tax Category: Franchise Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-122(d2) & G.S. 105-120.2(b)

Effective Date: Taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2025 (S.L. 2023-134)

12. Exemption for sales of equipment, parts and accessories sold to an interstate air and ground courier for use at a package sorting facility

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(45e)

Effective Date: Purchases made on or after July 1, 2022 (S.L. 2022-74)

13. Employer deduction for wages if claiming federal Employee Retention Credit against payroll

Tax Category: Individual Income Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-153.5(b)(11a)

Effective Date: Taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2020 (S.L. 2022-06)

14. Exemption for qualifying or conditional farmers also operating a zoo

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13E(a1)

Effective Date: Purchases made on or after Jan. 1, 2023 (S.L. 2022-45)

15. Exemption for items for wildlife managers

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13F

Effective Date: Purchases made on or after Oct. 1, 2022 (S.L. 2022-45)

16. Transfers of ethanol or biodiesel between terminals if owned by same supplier

Tax Category: Motor Fuels Tax Citation: G.S. 105-449.88(12)

Effective Date: April 3, 2023 (S.L. 2023-12)

17. Exemption for continuing care retirement communities

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(74)

Effective Date: Sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023 (S.L. 2023-134)

18. Exemption for fuel & consumables used by boats transporting freight on inland and

intracoastal waterways

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(24)

Effective Date: Sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023 (S.L. 2023-134)

19. Exemption for breast pumps and related items

Tax Category: Sales & Use Tax Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(74)

Effective Date: Sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023 (S.L. 2023-134)

20. Lower tax rate for shared-ride service

Tax Category: Transportation Commerce Tax

Citation: G.S. 105-187.91(a)(2)

Effective Date: Services occurring on or after July 1, 2025 (S.L. 2023-134)

#### **Expired or Repealed Tax Expenditure Provisions**

21. Deduction from tangible property investment base for expenses related to purchases of real estate

Tax Category: Franchise Tax Citation: G.S. 105-122(d)

Effective Date: Taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2023

22. Deduction of Expenses Related to Non-Taxed Income under the Code (for forgiveness of a covered loan pursuant to section 1106(b) of the CARES Act).

Tax Category: Corporation Income Tax; Individual Income tax

Citation: G.S. 105-122(d) & G.S. 105-153.5(c2)(20)

Effective Date: Taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2023

# **Privilege Taxes (Article 2)**

#### Tax Base Information

Privilege taxes are imposed for the privilege of carrying on business or doing a remunerative act within the State. Privilege taxes on corporations are discussed under the "franchise tax" article.

Privilege tax bases are as follows:

- a license tax of \$50 for attorneys-at-law and other professionals
- a tax of \$12.50 for each employee of an public accounting practice who supervises or handles the work of auditing, devising or installing accounting systems
- a tax of 0.277% of the face value of installment paper and related notes by installment paper dealers (these entities are distinct from banks).
- a tax of \$250 per location at which business is conducted by loan agencies, including check cashing businesses and pawn brokers.

The privilege tax on professionals was repealed effective the taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2024 (S.L. 2023-134)

A privilege tax on banks was repealed effective June 30, 2016, and a tax on publishers of newsprint publications was repealed effective Oct. 22, 2015.

#### Exemptions from license tax of \$50 for attorneys-at-law and other professionals

#### 1. Professionals at Least 75 Years Old

**Citation:** G.S. 105-41(b)(1)

**Description:** Exemption from license fee for attorneys or other professionals who are at

least 75 years old.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......<\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0

**Data Source:** Relevant privilege tax collections for FY22-23 and share of affected group in workforce; National Association of Realtors 2017 Member Profile; Bureau of Labor Statistics workforce demographic data

#### 2. Individuals Practicing Art of Healing

**Citation:** G.S. 105-41(b)(2)

**Description:** Exemption from license fee for individuals who practice the art of healing for a fee, if the person is an adherent of an established church or religious organization and confines the healing practice to prayer or spiritual means.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1064

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......<\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0

**Data Source:** Derived from Department of Revenue list of licenses

#### 3. Blind Individuals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-41(b)(3)

**Description:** Exemption from license fee for blind persons engaging in a trade or

profession as a sole proprietor. The exemption shall not extend to a sole proprietor who permits more than 1 person other than himself/herself to work regularly for recompense

of any kind, unless the additional persons are blind.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1998-95 - effective July 1, 1999

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......<\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0

**Data Source:** Relevant privilege tax collections for FY22-23 and share of affected group in workforce

# **Tobacco Products Tax (Article 2A)**

#### Tax Base Information

A cigarette tax is levied on the sale or possession for sale in this State, by a distributor, of all cigarettes. Other tobacco products are taxed when a wholesale dealer or retail dealer first acquires or otherwise handles the products subject to the tax. Effective July 1, 2022, remote sellers of tobacco products are liable for the tax.

As of Sept. 1, 2009, the tax rate on a 20-pack of cigarettes is 45¢ and the tax rate on other tobacco products is 12.8% of the cost price.

A tax on vapor products at a rate of  $5\phi$  per fluid milliliter of consumable product became effective June 1, 2015.

Effective July 1, 2025, there will be a tax on certain alternative nicotine products. Also, the tax on snuff will change to a rate of 40 cents per ounce.

During Fiscal Year 2022-23, approximately \$286.3 million was collected from this tax, net of refunds.

#### Tax Expenditures

#### 1. Reduced Tax Rate for Modified Risk Tobacco Products

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.4E(b)

**Description:** The tax rate is reduced by 50% for a modified risk tobacco product issued a risk modification order by the United States Food and Drug Administration; the tax rate is reduced by 25% for a modified risk tobacco product issued an exposure modification order.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 - effective June 12, 2018

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$6.2 FY24-25......\$6.4

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** In 2019, the FDA has approved applications for 8 snus products sold by Swedish Match USA under the "General" brand name. The IQOS heat-not-burn tobacco product was approved in 2020. However, due to patent violations, IQOS has not been allowed in the U.S. market prior to 2024.

#### 2. Discount for Timely Reports -- Cigarettes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.21(a1)

**Description:** A distributor who files a timely report and sends a timely payment may deduct from the amount due a discount of 2%. The current statute states that "(t)his discount covers expenses incurred in preparing the records and reports required by this Part, and the expense of furnishing a bond."

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2004-84 - effective for reporting periods beginning on or after August 1, 2004; there was a 4% discount prior to August 1, 2003 (S.L. 1969-1075).

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.5 FY24-25......\$4.5

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 3. Refund for Unsalable Cigarettes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.21(b)

**Description:** Refund for unsalable cigarettes upon which the tax has been paid.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1993-442

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

# 4. Capped Amount of Tax on Cigars

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.36A(a)(2)

**Description:** Cigars are taxed as "other tobacco products," which are taxed at 12.8% of

cost price. However, the tax on cigars is capped at 30 cents per cigar.

**Enacting Legislation:** SL 2021-180 -- sales or purchases occurring on or after July 1,

2022

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 5. Sample Tobacco Products

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.36A(d)(3) [formerly G.S. 105-113.35(a2)(3)]

**Description:** The tax does not apply to a sample tobacco product distributed without

charge.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1991-689 – effective Jan. 1, 1992 (this act created the tax on

other tobacco products)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 6. Discount for Timely Reports -- Other Tobacco Products

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.37C(a) [formerly G.S. 105-113.39(a)]

**Description:** A wholesale dealer or retail dealer who files a timely report and sends a timely payment may deduct from the amount due a discount of 2%. This discount does not apply to taxes paid on vapor products.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2004-84 - effective for reporting periods beginning on or after August 1, 2004; there was a 4% discount prior to August 1, 2003.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.4 FY24-25......\$1.5

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 7. Refund for Unsalable Tobacco Products

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.37C(b) [formerly G.S. 105-113.39(b)]

**Description:** A wholesale dealer or retail dealer in possession of stale or otherwise unsalable tobacco products upon which the tax has been paid may return the tobacco products to the manufacturer and apply to the Secretary for refund of the tax.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2005-406 - effective Sept. 1, 2005

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

# Alcoholic Beverage License and Excise Taxes (Article 2C)

#### Tax Base Information

Excise taxes are levied on beer and wine based on volume; excise taxes are levied on liquor sold by ABC stores and distillery permittees based on price. These excise taxes are in addition to sales & use tax, as well as other charges on sales of liquor.

As of Sept. 1, 2009, the tax on beer is  $61.71\phi$  per gallon; the tax on unfortified wine is  $26.34\phi$  per liter; the tax on fortified wine is  $29.34\phi$  per liter; the tax on liquor is 30% of the sum of the distiller's price, the State ABC warehouse freight and bailment charges, and a markup for local ABC boards.

Effective September 1, 2015, the spirituous liquor excise tax includes sales of antique spirituous liquor.

Effective October 1, 2021, ABC stores may accept online orders for alcoholic beverages. (SL 2021-150)

During Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$588.7 million was collected from this tax, net of refunds. Of this amount, \$43.7 million was distributed to local governments.

#### Tax Expenditures

#### 1. Beer and Wine Destroyed by a Major Disaster

**Citation:** G.S. 105- 113.81(a)

**Description:** Excise taxes are not required to be paid on malt beverages or wine rendered

unsalable by a major disaster.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-759 - effective Jan. 1, 1968; this provision was enacted

as G.S. 18-81(i)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 2. Beer and Wine for Oceangoing Vessels

**Citation:** G.S. 105- 113.81(b)

**Description:** Excise taxes are not required to be paid on malt beverages or wine sold and delivered for use on oceangoing vessels. Sales made to officers, agents, crewmen, or passengers for their personal use are not exempt.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1963-992

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 3. Brewery, Winery and Distillery Tastings

**Citation:** G.S. 105- 113.81(e)

**Description:** Resident breweries, wineries and distilleries are not required to remit excise taxes on alcoholic beverages given free of charge to customers, visitors, and employees on the manufacturer's licensed premises for consumption on those premises.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1985-114 - effective April 23, 1985; distilleries added by S.L. 2015-98, effective June 19, 2015.

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 4. Discount for Timely Reports

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.85

**Description:** A wholesaler or importer who files a timely report and sends a timely payment may deduct from the amount due a discount of 2%. The current statute states that "(t)his discount covers losses due to spoilage and breakage, expenses incurred in preparing the records and reports required by this Article, and the expense of furnishing a bond."

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2004-84 - effective for reporting periods beginning on or after August 1, 2004; there was a 4% discount prior to August 1, 2003 (S.L. 1969-1239)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$3.3 FY24-25......\$3.4

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

### 5. Sacramental Wine

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.87(a)

**Description:** Refund for wine used for sacramental purposes.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1945-708 - this provision was enacted as G.S. 18-88.1

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

Franchise Tax

# Franchise Tax (Article 3)

#### **Brief Description and Tax Base Information**

The general business franchise tax is a privilege tax on corporations operating in North Carolina. Effective for tax periods beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018, this includes partnerships that elect to be treated as a corporation for income tax purposes. The tax is currently \$1.50 for every \$1,000 of the largest of the following three measures:

- 1. the total amount of net worth (apportioned to N.C. for multistate corporations)
- 2. the net book value of investment in real and tangible property in the State
- 3. 55% of the appraised value of real and tangible property in the State

Only the net worth calculation will be used as the tax base for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2023 (as calculated on 2022 corporate income tax returns).

For corporations doing business both in and outside North Carolina, the share of net worth apportioned to North Carolina is calculated by the same method used for the corporation income tax. For taxable periods beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2019, this is based on sales-only apportionment.

The use of net worth as one of the bases became effective for tax periods beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2017. Prior to this period, the base was a computation of the capital stock, surplus and undivided profits of the corporation.

Effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2017, the minimum franchise tax is \$200. For tax periods prior to this, the minimum franchise tax is \$35.

Effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2019, the tax rate on S corporations is \$200 on the first \$1 million of the corporation's tax base and \$1.50 for every \$1,000 of the tax base in excess of \$1 million.

Effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2025, the tax rate on C corporations is \$500 on the first \$1 million of the corporation's tax base and \$1.50 for every \$1,000 of the tax base in excess of \$1 million.

Effective April 1, 2017, for taxes due on or after that date, the tax on mutual burial associations under this article is repealed.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, North Carolina collected approximately \$857.2 million in business franchise taxes, net of refunds.

#### **Exemptions**

#### 1. Critical Infrastructure Disaster Relief Operations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-114(d)

**Description:** A nonresident business that solely performs disaster-related work in this State during a disaster response period at the request of a critical infrastructure company is not considered to be doing business in this State for purposes of this Article.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-187 - Applies to disaster declarations on or after Aug. 1, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 2. Low Asset Noncorporate Affiliate

**Citation:** G.S. 105-114.1(f)

**Description:** A corporation does not have to add the value of a noncorporate LLC for which it owns more than 50% of the capital interests if the total book value of the entity never exceeded \$150,000 during the tax year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-66 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2007

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

**Note:** The corporation parent must include the company's assets in its net worth base.

#### 3. Sales-Only Apportionment Formula for Calculation of Net Worth Base

**Citation:** G.S. 105-122(c1)(1)

**Description:** A corporation that is subject to income tax must apportion its net worth by using the fraction it applies in apportioning its income for income tax purposes. (For purposes of calculating this tax expenditure, the tax law base is a 3-factor apportionment with equal weights.)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1988-994 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1989

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$53.5 FY24-25......\$55.6

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 4. Reduced C Corporation Tax on First \$1 Million of Tax Base

**Citation:** G.S. 105-120.2 & G.S. 105-122(d2)

**Description:** For a C corporation, the tax is \$500 for the first \$1 million of the corporation's tax base instead of \$1.50 per \$1,000 of its tax base.

**Enacting Legislation:** S. L. 2017-57 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......0 FY24-25......\$13.9

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** The FY25 amount reflects partial impact (40% of total) for Franchise Tax Year 2025 due to the effective date and the likely timing of payments.

#### 5. Reduced S Corporation Tax on First \$1 Million of Tax Base

**Citation:** G.S. 105-122(d2)

Description: For an S corporation, the tax rate is \$200 for the first \$1 million of the

corporation's tax base instead of \$1.50 per \$1,000 of its tax base.

Enacting Legislation: S. L. 2017-57 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$31.0 FY24-25......\$32.3

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 6. Charitable Nonprofits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(1)

**Description:** Charitable, religious, fraternal, benevolent, scientific or educational

nonprofit.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$86.1 FY24-25......\$88.6

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS) and IRS Form 990 summary data from IRS Statistics of Income Program

#### 7. Local Mutual Nonprofits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(3)

**Description:** Mutual ditch or irrigation association, mutual or cooperative telephone association, mutual canning association, cooperative breeding association or similar corporation of a purely local character deriving receipts solely from assessments, dues, or fees collected from members for the sole purpose of meeting expenses.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1955-1313

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.4 FY24-25......\$4.6

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS)

#### 8. Cooperative Marketing Associations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(4)

**Description:** Cooperative marketing associations that operate solely for the purpose of marketing the products of members or other farmers and returns proceeds of sales to members and farmers, less operating costs.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1955-1313

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.5

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS)

#### 9. Production Credit Association

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(5)

**Description:** Nonprofit production credit association organized under federal Farm Credit

Act of 1933.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1963-601

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.4 FY24-25......\$1.5

**Data Source:** Based on capital stock and retained earnings of the three farm credit associations in North Carolina

# 10. Nonprofit Clubs

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(6)

**Description:** Clubs organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, or other nonprofit purposes, a civic league operated solely for the promotion of social welfare, a

business league, or a board of trade. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.9 FY24-25......\$5.1

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS)

#### 11. Chambers of Commerce

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(7)

**Description:** Chamber of commerce or merchants' association, not organized for profit.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.8 FY24-25......\$0.8

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS)

#### 12. Homeowners' Associations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(8)

**Description:** Condominium association, homeowners' association, or cooperative housing

corporation not organized for profit.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1975-591 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1975

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$6.8 FY24-25......\$7.2

**Data Source:** Based on IRS data compiled by the National Center for Charitable Statistics (NCCS).

Franchise Tax

#### 13. Miscellaneous Nonprofits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(9)

**Description:** Other organizations exempt from federal income tax under the Code. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1983-713 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1983

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.4 FY24-25......\$7.8

**Data Source:** Estimate for state-chartered credit unions from NC Credit Union Division.

#### 14. Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)

Description: An entity that qualifies as a real estate mortgage investment conduit, as

defined in section 860D of the Code, is exempt from franchise taxes.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1993-494 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1993

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### **Deductions**

#### 15. Deduction from Net Worth for Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization

**Citation:** G.S. 105-122(b)(1)

**Description:** A deduction for accumulated depreciation, depletion, and amortization as

determined in accordance with the method used for federal tax purposes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241 – effective Jan. 1, 2017; a similar provision had existed under the "capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits" base (S.L. 1939-158)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$155.9 FY24-25......\$162.2

Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 16. Real Estate Investment Trusts and Regulated Investment Corporations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(b)

**Description:** A regulated investment company or a non-captive REIT may deduct the aggregate market value of its investments in the stocks, bonds, debentures, or other securities or evidences of debt of other corporations, partnerships, individuals, municipalities, governmental agencies, or governments.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1951-937 - for regulated investment companies; S.L. 1971-820 - added REITs

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### **Tax Credits**

#### 17. Tax Credit for LLCs Subject to Franchise Tax

**Citation:** G.S. 105-122.1

**Description:** Limited liability companies that are subject to the franchise tax are allowed a credit for the difference between the annual reporting fee for LLCs (\$200) and the annual reporting fee for other corporations (\$18 for electronic copy, \$25 for paper copy). The amount of the credit cannot exceed the LLC's franchise tax liability for the year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-66 – effective Jan. 1, 2007 (tax year 2006 returns). Prior to this, all LLCs were exempt from the franchise tax, but paid the higher reporting fee.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.9 FY24-25......\$2.9

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### Caps

# 18. Cap for Holding Companies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-120.2(b)(1)

**Description:** Maximum tax of \$150,000 for holding companies. A holding company is any corporation which receives during its taxable year more than 80% of its gross income from corporations in which it owns directly or indirectly more than 50% of the outstanding voting stock.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1975-130 - effective Jan. 1, 1976; S.L. 2015-241 increased the maximum from \$75,000, effective for taxes due on or after Jan. 1, 2017.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$154.7 FY24-25......\$157.8

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** Approximately 70 companies were subject to this cap in tax year 2021.

# **Corporation Income Tax (Article 4, Part 1)**

# **Brief Description and Tax Base Information**

The corporation income tax is a tax on the net income of every domestic C corporation and of every foreign C corporation doing business in North Carolina.

Exclusions and exemptions under federal law are generally passed through to North Carolina in order to determine taxable income. There are, however, a number of additions to federal taxable income; significant among these additions are (1) taxes paid on net income, (2) interest from obligations of other states and their political subdivisions, (3) net operating loss carryforwards, (4) domestic production activities deduction, (5) expenses related to non-taxed income, and (6) royalty payments paid to related entities.

A dividends-received deduction is considered necessary for determining the corporate income tax base, as it avoids multiple layers of taxation on dividends that are passed between related corporate entities. Expenses related to the exempt dividends must be added to North Carolina taxable income.

For certain nonprofit organizations, such as charities, exemption from the corporate income tax is not considered a tax expenditure because promoting public welfare is central to their operations, and these entities are still taxed on their unrelated business activities. Also, certain nonprofit cooperative business organizations, such as trade associations, are excluded because their profits are distributed to members. These exemptions from the tax base are similar to those used by the Joint Committee on Taxation in preparing their list of federal tax expenditures.

Corporation income tax rate: For taxable years beginning in 2017 or 2018, the tax rate is 3.0%; for tax years 2019 through 2024, the tax rate is 2.5%. The corporate tax rate is scheduled to be reduced to 0% through a series of decreased rates between 2025 and 2030. The tax rate in 2025 is 2.25%

For multi-state corporations, apportionable income is apportioned to North Carolina using a salesonly formula for most corporations. This is effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018. Prior to this, a three-factor formula with a greater weight on the sales factor was used.

Corporations using an alternative apportionment calculation include air & water transportation, pipeline companies, railroads, motor carriers and electric power companies.

For tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2020, the sales factor is calculated by most corporations using market-based sourcing rather than cost-of-performance rules. There are special provisions for banks and wholesale content distributors, such as television networks, cable program networks and television program distributors. If a taxpayer has a State net loss balance as of the end of its 2019 tax year, it may elect to apportion receipts from services based on the income-producing activities performed in North Carolina; this applies as long as the balance remains.

G.S. 105-130.5(a)(10) requires corporations to add the amount of most credits taken to their taxable income. The estimates of tax credits in this section were adjusted for this provision.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, North Carolina collected approximately \$1.6 billion in corporate income taxes, net of refunds.

#### **Exemptions**

#### 1. Critical Infrastructure Disaster Relief Operations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.1(b)

**Description:** A nonresident business that solely performs disaster-related work in this State during a disaster response period at the request of a critical infrastructure company is not considered to be doing business in this State for purposes of this Article.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-187 - Applies to disaster declarations on or after Aug. 1,

2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** S.L. 2019-187 also includes a new addition, G.S. 105-130.5(a)(30), for taxable corporations to add back to taxable income any payments to an affiliate or subsidiary that is not taxed due to this provision.

#### 2. Sales-Only Apportionment Formula

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.4

**Description:** For most multi-state corporations, business income is apportioned to North Carolina based on the share sales in the State. This became effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018. (For purposes of calculating this tax expenditure, the tax law base is a 3-factor apportionment with equal weights for payroll, property and sales factors.)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241 – phase-in of sales-only apportionment effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2016; S.L. 1988-994 - adoption of double-weighted sales effective Jan. 1, 1989

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$164.9 FY24-25......\$173.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** Special apportionment formulas apply to certain types of corporations such as air transportation companies, water and pipeline companies, and railroads. The estimate includes the impact on pass-through entities that are required to apportion.

# 3. Air Transportation Company Apportionment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.4(s)

**Description:** A qualified air freight forwarder may use the revenue ton miles of an affiliated air carrier for purposes of apportioning its income to North Carolina.

**Enacting Legislation:** S. L. 2016-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2016

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 4. State Net Loss Apportionment Election

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.4(t3)

**Description:** A taxpayer with a State net loss balance as of the end of its 2019 tax year may elect to apportion receipts from services based on the percentage of its income-producing activities performed in this State. The election is binding and irrevocable until the existing State net loss balance is fully utilized or has expired.

**Enacting Legislation:** S. L. 2019-246 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2020

2020

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 5. Fraternal Beneficiary Societies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(1)

**Description:** Exemption for fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations (a) operating under the lodge system or providing benefits to members of a lodge system and (b) providing for the payment of life, sick, accident, or other benefits of the organization or their dependents.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

**Data Source:** National Center for Charitable Statistics; "Charities and Other Tax-Exempt Organizations, 2010," Statistics on Income, IRS

**Note:** Based on data for IRC 501(c)(8) organizations

#### 6. Certain Cooperative Companies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(2)

**Description:** Exemption for nonprofit cooperative banks without capital stock and electric and telephone membership corporations organized under Chapter 117 of the General Statutes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.0 FY24-25......\$1.0

**Data Source:** National Center for Charitable Statistics; "Charities and Other Tax-Exempt Organizations, 2010," Statistics of Income, IRS

**Note:** Based on data for IRC 501(c)(14) organizations

#### 7. Nonprofit Clubs

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(6)

**Description:** Exemption for nonprofit clubs organized and operated exclusively for

pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofitable purposes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.0 FY24-25......\$1.0

#### Corporation Income Tax

**Data Source:** National Center for Charitable Statistics; "Charities and Other Tax-Exempt Organizations, 2010," Statistics of Income, IRS

**Note:** Based on data for IRC 501(c)(7) organizations

#### 8. Local Mutual Nonprofits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(7)

**Description:** Exemption for farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone, or fire insurance companies, mutual ditch or irrigation companies, mutual or cooperative telephone

companies, or like organizations of a purely local nature.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

Data Source: Data on county farm mutual insurance companies, NC Department of

Insurance; Department of Revenue tax data

#### 9. Insurance Companies Taxed on Gross Premiums

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(11)

**Description:** Exemption for insurance companies paying the tax on gross premiums as

specified in G.S. 105-228.5.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.0 FY24-25......\$0.0

Data Source: IRS Statistics of Income; Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** The estimate is the amount of income tax that is estimated to be collected in excess

of the amount of collections under the insurance gross premiums tax.

#### 10. Homeowners' Associations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(11)

**Description:** Exemption for nonprofit condominium associations, homeowners' associations, or cooperative housing corporation, although they are subject to tax on any unrelated business income.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1975-591 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1975

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

**Data Source:** National Center for Charitable Statistics; "Charities and Other Tax-Exempt Organizations, 2010," Statistics of Income, IRS

#### 11. Nonprofit Unrelated Business Income from Research Activities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(b)(1)-(3)

**Description:** Entities that are exempt in G.S. 105-130.11(a) are taxable on their unrelated business income, except if their net income is derived from certain research activities. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1963-1169 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1963

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### **Deductions**

#### 12. N.C. & Nonprofit Educational Institution Obligation Interest

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(1a)

**Description:** Deductions for interest on the obligations of this State, a political subdivision of this State, or a commission, an authority, or another agency of this State or of a political subdivision of this State, or a nonprofit educational institution.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1997-439 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997. However, this was not a substantive change since interest has been exempt from income taxation under other long-standing statutes, e.g. G.S. 142.12.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.4 FY24-25......\$1.3

Data Source: IRS Statistics of Income; Department of Revenue tax data

#### 13. Dividends from Foreign Sources

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(3a)

**Description:** Deduction for dividends treated as received from sources outside the United States as determined under Section 862 of the Code, net of related expenses, to the

extent included in federal taxable income.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2001-327

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

#### 14. Various Provisions Related to Foreign Earnings

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(3b)

**Description:** Deduction for any amount included in federal taxable income under section

78, 951, 951A or 965 of the Code, net of related expenses.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2001-327

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** Decouples from the adjustment for global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) under IRC § 951A and treatment of deferred foreign income under IRC § 965 that were included in federal legislation effective for tax year beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018.

#### 15. Net Economic Loss Carryforward

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(4)&(4a)

**Description:** Deduction for net economic losses in any or all of the 15 preceding income years, pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 105-130.8A. For new losses in taxable years starting on or after Jan. 1, 2015, the net economic loss is redefined as State net loss and becomes a static amount. Any unused portion of a State net loss carried forward will not have to be first offset by nontaxable income in the future tax year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158; S.L. 2014-3 revised this be applicable to State net loss

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......133.0 FY24-25......\$127.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

# 16. Net Capital Losses Not Deductible from Federal Taxable Income

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(8)

**Description:** Deduction for the amount of losses realized on the sale or disposition of assets not allowed under section 1211(a) of the Code. (For federal taxes, certain capital losses can only be used to offset capital gains; however, they can be carried back 3 years and forward 5 years.)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 17. Shareholders of a Regulated Investment Company

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(9)

**Description:** Deduction of the portion of undistributed capital gains of a regulated investment company for which a shareholder in the company takes a federal credit or deduction under Section 852 of the Code.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1971-820 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1971

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 18. Basis Adjustment for Federal Tax Credit

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(14)

**Description:** Deduction for the amount that the basis of a depreciable asset is reduced due to a Federal tax credit or because of a grant allowed under section 1603 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of 2009.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1983-61 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1983

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 19. Natural Gas Expansion Surcharges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(16)

**Description:** Deduction for the amount of natural gas expansion surcharges collected by a

natural gas local distribution company.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1991-598 - effective July 8, 1991

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: North Carolina Utilities Commission; Department of Revenue tax data

#### **20.** 911 Charges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(17)

**Description:** To the extent included in federal taxable income, 911 charges imposed under

G.S. 62A-43 and remitted to the 911 Fund under that section.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1998-158, as amended by S.L. 1999-337 - effective Sept. 25,

1998

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 21. Dividends from Captive REIT

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(23)

**Description:** Deduction for a dividend received from a captive REIT, as defined in G.S.

105-130.12.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2007-323 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 2007

Estimate (in millions): no net negative impact; see note

**Note:** This deduction is offset by G.S. 105-130.5(a)(19). A captive REIT must add to its taxable income any dividends paid to shareholders. Therefore, this deduction is needed

to avoid double taxation.

#### 22. Accelerated Depreciation Adjustment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(27); also refer to G.S. 105-130.5B

**Description:** The IRS Code allows bonus depreciation allowances and modified accelerated cost recovery system above straight-line depreciation. North Carolina has decoupled from these provisions by having taxpayers add back a percentage of the federal deduction in each year and allowing taxpayers to deduct the addback over a period of 5 years in the future. For bonus depreciation, taxpayers must add back 85% of the amount taken on the federal return. Federal tax law allows for 100% bonus depreciation for 2018 through 2022 (with 50% bonus depreciation for several years before 2018), 80% in 2023, 60% in 2024, 40% in 2025 and 20% in 2026.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2002-126 was the first provision related to bonus depreciation addbacks

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......\$48.7 FY24-25......\$41.9

**Source:** Derived estimates using N.C. Department of Revenue tax data and federal estimates from the Joint Committee of Taxation.

#### 23. Section 179 Expensing Adjustment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(27); also refer to G.S. 105-130.5B

**Description:** The IRS Code allows expanded Section 179 expensing. North Carolina has decoupled from these provisions by requiring taxpayers to add back the amount of the federal deduction that exceeds N.C. dollar limits and phaseout thresholds and allowing taxpayers to deduct the addback over a period of 5 years in the future. For tax years since 2013, the N.C. dollar limit is \$25,000 and the phaseout threshold is \$200,000. Federal law allows a dollar limit of \$1 million and a phaseout threshold of \$2.5 million for 2018 and future years (with inflation-indexing of both amounts). For several years before 2018, federal law had allowed a dollar limit of \$500,000 and a phaseout threshold of \$2 million.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2011-5 added the provision related to the addback for section 179 expensing

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.2 FY24-25.....\$1.4

**Source:** Derived estimates using N.C. Department of Revenue tax data and federal estimates from the Joint Committee of Taxation.

#### 24. Certain Hurricane Relief Payments

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(29)

**Description:** To the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year from the State Emergency Response and Disaster Relief Reserve Fund for hurricane relief or assistance, but not including payments for goods or services provided by the taxpayer.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2017; a similar provision had been enacted by S.L. 2005-1 and was repealed effective Jan. 1, 2016

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 25. Decouple from IRC Section 1400Z-2 Opportunity Fund

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(30)

**Description:** Deduction of the amount of gain included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income under IRC § 1400Z-2(a) to the extent the same income was added back to the taxpayer's federal taxable income in a prior taxable year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1,

Estimate (in millions): no net negative impact; see note

**Note:** This deduction is offset by the required addition to taxable income in G.S. 105-130.5(a)(26). The net impact is to shift taxable income to earlier years.

### 26. Amounts Received as Economic Incentives

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(31)

**Description:** To the extent included in federal taxable income, a taxpayer may deduct the amount received by a taxpayer as an economic incentive pursuant to G.S. 143B-437.012 or Part 2G or Part 2H of Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-237 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.5

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; N.C. Department of Commerce reports for economic incentive grants

#### 27. Deduction for Certain Grant Monies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(31a)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct the amount received under the Business Recovery Grant Program, the ReToolNC grant program for recovery from the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic; and rent and utility assistance pursuant to Section 3.3 of S.L. 2020-4, as amended by Section 1.2 of S.L. 2020-97.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2021 (expanded provisions in S.L. 2022-6)

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

## 28. Deduction for Extra Business Interest Expenses in 2019 and 2020

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(32)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct 20% of the amount of interest expense added back to taxable income in 2019 and 2020 due to the de-coupling from Section 2306 of the CARES Act in each of the succeeding five tax years beginning with 2021.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 -- Effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2021

Estimate (in millions): unavailable

## 29. Qualified Interest Expense Ultimately Paid to an Unrelated Member

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)

**Description:** Interest deduction for a portion of a corporation's related member interest expense that represents its proportional share of amounts of interest traceable through related members and ultimately paid to an unrelated party.

**Enacting Legislation:** S. L. 2016-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1,

2016

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 30. Percentage Depletion over Cost Depletion

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(a)(11)

**Description:** Allowance for percentage depletion over cost depletion for solid minerals or rare earths extracted from the soil or waters of this State.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1983-713 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after

Jan. 1, 1983.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.2 FY24-25......\$1.3

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 31. Charitable Contributions Outside N.C.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.9(1)

**Description:** Deduction for charitable contributions. The amount of deduction for this item may not exceed 5% of the taxpayer's net income. Contributions made to out-of-state donees are multiplied by the taxpayer's apportionment factor.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......\$6.6 FY24-25......\$6.7

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** This estimate includes only contributions made to donees outside NC; see next item for deduction for donees in NC.

## 32. Charitable Contributions Within N.C.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.9(1)-(3)

**Description:** Most deductions are limited to 5% of the taxpayer's net income.

Contributions to the State of North Carolina, its counties and municipalities and any agency or instrumentality of these institutions, in addition to contributions made to educational institutions located in North Carolina are fully deductible. For companies with income allocable outside North Carolina, charitable contributions to donees inside NC are not reduced by multiplying by the taxpayer's apportionment factor.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1939-158

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$6.0 FY24-25......\$6.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

## 33. Amortization of Equipment Mandated by OSHA

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.10A

**Description:** In lieu of any depreciation allowance, a corporation may opt to deduct amortization of equipment mandated by the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA), including the cost of planning, acquiring, constructing, modifying, and

installing said equipment.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-776

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## **Tax Credits**

## 34. Equipment for Cogenerating Power Plant

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.25

**Description:** Credit of 10% of the costs to purchase and install electrical or mechanical equipment for a cogenerating power plant. A cogenerating power plant uses natural gas as its primary energy source. The total amount of tax credits for all taxpayers for qualifying payments in a calendar year may not exceed \$5,000,000. A public utility, as defined in GS 62-3(23) is not eligible for this credit.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-801; S.L. 1993-674 limited the primary source of fuel to natural gas, effective Jan. 1, 1998.

Estimate (in millions): Less than \$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

### **Various Incentive Tax Credits**

The tax credits in this section can be applied against the franchise tax or income taxes. In addition, the historic rehabilitation tax credit in Articles 3H (except non-income producing property) and 3L may be taken against the insurance gross premiums tax.

## 1. Credit for Investing in Major Recycling Facility (Article 3C)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.27

**Description:** An owner that purchases or leases machinery and equipment for a major recycling facility in this State is allowed a credit equal to 50% of the amount payable by the owner during the taxable year to purchase or lease the machinery and equipment. Unused credits may be carried forward 25 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1998-55 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1998

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$3.0 FY24-25......\$3.0

Data Source: Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

## 2. Credit for Income-Producing Rehabilitated Mill Property (Article 3H)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.71(a)

**Description:** A taxpayer who makes qualified rehabilitation expenditures for a certified historic mill or agricultural warehouse located in this State is allowed a credit equal to 40% of the expenditures if the building is located in a Development Tier 1 or 2 area or 30% if the building is located in a Development Tier 3 area. A certificate from the State Historic Preservation Officer must be obtained which shows that the expenditures qualified for a Federal rehabilitation credit under section 47 of the Code and that the expenses exceeded \$3,000,000. Unused credits can be carried forward for 9 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-40 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2006 and applies to eligible sites placed into service on or after July 1, 2006

**Sunset Date:** Expires for rehabilitation projects not completed and placed in service by Jan. 1, 2030

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$26.0 FY24-25......\$26.0

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

**Note:** This credit was reenacted by S.L. 2021-180; it was previously repealed for projects for which an eligibility certificate was issued on or after Jan. 1, 2015.

## 3. Mill Rehabilitation Tax Credit for Railroad Station (Article 3H)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.71(a1)

**Description:** Tax credit for rehabilitation of an eligible railroad station if qualified expenses were at least \$10 million. The credit is 40% of expenditures incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2019. The credit cannot be taken for taxable years beginning prior to Jan.

1, 2021. The site must have been used as a manufacturing facility and either was used as a railroad station or is located adjacent to a site that was a railroad station. Other conditions apply.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-237 – qualified rehabilitation expenditures must be incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2019 and before Jan. 1, 2030

**Sunset Date:** Expires for rehabilitation projects completed and placed in service on or after Jan. 1, 2030

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$5.8 FY24-25......\$5.8

**Note:** Legislative fiscal note for House Bill 399 (2019 session) estimates the cost to be \$5.8 million in each year.

## 4. Credit for Nonincome-Producing Rehabilitated Mill Property (Article 3H)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.72

**Description:** A taxpayer who makes qualified rehabilitation expenditures for a certified historic mill or agricultural warehouse located in this State is allowed a credit equal to 40% of the expenditures if the building is located in a Development Tier 1 or 2 area. A certificate from the State Historic Preservation Officer must be obtained which shows that the expenditures are for a certified historic structure and that the expenses exceeded \$3,000,000. This credit must be taken in 5 annual installments. Unused credits may be carried forward 9 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-40 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2006 and applies to eligible sites placed into service on or after July 1, 2006

**Sunset Date:** Expires for rehabilitation projects not completed and placed in service by Jan. 1, 2030

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

**Note:** This credit was reenacted by S.L. 2021-180; it was previously repealed for projects for which an eligibility certificate was issued on or after Jan. 1, 2015.

## 5. Credit for Constructing a Railroad Intermodal Facility (Article 3K)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.96

**Description:** A taxpayer that constructs or leases an eligible railroad intermodal facility in this State and places it in service during the taxable year is allowed a tax credit equal to fifty percent (50%) of all amounts payable by the taxpayer towards the costs of construction or under the lease. In order to be eligible, the cost of construction must exceed \$30 million. The credit may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the tax against which it is applied. Any unused portion of a credit may be carried forward for the succeeding 10 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2007-323 - effective for eligible facilities placed into service on or after Jan. 1, 2007

Sunset Date: Expires Jan. 1, 2038

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.8 FY24-25......\$0.8

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax records

# 6. Credit for Income-Producing Rehabilitated Historic Property (Article 3L) Citation: G.S. 105-129.100

**Description:** A taxpayer may receive a tax credit for qualified rehabilitation expenditures. The base amount of credit is 15% of the first \$10 million of expenses and 10% of expenses over \$10 million, but not exceeding \$20 million. An additional 5% credit is allowed for a project located in a development tier 1 or 2 area or if the project is located on an eligible targeted investment site, or 10% for both. Effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2021, an additional 5% tax credit on qualified expenditures on a project used for an educational purpose, not exceeding \$20 million. The credit for an income-producing project cannot exceed \$4,500,000. Any unused credits may be carried forward for the succeeding 9 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241 - effective for eligible expenses incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2016; tax credits for historic rehabilitation were previously enacted by S.L. 1993-527 (expired on Jan. 1, 2015)

**Sunset Date:** Expires for qualified rehabilitation expenditures and rehabilitation expenses incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2030. Property that qualifies before this date must be placed in service by Jan. 1, 2032.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$10.0 FY24-25......\$10.2

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports" and newspaper reports of prospective projects.

# 7. Credit for Nonincome-Producing Rehabilitated Historic Property (Article 3L)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-129.101

**Description:** A taxpayer may receive a tax credit for qualified rehabilitation expenditures. The credit is 15% of expenses. At least \$10,000 must be spent on the project and the tax credit cannot exceed \$22,500 per discrete property parcel. Any unused credits may be carried forward for the succeeding 9 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241 - effective for eligible expenses incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2016; tax credits for nonincome-producing historic rehabilitation were previously enacted by S.L. 1997-139 (expired on Jan. 1, 2015, with some exceptions)

**Sunset Date:** Expires for qualified rehabilitation expenditures and rehabilitation expenses incurred on or after Jan. 1, 2030. Property that qualifies before this date must be placed in service by Jan. 1, 2032.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.8 FY24-25......\$0.8

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

# **Individual Income Tax (Article 4, Part 2)**

# **Brief Description and Tax Base Information**

The individual income tax is a tax on the taxable income of every resident of the State and nonresidents deriving income from North Carolina sources.

The base of the individual income tax is federal adjusted gross income (AGI). This is a fairly broad definition of income, although it does not include certain exemptions and deductions from income, such as some Social Security payments, certain capital gains, interest on student loans, etc. AGI also does not include deductions for expenses necessary to produce income.

The North Carolina tax base does not include some components of AGI, including interest on obligations of other states and their political subdivisions. North Carolina has also de-coupled from several federal tax provisions in recent years.

North Carolina allows taxpayers to claim either a standard deduction or certain itemized deductions. For tax years 2020 and 2021, the standard deduction is \$21,500 for filing statuses married filing jointly or surviving spouse; \$16,125 for head of household; \$10,750 for single or married filing separately. For tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022, the standard deduction is \$25,500 for filing statuses married filing jointly or surviving spouse; \$19,125 for head of household; \$12,750 for single or married filing separately.

For purposes of this report, a standard deduction is considered part of the normal tax base as an allowance for necessary expenses associated with maintaining a household. The amounts used for the base standard deduction in this report are \$20,000 for married individuals filing a joint return; \$15,000 for heads of households; and \$10,000 for single or married-filing-separately individuals. These amounts are the N.C. standard deduction amounts for tax year 2019. Since North Carolina currently allows larger standard deductions than these, a tax expenditure is included for the excess tax cost of these higher amounts.

Each shareholder's pro rata share of an S Corporation's income is subject to the adjustments provided under the individual income tax.

For taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2014, there has been only one tax bracket: the tax rate is 5.499% for tax years 2017 and 2018; 5.25% in 2019-2021; 4.99% in 2022; 4.75% in 2023; 4.5% in 2024; 4.25% in 2025; and 3.99% in 2026 and later years. Additional rate reductions may be triggered for 2027 and future years, which could take the tax rate down to 2.49% if certain General Fund revenues amounts are met in a given year.

The individual income tax is the largest component of the State's General Fund revenues. In Fiscal Year 2022-23, North Carolina collected approximately \$16.9 billion, net of refunds.

## **Exemptions**

#### 1. Critical Infrastructure Disaster Relief Operations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.2(2)

**Description:** This subdivision does not apply to a nonresident business or a nonresident employee who solely derives income from N.C. sources attributable to a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State to perform disaster-related work during a disaster response period at the request of a critical infrastructure company.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-187 - Applies to disaster declarations on or after Aug. 1,

2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 2. Certain Individuals Upon Death

**Citation:** G.S. 105-158

**Description:** An individual is not subject to tax if the individual is not subject to federal income tax under Code section 692, which exempts members of the Armed Forces and astronauts who have died in the line of duty, and persons killed as a result of certain terrorist attacks.

Enacting Legislation: S. L. 1969-1116 – effective Jan. 1, 1964

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: Number of military deaths from Department of Defense

#### **Deductions**

## 3. Standard Deduction in Excess of Base Amounts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(1)

**Description:** Taxpayers may take either the standard deduction or itemized deductions. For tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2020, standard deductions were \$21,500 for MFJ/SS; \$16,125 for head of household; \$10,750 for single or MFS. For tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022, standard deductions are \$25,500 for MFJ/SS; \$19,125 for head of household; \$12,750 for single or MFS.

**Base standard deduction amounts:** For 2021 version of this report and the current report, the base standard deduction amounts were increased to be the Tax Year 2019 State standard deductions. The base deductions are \$10,000 for single and married-filing-separately filers, \$20,000 for married-filing-jointly and surviving-spouse filers, & \$15,000 for head-of-household filers.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158 allowed a \$1,000 deduction for an individual (approximately \$21,000 in 2022 dollars); \$2,000 for a married man or head of household; \$1,000 for a married woman having a separate and independent income; plus \$200 for each dependent child or dependent incapable of self-support. S.L. 1953-1302 created a standard deduction in lieu of itemizing deductions; the deduction was the larger of \$500 or 10% of gross income.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$612.3 FY24-25......\$548.7

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** The estimate reflects the amount of reduced tax liabilities for standard deductions above a base amount. The estimate includes (1) taxpayers taking the standard deduction and (2) taxpayers who switched from itemizing due to the higher standard deduction. In Tax Expenditure reports prior to 2021, the amount for this item also included taxpayers taking itemized deductions, whose deductions were converted to the standard deduction amount.

#### 4. Charitable Contributions Itemized Deduction

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)a

**Description:** If itemizing deductions, a taxpayer may deduct an amount allowed as a deduction for charitable contributions under section 170 of the Code for that taxable year. For Tax Years 2014 through 2018, the amount may be increased for any 401K contributions under section 408(d)(8) deducted from federal income and added back to State income.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158 allowed deductions for interest paid, charitable contributions and property taxes.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$215.1 FY24-25......\$222.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

### 5. Qualified Mortgage Interest Itemized Deduction

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)b

**Description:** If itemizing deductions, a taxpayer may deduct the amount allowed as a deduction for interest paid or accrued during the taxable year under section 163(h) of the Code with respect to any qualified residence. The amount of this deduction is limited to \$20,000 minus the amount of the property tax itemized deduction.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 – effective Jan. 1, 2014; S.L. 1939-158 allowed deductions for interest paid, charitable contributions and property taxes.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$57.2 FY24-25......\$61.0

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

## 6. Real Estate Property Tax Itemized Deduction

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)b

**Description:** If itemizing deductions, a taxpayer may deduct the amount claimed as a deduction for property taxes paid or accrued on real estate under section 164 of the Code for that taxable year. The amount of this deduction is limited to \$20,000 minus the amount of the mortgage interest itemized deduction.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 – effective Jan. 1, 2014; S.L. 1939-158 allowed deductions for interest paid, charitable contributions and property taxes.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$34.5 FY24-25......\$36.0

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

#### Individual Income Tax

## 7. Medical and Dental Expenses Itemized Deduction

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)c

**Description:** Effective January 1, 2015: If itemizing deductions, a taxpayer may deduct the amount allowed as a deduction for medical and dental expenses under section 213

of the Code for that taxable year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241; the deduction was previously included as an

itemized deduction for tax years prior to 2014

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$55.2 FY24-25......\$57.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** Federal law allows a deduction for medical and dental expenses that exceed 7.5% of adjusted gross income. North Carolina conforms to this threshold.

### 8. Child Deduction

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a1)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct an amount based on their AGI for each dependent child for whom they are allowed the federal child tax credit. S.L. 2021-180 increased the amount of the deductions and increased the AGI cap for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022. For taxpayers filing as married filing jointly, the deduction amount is \$3,000 if AGI is \$40,000 or less; \$2,500 if AGI is between \$40,001 and \$60,000; \$2,000 if AGI is between \$60,001 and \$80,000; \$1,500 if AGI is between \$80,001 and \$100,000; \$1,000 if AGI is between \$100,001 and \$120,000; and \$500 if AGI is between \$120,001 and \$140,000.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57, effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018. This provision replaced the child tax credit under G.S. 105-153.10(a).

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$135.1 FY24-25......\$128.8

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

### 9. N.C. and Nonprofit Education Institution Interest

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(1)

**Description:** Deduction from adjusted gross income for interest upon the obligations of any of the following: (a) this State, a political subdivision of this State, or a commission, an authority, or another agency of this State or of a political subdivision of this State; (b) a nonprofit educational institution organized or chartered under the laws of this State.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158; S.L. 1965-833 added the exemption for nonprofit educational institutions

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$34.8 FY24-25......\$34.6

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; Statistics of Income, Internal Revenue Service; Joint Committee on Taxation

## 10. Disposition of Certain Obligations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(2)

**Description:** Deduction for gain from disposition of obligations issued before July 1,

1995, to the extent exempt from tax.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1995-46 repealed the tax-exempt status of the gain earned on

the sale of certain North Carolina bonds.

**Estimate (in millions):** Less than \$0.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

## 11. Social Security Benefits in Excess of Federal Limit

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(3)

**Description:** Deduction for benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and amounts received from retirement annuities or pensions paid under the provisions of

the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1957-1340 - effective Jan. 1, 1957

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$661.3 FY24-25......\$675.8

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** The Social Security Amendments of 1983 made OASDI benefits subject to federal income tax. Federal taxation of some Social Security benefits occurs when modified AGI exceeds \$25,000 for single filers or \$32,000 for married filing jointly. These limits are not increased each year for inflation and have not been adjusted since 1983.

#### 12. Government Retirement Income under Bailey Decision

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(5)

**Description:** Deduction from adjusted gross income for certain retirement benefits received by eligible retirees of the State of North Carolina and its local governments or the federal government to the extent the amount is exempt pursuant to a court order in settlement of *Bailey v. State*, *Emory v. State*, or *Patton v. State*. Eligible retirees must have had 5 or more years of creditable service as of August 12, 1989. The exclusion also applies to retirement benefits received from the State's §401(k) and §457 plans if the retiree had contributed or contracted to contribute to the plan prior to August 12, 1989.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1941-25 established the State Retirement System and included an exemption from State taxation. This provision was repealed by S.L. 1989-792.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$269.4 FY24-25......\$248.9

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

### 13. Uniformed Services Pension Income

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(5a)

**Description:** Deduction from adjusted gross income for the amount received during the taxable year from (a) retirement pay for service in the Armed Forces of the United States to a retired member that meets either of the following: (1) served at least 20 years; (2) medically retired under 10 U.S.C. Chapter 61, not including severance pay; (b) payments of a Plan defined in 10 U.S.C. § 1447 to a beneficiary of a retired member eligible to deduct retirement pay under (a). This exemption was expanded to include retirement pay for service in all uniformed services of the United States for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2021.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......\$16.3 FY24-25......\$17.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; legislative fiscal notes for SB12 (2021) and HB103 (2022)

**Note:** Certain military pension income would also be exempt under the "Bailey Decision" and included in that tax expenditure item and not included in this item.

## 14. Accelerated Depreciation Adjustment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(8); also refer to G.S. 105-153.6

**Description:** The IRS Code allows bonus depreciation allowances and modified accelerated cost recovery system above straight-line depreciation. North Carolina has decoupled from these provisions by having taxpayers add back a percentage of the federal deduction in each year and allowing taxpayers to deduct the addback over a period of 5 years in the future. For bonus depreciation, taxpayers must add back 85% of the amount taken on the federal return. Federal tax law allows for 100% bonus depreciation for 2018 through 2022 (with 50% bonus depreciation for several years before 2018), 80% in 2023, 60% in 2024, 40% in 2025 and 20% in 2026.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2002-126 was the first provision related to bonus depreciation addbacks.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.........\$55.5 FY24-25......\$55.7

**Data Source:** Derived estimates using N.C. Department of Revenue tax data and federal estimates from the Joint Committee of Taxation.

**Note:** The estimate incorporates past and current differences between allowed depreciation and a straight-line depreciation method.

## 15. Section 179 Expensing Adjustment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(8); also refer to G.S. 105-153.6

**Description:** The IRS Code allows expanded Section 179 expensing. North Carolina has decoupled from these provisions by requiring taxpayers to add back the amount of the federal deduction that exceeds N.C. dollar limits and phaseout thresholds and allowing taxpayers to deduct the addback over a period of 5 years in the future. For tax years since 2013, the N.C. dollar limit is \$25,000 and the phaseout threshold is \$200,000. Federal law allows a dollar limit of \$1 million and a phaseout threshold of \$2.5 million for 2018 and future years (with inflation-indexing of both amounts). For several years before 2018, federal law had allowed a dollar limit of \$500,000 and a phaseout threshold of \$2 million.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2011-5 added the provision related to the addback for section 179 expensing.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.......\$16.2 FY24-25......\$22.2

**Data Source:** Derived estimates using N.C. Department of Revenue tax data and federal estimates from the Joint Committee of Taxation.

**Note:** The estimate incorporates past and current differences between allowed expensing and a straight-line depreciation method.

## 16. Personal Education Student Account

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(12)

**Description:** Deduction for the amount deposited during the taxable year to a personal education student account under Article 41 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes. (Scholarship funds up to \$9,000 per eligible student for a fiscal year.)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.3 FY24-25......\$0.4

**Data Source:** Derived estimates using N.C. Department of Revenue tax data and data from the North Carolina State Education Assistance Authority

## 17. Certain Hurricane Relief Payments

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(13)

**Description:** Deduction for the amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year from the State Emergency Response and Disaster Relief Reserve Fund for hurricane relief or assistance, but not including payments for goods or services provided by the taxpayer.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2017; a similar provision had been enacted by S.L. 2005-1 and was repealed effective Jan. 1, 2014

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 18. Amounts Received as an Economic Incentive

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(14)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct the amount received by a taxpayer as an economic incentive pursuant to G.S. 143B-437.012 or Part 2G or Part 2H of Article 10 of Chapter

143B of the General Statutes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2019-237 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1,

2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.0 FY24-25......\$1.0

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

#### 19. Deduction for Certain Grant Monies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(14a)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct the amount received under the Business Recovery Grant Program, the ReToolNC grant program for recovery from the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic; and rent and utility assistance pursuant to Section 3.3 of S.L. 2020-4, as amended by Section 1.2 of S.L. 2020-97.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 and S.L. 2022-6 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2020

**Estimate (in millions):** Less than \$0.1

### 20. Net Operating Loss Carryforward

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(16)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct net operating losses incurred in a tax year in the following 15 years under conditions in G.S. 105-153.5A. Nonresidents may only include income and deductions derived from a business carried on in this State in determining their net operating loss.

**Enacting Legislation:** SL 2021-180 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022; prior to this, federal NOL provisions carried through to State taxable income

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$60.0 FY24-25......\$57.9

Data Source: N.C. Department of Revenue personal income tax microsimulation data

## 21. Decouple from IRC Section 1400Z-2 Opportunity Fund

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(c2)(6)

**Description:** Deduction of the amount of gain included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income under IRC § 1400Z-2(a) to the extent the same income was added back to the taxpayer's N.C. taxable income in a prior taxable year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 - effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2018

Estimate (in millions): no net negative impact

**Note:** This deduction is offset by the required addition to adjusted gross income in G.S. 105-153.5(c2)(5). The net impact is to shift taxable income to earlier years. Thus, there is likely to be a positive impact on the present value of State revenues.

## 22. Deduction for Extra Business Interest Expenses in 2019 and 2020

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(c2)(17a)

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct 20% of the amount of interest expense added back to taxable income in 2019 and 2020 due to the de-coupling from Section 2306 of the CARES Act in each of the succeeding five tax years beginning with 2021.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 -- Effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2021

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.4

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

# Sales and Use Tax (Article 5)

## **Brief Description and Tax Base Information**

The sales tax in North Carolina is imposed on final sales (including the value of leases and rentals) of tangible personal property, digital property and certain services occurring in the State, and the use tax is imposed on purchases made outside the State if the taxable item purchased is used or stored in North Carolina.

For this report, services are not considered part of the sales tax base unless they are specifically listed as taxable items in the General Statutes.

Effective Jan. 1, 2010, the sales tax applies to certain digital property that is delivered or accessed electronically, is not considered tangible personal property, and would be taxable if sold in a tangible medium.

Effective Jan. 1, 2014, the sales tax applies to admission charges to certain entertainment activities and to service contracts.

Effective March 1, 2016, the sales tax applies to repair, maintenance and installation (RMI) services.

Effective Jan. 1, 2017, the sales tax on RMI services was amended by S.L. 2016-94 in order to treat similar transactions the same and to expand the tax base to services on real property, except those related to a capital improvement provided through a real property contract.

Effective Feb. 1, 2020, a marketplace facilitator must collect sales tax from remote sales that it makes or facilitates for its marketplace sellers in this State if it meets either of the following conditions for sales sourced to this State in the prior or the current calendar year: (a) gross sales in excess of \$100,000 or (b) 200 or more separate transactions.

**State sales tax rate:** As of July 1, 2011, the State sales tax rate is 4.75%.

**Combined general rate:** The State sales tax rate on telecommunications and ancillary services, video programming, and spirituous liquor is equal to the State combined general rate. This rate has been 7.0% since July 1, 2011. Effective July 1, 2014, the combined general rate also applies to sales of electricity and piped natural gas. Effective Jan. 1, 2016, aviation gasoline and jet fuel are taxed at the combined general rate.

For Fiscal Year 2022-23, sales and use tax collections net of refunds and reserves for sales taxes imposed by local governments were approximately \$11.9 billion. (Sales tax revenues related to the lease of motor vehicles are not included in collections amounts here.)

Various other transfers from State sales & use taxes to local governments, including the distribution to the State Public School Fund, were approximately \$841.2 million in Fiscal Year 2022-23.

Table 3
Sales and Use Tax Expenditure Estimates for FY 2024-25

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
1	164.3(31)b	Work that Requires a Building Permit	Unavailable
2	164.3(31)c	Installation of Utilities	Unavailable
3	164.3(31)d	Installation of Capitalized or Expensed Equipment	Unavailable
4	164.3(31)e	Painting and Wallpapering	41.5
5	164.3(31)f	Replacement or Installation of Building-Related Systems	95.3
6	164.3(31)g	Replacement or Installation of HVAC Systems	74.7
7	164.3(31)h	Replacement or Installation of Pavement, Patios & Decks	53.4
8	164.3(31)i	Resolution of Construction-Related Issues	8.0
9	164.3(31)j	Landscaping	120.9
10	164.3(31)k	Certain Additions & Alterations to Real Property	Unavailable
11	164.3(33)	Educational Service Via Digital Property	Unavailable
12	164.3(225)	Installation by Real Property Contractor	75.2
13	164.4(a)(4)	Laundromat Self-Service Machines	5.0
14	164.4F(e)	Certain Accommodation Rentals	Unavailable
15	164.4G(e)(1)	Right to Participate in Sporting Activities	106.2
16	164.4G(e)(4)	Lifetime Seat Rights and Box Seat Rentals	2.6
17	164.4G(e)(6)a	Right to Participate in Certain Activities	15.0
18	164.4G(e)(6)b	Right to Participate in Certain Instructional Classes	2.9
19	164.4G(e)(6)c	Right to Participate in Certain Rides	Unavailable
20	164.4G(e)(6)d	Right to Participate in Amusement Rides	13.8
21	164.4G(f)(1)	Membership Charges Deductible as Charitable Contribution	Unavailable
22	164.4G(f)(2)	Donated Admission Charges	Unavailable
23	164.4G(f)(3)	Amenities Exemption for Admission Charges	1.9
24	164.4G(f)(4)	Events Sponsored by Primary and Secondary Schools	17.4
25	164.4G(f)(5)	Events Sponsored Solely by a Nonprofit	Unavailable
26	164.4G(f)(6)	Admission to Events on Farmland	0.4
27	164.4H(b)	Retailer-Contractor Provision for Real Property Contracts	Unavailable
28	164.4H(d)	Mixed Transaction Contract for RMI	Unavailable
29	164.4K(b)	Certain Services Provided Under a Property Management Contract	20.2
30	164.12C	Items Given Away by Merchants	Unavailable

# Sales and Use Tax

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
31	164.13(3)	Certain Products of Forests and Mines Sold by Producers	Unavailable
32	164.13(4b)	Farm Products Sold by Producer and Ice Used for Preservation	Unavailable
33	164.13(4f)	Commercial Logging Machinery	12.1
34	164.13(4g)	Wood Chippers for Out-of-State Use	less than \$0.1
35	164.13(5b)	Telecommunications Equipment	92.6
36	164.13(5c)	Radio and Television Broadcast Equipment	4.6
37	164.13(5d)	Cable Service Broadcast Equipment	6.5
38	164.13(5e)	Mill Machinery	259.3
39	164.13(5f)	Major Recycling Facility Equipment	0.2
40	164.13(5g)	R&D Company Equipment	3.0
41	164.13(5h)	Software Publishing Company Equipment	0.1
42	164.13(5i)	Industrial Machinery Refurbishing Equipment	0.1
43	164.13(5j)	Ports Facility Equipment	Unavailable
44	164.13(5k)	Secondary Metals Recycler Equipment, Fuel, and Electricity	Unavailable
45	$164.13(5\ell)$	Precious Metals Extraction Equipment	Unavailable
46	164.13(5m)	Large Metal Fabricator Equipment	Unavailable
47	164.13(5n)	Ready-Mix Concrete Mill Parts	Unavailable
48	164.13(50)	Large Fulfillment Facility Equipment	Unavailable
49	164.13(5p)	Certain Stone-Cutting Equipment	Unavailable
50	164.13(5q)	Various Items for Alcoholic Beverage Mfg.	Unavailable
51	164.13(7)	Aquacultural Products in Raw State	Unavailable
52	164.13(8a)	Fuel for Small Power Production Facility	Unavailable
53	164.13(9)	Tangible Property Purchased for Commercial Fishing	1.2
54	164.13(10)	Items Used by Laundries and Dry Cleaning Businesses	1.5
55	164.13(10a)	Lubricants, Materials and Electricity Used by Major Recycling Facility	4.7
56	164.13(11)	Motor Fuel or Alternative Fuel Taxed by Articles 36C or 36D	0.0
57	164.13(11a)	Diesel Fuel for Railroads	12.4
58	164.13(11b)	Fuel Purchases by an Interstate Air Business	16.4
59	164.13(12)	Durable Medical Equipment	120.3
60	164.13(13)	Prescription Drugs and Insulin for Human Use	784.4
61	164.13(13)	Drugs Prescribed by a Veterinarian	18.3

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
62	164.13(13d)	Diapers and Incontinence Pads for Medicaid Beneficiaries	Less than \$0.1
63	164.13(14)	Public School Books	1.6
64	164.13(15)	Accounts of Sales Charged Off for Income Purposes	Unavailable
65	164.13(20)	Sales by Blind Merchants	0.5
66	164.13(21)	Lease or Rental of Films for Exhibition	5.3
67	164.13(22)	Lease or Rental of Films, Transcriptions and Recordings to Broadcasters	12.2
68	164.13(22a)	Audiovisual Masters	0.6
69	164.13(23)a	Packaging Items for Manufacturers	93.1
70	164.13(23)a	Packaging Items for Retailers	31.0
71	164.13(23)b	Packaging Returned to Seller	Unavailable
72	164.13(24)	Fuel and Consumables Used by Boats Transporting Freight	0.5
73	164.13(26)	Food Sold in a School	7.8
74	164.13(26a)	Food Sold by a Public School Cafeteria to Certain Childcare Centers	0.5
75	164.13(26b)	Food Sold Not for Profit Related to a School	Unavailable
76	164.13(31)	Meals for the Elderly	1.6
77	164.13(31a)	Food Sold by a Church or Religious Organization	Unavailable
78	164.13(32)	Motor Vehicle Exemption Less Highway Use Tax	918.1
79	164.13(34)	Sales by Nonprofits Whose Proceeds Go to the State	Unavailable
80	164.13(35)	Sales by Nonprofits Conducted Annually	2.4
81	164.13(36)	Advertising Supplements Sold with Newspapers	0.2
82	164.13(39)	Components of Free Distribution Periodicals	Unavailable
83	164.13(40)	Sales to the Department of Transportation	0.0
84	164.13(41)	Mobile Classrooms Purchased by Boards of Education or Community Colleges	0.6
85	164.13(42)	Articles Donated by Retailer or Wholesaler	Unavailable
86	164.13(43)	Custom Computer Software	131.7
87	164.13(43a)	Certain Computer Software	Unavailable
88	164.13(43b)	Component Software or Digital Property	Unavailable
89	164.13(45)	Certain Items Purchased by Interstate Passenger Air Carriers	Unavailable
90	164.13(45a)	Lubricants and Parts Used in Maintenance of Commercial Aircraft	7.2
91	164.13(45b)	Certain Items Purchased by Interstate Air Couriers	Unavailable
92	164.13(45c)	Aircraft Simulators	Unavailable

# Sales and Use Tax

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
93	164.13(45d)	Items Related to Qualified Aircraft or Jet Engine	Unavailable
94	164.13(45e)	Items Related to Interstate Air and Ground Couriers	Unavailable
95	164.13(46)	Electricity to Municipalities Supplied by Federal Agency	2.8
96	164.13(49a)	Delivery Charges of Direct Mail	Unavailable
97	164.13(50)	Goods Sold Through Vending Machines	14.1
98	164.13(51)	Water Delivered Through Main Pipes	78.0
99	164.13(52)	Sales to State Agencies	0.0
100	164.13(53)	Aerial Survey Data	Unavailable
101	164.13(54)b	Pay Telephone Services	Unavailable
102	164.13(54)c	911 Charges	6.9
103	164.13(54)d	Telephone Charges Related to Occupancy of an Accommodation	0.1
104	164.13(54)e	Charges Related to State Network and Other Government Data Networks	Unavailable
105	164.13(55)	Electricity and Equipment for an Eligible Internet Datacenter	Unavailable
106	164.13(55a)	Electricity and Equipment for a Qualifying Datacenter	4.0
107	164.13(56)	Locomotives, Cranes and Trucks for a Railroad Intermodal Facility	Unavailable
108	164.13(57)	Electricity Used by Manufacturers	92.8
109	164.13(57)	Piped Natural Gas Used by Manufacturers (except Power Plants)	49.7
110	164.13(57)	Piped Natural Gas Used by Power Plants	191.0
111	164.13(57)	Other Fuel Used by Manufacturers	14.8
112	164.13(58)	Disaster Assistance Debit Card Purchases	Unavailable
113	164.13(59)	Interior Design Services	3.1
114	164.13(61)	Motor Vehicle Service Contract	Unavailable
115	164.13(61a)a	Service Contracts or RMI Services on Exempt Items	172.5
116	164.13(61a)b	Motor Vehicle emissions and safety inspection fee	8.5
117	164.13(61a)c	Services Performed by a Related Person	Unavailable
118	164.13(61a)d	Services Related to Cleaning of Real Property	85.4
119	164.13(61a)e	Services on Roads, Driveways, Parking Lots, & Sidewalks	Unavailable
120	164.13(61a)f	Removal of Waste and Debris	62.4
121	164.13(61a)g	Certain Real Property Inspections	4.8
122	164.13(61a)h	Alterations & Clothing Repairs	18.5

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
123	164.13(61a)i	Pest Control Service	27.7
124	164.13(61a)j	Moving Services	25.8
125	164.13(61a)k	Self-Service & Limited-Service Vehicle Washes	9.7
126	164.13(61a)ℓ	Utility Network Assets	Unavailable
127	164.13(61a)m	Qualified Aircraft or Jet Engine	Unavailable
128	164.13(61a)m.3	RMI & Service Contracts for Other Aircraft	Unavailable
129	164.13(61a)n	Funeral-Related Services	16.8
130	164.13(61a)o	Services Performed on an Animal	21.6
131	164.13(61a)p	Security Service Contract for Real Property	26.9
132	164.13(61a)q	Service Contract for Wastewater System	Unavailable
133	164.13(62)	Items Used to Fulfill Taxable Service Contracts	Unavailable
134	164.13(62)	RMI Services to Fulfill Taxable Service Contracts	Unavailable
135	164.13(62a)	Repair Parts and RMI Services on Items Covered by a Warranty	Unavailable
136	164.13(64)	Modular & Manufactured Homes	25.3
137	164.13(65)&(65a)	Motorsports Engine & Related Items	Unavailable
138	164.13(66)	Storage of a Motor Vehicle	2.9
139	164.13(67)	Towing Services	12.5
140	164.13(68)	Wastewater Dispersal System Items	Unavailable
141	164.13(69)	Coins, Currency and Bullion Sales	2.4
142	164.13(71)	N.C. Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association	Unavailable
143	164.13(72)	Educational Service for Home Schools	Unavailable
144	164.13(73)	Live Services Provided Through Digital Works	Unavailable
145	164.13(74)	Continuing Care Retirement Communities	8.0
146	164.13(74)	Breast Pumps and Related Items	3.1
147	164.13A	Service Charges on Meals and Beverages	2.7
148	164.13B	Food for Home Consumption	1,309.7
149	164.13B(a)(4)	Certain Artisan Bakery Items	4.6
150	164.13E(1)	Fuel and Electricity for Farming	26.3
151	164.13E(2)	Fertilizers, Seeds and Related Items Sold to a Farmer	53.8
152	164.13E(3)	Farm Machinery and Related Parts and Lubricants	20.3
153	164.13E(4)	Certain Containers Sold to a Farmer	1.1
154	164.13E(5)	Certain Storage Facilities Sold to a Farmer	2.9

# Sales and Use Tax

Item	G.S. 105-	Short Title	FY24-25 estimate
155	164.13E(6)a	Feeds, Litter and Medications for Farming	235.0
156	164.13E(6)b-e	Certain Substances Used on Animals or Plants for Commercial Purposes	19.3
157	164.13E(a)(7)a	Fowl Sold to a Farmer	41.4
158	164.13E(a)(7)b	Livestock Sold to Farmer – Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine	28.1
159	164.13E(a)(7)b	Livestock Sold to a Farmer – Horses and Mules	0.5
160	164.13E(a)(8)	Manufactured Facilities, Building Materials, and Related Equipment for Commercial Housing of Animals	8.9
161	164.13E(a)(9)	Tobacco Farming Items	0.2
162	164.13E(a)(10)	RMI Services for Farmers	10.7
163	164.13E(a1)	Items for a Zoo Operated by Farmer	Unavailable
164	164.13F	Items for a Wildlife Manager	Unavailable
165	164.27A(a3)	RMI Services for Boats, Aircraft and Jet Engines in Excess of \$25,000	Unavailable
166	164.14(a)	Refund to Interstate Carrier	3.5
167	164.14(a2)	Partial Refund for Purchases of Railway Cars and Accessories by a Utility	less than \$0.1
168	164.14(b)	Refunds to Nonprofits	319.2
169	164.14(b)	Refunds of Tax on Medicine and Drug Purchases to Certain Hospitals	included in item #168
170	164.14(c)	Refunds to Certain Local Government Entities	147.7
171	164.14A(a)(2)	Refund for Major Recycling Facilities	0.1
172	164.14A(a)(4)	Refund of Aviation Fuel for Motorsports Events	0.2
173	164.14A(a)(5)	Refund on Professional Motor Racing Vehicle Parts	2.5
174	164.14A(a)(7)	Refund for Railroad Intermodal Facilities	0.1
175	164.14A(a)(8)	Refund for Transformative Project	0.0
176	164.4(a)(1a)c	Preferential Rate and Cap for Aircraft	18.5
177	164.4(a)(1b)	Preferential Rate and Cap for Boats	26.7
178	164.4C(f)	Out-of-State Call Centers	Unavailable

## **Exemptions**

## 1. Work that Requires a Building Permit

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)b

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: performance of work that requires the issuance of a permit under the State Building Code, other than repair or replacement of electrical components, gas logs, water heater, and similar individual items that are not part of new construction, reconstruction, or remodeling.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate: Unavailable

#### 2. Installation of Utilities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)c

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: installation of utilities on utility-owned land, right-of-way, or easement, notwithstanding that charges for such are included in the gross receipts derived from services subject to the combined general rate under G.S. 105-164.4.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate: Unavailable

## 3. Installation of Capitalized or Expensesd Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)d

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: installation of equipment or fixture that is attached to real property and that is capitalized under GAAP or IFRS or is depreciated under the Code, or is expensed under Section 179 of the Code.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate: Unavailable

## 4. Painting and Wallpapering

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)e

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: painting or wallpapering, except where painting or wallpapering is incidental to the repair, maintenance, and installation service.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$39.6 FY24-25......\$41.5

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 5. Replacement or Installation of Building-Related Systems

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)f

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: replacement or installation of a roofing, septic tank, plumbing, electrical, commercial refrigeration, irrigation, sprinkler, or other similar system. The term does not include the repair, replacement, or installation of electrical or plumbing components, water heaters, gutters, and similar individual items that are not part of new construction, reconstruction, or remodeling.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$91.6 FY24-25......\$95.3

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 6. Replacement or Installation of HVAC Systems

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)g

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: replacement or installation of a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning unit or system. The term does not include the repair, replacement or installation of gas logs, water heaters, pool heaters, and similar items that are not part of new construction, reconstruction, or remodeling.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$70.4 FY24-25......\$74.7

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 7. Replacement or Installation of Pavement, Patios & Decks

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)h

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: replacement or installation of roads, driveways, parking lots, patios, decks, and sidewalk.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$51.9 FY24-25......\$53.4

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 8. Resolution of Construction-Related Issues

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)i

**Description:** Services performed to resolve an issue that was part of a real property contract if the services are performed within 6 months of completion of the real property contract or, for new construction, within 12 months of the new structure being occupied for the first time.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.7 FY24-25......\$8.0

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 9. Landscaping

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)j

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: landscaping. As defined in G.S. 105-164.3(16e), the term does not include services to trees, shrubs, flowers, and

similar items in pots or in buildings.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$110.0 FY24-25......\$120.9

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

**Note:** The estimates include installation and replacement of "hardscapes" such as patios and walkways that would be included in the receipts of landscaping services companies.

## 10. Certain Additions & Alterations to Real Property

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(31)k

**Description:** The definition of capital improvement includes: addition or alteration to real property that is permanently affixed or installed to real property and is not an activity listed in subdivision (33i) of this section as a RMI service.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate: Unavailable

### 11. Educational Service Via Digital Property

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(33)

**Description:** The definition of certain digital property excludes "educational service." Educational service is defined in GS 105-164.3(75) and is provided by or on behalf of a qualifying educational entity.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2020-6 - effective Oct. 1, 2019

Estimate: Unavailable

## 12. Installation by Real Property Contractor

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.3(225)

**Description:** The definition of repair, maintenance and installation services is not applicable to tangible personal property or digital property installed or applied by a real property contractor pursuant to a real property contract.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-241 - effective Mar. 1, 2016

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$70.3 FY24-25......\$75.2

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census; County Business Patterns (US Census); Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

**Note:** This category includes estimated receipts of building finishing contractors (except painting and wallpapering) and plumbing

#### 13. Laundromat Self-Service Machines

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4)

Description: Taxation on the gross receipts of laundries does not apply to receipts derived

from coin-, token-, or card-operated washing machines, extractors, and dryers.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1987-854 - effective July 1, 1988

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$5.0 FY24-25......\$5.0

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses, County Business Patterns and

Nonemployer Statistics, U.S. Census

#### 14. Certain Accommodation Rentals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4F(e); G.S. 105-164.13(70)

**Description:** Taxation at the general rate on accommodation rentals does not apply to (1) a private residence or cottage that is rented for fewer than 15 days in a calendar year unless the rental is made by an accommodation facilitator; (2) an accommodation supplied to the same person for a period of 90 or more continuous days; or (3) an accommodation arranged or provided by a school, camp, or similar entity where a tuition or fee is charged for enrollment in such entity.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1955-1313

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 15. Right to Participate in Sporting Activities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(1)

**Description:** Exemption from tax on admission charges for an amount paid for the right to participate, other than to be a spectator, in sporting activities. Examples of these types of charges include bowling fees, golf green fees, and gym memberships.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-3 – effective May 29, 2014. These fees were excluded from the privilege tax on admissions previously, but not explicitly stated.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$101.4 FY24-25......\$106.2

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses, County Business Patterns and Nonemployer Statistics, US Census

# 16. Lifetime Seat Rights and Box Seat Rentals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(4)

**Description:** Exemption from tax on admission charges for a charge for lifetime seat rights, lease, or rental of a suite or box for an entertainment activity, provided the charge is separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the purchaser at the time of sale.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-3 – effective May 29, 2014. These fees were excluded from the privilege tax on admissions previously, but not explicitly stated.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.5 FY24-25......\$2.6

**Data Source:** 2012 US Economic Census; 2021 Services Annual Survey, US Census Bureau

## 17. Right to Participate in Certain Activities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(6)a

**Description:** Exemption from tax for the right to participate, other than to be a spectator, in the following activities: rock climbing, skating, skiing, snowboarding, sledding, zip lining, or other similar activities.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 – effective June 12, 2018 (these items were not previously taxed)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$14.1 FY24-25......\$15.1

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census, County Business Patterns and Nonemployer Statistics, US Census

### 18. Right to Participate in Certain Instruction Classes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(6)b

**Description:** Exemption from tax for the right to participate, other than to be a spectator, in the following activities: instruction classes related to the items in G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(6)a.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 – effective June 12, 2018 (these items were not previously taxed)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.8 FY24-25......\$1.8

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census, County Business Patterns and Nonemployer Statistics, US Census

#### 19. Right to Participate in Certain Rides

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(6)c

**Description:** Exemption from tax for the right to participate, other than to be a spectator, in the following activities: riding in or on a carriage, boat, train, plane, horse, chairlift, or other similar rides.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 – effective June 12, 2018 (these items were not previously taxed)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 20. Right to Participate in Certain Amusement Rides

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(6)c

**Description:** Exemption from tax for the right to participate, other than to be a spectator, in the following activities: amusement rides, including a waterslide.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5 – effective June 12, 2018 (these items were not previously taxed)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$13.0 FY24-25......\$13.8

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census, County Business Patterns and Nonemployer Statistics, US Census

## 21. Membership Charges Deductible as Charitable Contribution

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(1)

**Description:** Exemption from tax on admission charges for the portion of a membership charge that is deductible as a charitable contribution under section 170 of the Code or

that is described in section  $170(\ell)(2)$  of the Code.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2014-3 – effective May 29, 2014

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 22. Donated Admission Charges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(2)

**Description:** Exemption from tax on admission charges for a donation that is deductible as a charitable contribution under section 170 of the Code or that is described in section

 $170(\ell)(2)$  of the Code.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2014-3 – effective May 29, 2014

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

## 23. Amenities Exemption for Admission Charges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(3)

**Description:** The value of amenities is excluded from the amount subject to tax. If charges for amenities are not separately stated on the face of an admission ticket, then the transaction is a bundled transaction and taxed in accordance with G.S. 105-164.4D except that subsection (a)(3) does not apply.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 - effective Jan. 1, 2014; formerly exempt under the privilege tax on amusements (S.L. 2010-31)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.8 FY24-25......\$1.9

**Data Source:** 2012 US Economic Census; 2021 Services Annual Survey, US Census Bureau

#### 24. Events Sponsored by Primary and Secondary Schools

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(4)

**Description:** Exemption for admission charges to an event that is sponsored by an elementary or secondary school.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 - effective Jan. 1, 2014; formerly exempt from privilege tax on amusements under GS 105-40 (S.L. 1945-708)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$17.1 FY24-25......\$17.4

**Data Source:** National Center for Educational Statistics; NC Department of Public Instruction; NC Department of Administration

## 25. Events Sponsored Solely by a Nonprofit

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(5)

**Description:** Exemption for an event sponsored solely by a nonprofit entity that is exempt from tax under Article 4 of Chapter 105 if all the following conditions are met: (1) the entire proceeds are used exclusively for the entity's nonprofit purposes; (2) the entity does not declare dividends, receive profits, or pay salary or other compensation to any members or individuals; (3) the entity does not compensate any person for participating in the event or producing the event.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-3 - effective Jan. 1, 2015; formerly exempt from privilege tax on amusements under G.S. 105-40 and G.S. 106-507

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 26. Admission to Events on Farmland

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(f)(6)

**Description:** Exempts tax on admission charge to an event sponsored by a farmer that takes place on farmland and is related to farming activities, such as a corn maze or a tutorial on raising crops, or animals. Eligible farmers must hold a qualifying farmer sales tax exemption certificate and the farmland is enrolled in the present-use value property tax program.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2014

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.3 FY24-25......\$0.4

**Data Source:** 2017 Census of Agriculture state-level data, National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

# 27. Retailer-Contractor Provision for Real Property Contracts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4H(b)

**Description:** A retailer-contractor is allowed an exemption for sales of tangible personal property that is to be installed and becomes part of real property. The retailer-contractor pays use tax on its purchase price of the tangible property when it is withdrawn from inventory.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-3 - effective Jan. 1, 2015

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

#### 28. Mixed Transaction Contract for RMI

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4H(d)

**Description:** If taxable repair, maintenance or installation services (RMI) is included in a contract with a real property contract for a capital improvement, and the taxable RMI portion does not exceed 25% of the contract price, then taxable RMI and tangible personal property, digital property or service used to perform that service are taxable as a real property contract.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94; S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

## 29. Certain Services Provided Under a Property Management Contract

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4K(b)

**Description:** The following services provided by a real property manager pursuant to a real property contract: (1) to troubleshoot, identify, or attempt to identify the source of a problem for the purpose of determining what is needed to restore the real property to working order or good condition; (2) to inspect or monitor the real property, including the normal operation of all systems that are part of the real property.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2019-169 - effective July 26, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$19.8 FY24-25......\$20.2

Data Source: 2012 Economic Census; County Business Patterns (US Census);

Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

### 30. Items Given Away by Merchants

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.12C

**Description:** A retailer engaged in the business of selling prepared food and drink for immediate or on-premises consumption, who gives prepared food or drink to its patrons or employees free of charge, does not have to pay use tax on the value of the property given away.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2012-79 - this provision was previously included in the definition of "sale or selling" that was adopted to comply with a decision by the North Carolina Court of Appeals (S.L. 1996-14)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 31. Certain Products of Forests and Mines Sold by Producers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(3)

**Description:** Sales of products of forests and mines in their original or non-manufactured

state when such sales are made by the producer in the capacity of producer.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1933-445

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** Although a portion of sales of these products will undergo further processing or be sold for resale, a sizable amount of goods will be sold at retail by the producer, especially products of the mine such as gravel sold to road contractors and coal sold to power companies.

# 32. Farm Products Sold by Producer and Ice Used for Preservation

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(4b)

**Description:** Sales of products of a farm sold in their original state by the producer of the products if the producer is not primarily a retail merchant and ice used to preserve agriculture, aquaculture and commercial fishery products until the products are sold at retail.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158; all ice was exempt prior to Sept. 1, 1990 (S.L. 1989-1068).

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** No information on direct retail sales by farmers for this category was available.

## 33. Commercial Logging Machinery

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(4f)

**Description:** Sales to a person engaged in the commercial logging business of the following: (a) logging machinery; (b) attachments and repair parts for logging machinery; (c) lubricants applied to logging machinery; and (d) fuel used to operate logging machinery.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-19 - effective for sales on or after July 1, 2006; items were previously taxed at a preferential rate of 1% with an \$80 cap on each piece of machinery, attachments and parts.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$11.8 FY24-25......\$12.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; Legislative Fiscal Note for House Bill 1938 (2006). The number of firms and trends in logging industry in North Carolina were derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics data

**Note:** Motor fuels used off-highway are not subject to motor fuels tax but are subject to the sales tax.

# 34. Wood Chippers for Out-of-State Use

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(4g)

**Description:** Exemption for a purchase of a wood chipper by a person who purchases a motor vehicle (trailer) in this State that is to be registered in another state for use in towing the wood chipper.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2010-147 - effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2009

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

**Data Source:** Legislative fiscal note for House Bill 1973 (2009)

### 35. Telecommunications Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5b)

**Description:** Sales to a telephone company of central office equipment, private branch exchange equipment, terminal equipment (other than public pay telephone), switchboard equipment, and attached parts and accessories.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Oct. 1, 2005; these items were previously taxed at 1%, with an \$80 cap (S.L. 1961-826); exempt prior to 1961

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$90.7 FY24-25......\$92.6

**Data Source:** 2021 Service Annual Survey & 2021 Capital Spending Report, US Census Bureau

## **Radio and Television Broadcast Equipment**

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5c)

**Description:** Sales of towers, broadcasting equipment, and attached parts and accessories

to an FCC-licensed radio or television company.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Oct. 1, 2005; these items were previously

taxed at 1%, with an \$80 cap (S.L. 1961-826); exempt prior to 1961

FY23-24.....\$4.4 **Estimate (in millions):** FY24-25 ..... \$4.6

Data Source: 2021 Service Annual Survey & 2021 Capital Spending Report, US Census

Bureau

## **Cable Service Broadcast Equipment**

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5d)

**Description:** Sales of broadcasting equipment and attached parts and accessories,

excluding cable, to a cable service provider.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Oct. 1, 2005; these items were previously

taxed at 1%, with an \$80 cap

FY23-24.....\$6.3 **Estimate (in millions):** FY24-25 ...... \$6.5

Data Source: 2021 Service Annual Survey & 2021 Capital Spending Report, US Census

Bureau

## **Mill Machinery**

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5e)

**Description:** Sales of mill machinery or mill machinery parts or accessories. A manufacturingplant does not include (i) a retailer principally engaged in the retail sale

of foods prepared by it or (ii) a production company.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; mill machinery, attachments and parts had previously been taxed at a preferential rate of 1% with an \$80 cap per item under the sales tax statutes (S.L. 1961-826) or later under Article 5F; exempt prior

to 1961

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.....\$254.2 FY24-25 ...... \$259.3

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue Article 5F tax database; 2021 Capital Spending

Report, US Census Bureau; Bureau of Labor Statistics employment series

# **Major Recycling Facility Equipment**

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5f)

**Description:** Sales of (a) cranes, structural steel crane and support systems, and foundations related to the cranes and support systems, (b) port and dock facilities, (c)

rail equipment, (d) material handling equipment to a major recycling facility.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been

subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2005-276, effective Jan. 1, 2006)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.....\$0.2 FY24-25 ..... \$0.2

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue Article 5F tax database

## 40. R&D Company Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5g)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that (a) is sold to a company primarily engaged in R&D activities in the physical, engineering and life sciences, (b) is capitalized by the company for tax purposes under the Code, (c) is used by the company in the research and development of tangible personal property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2006-66, effective Jan. 1, 2007)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$3.0 FY24-25......\$3.0

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue Article 5F tax database; 2021 Capital Spending Report, US Census Bureau; Bureau of Labor Statistics employment series

## 41. Software Publishing Company Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5h)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that (a) is sold to a company primarily engaged in software publishing activities, (b) is capitalized by the company for tax purposes under the Code, (c) is used by the company in the research and development of tangible personal property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2007-323, effective Oct. 1, 2007)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue Article 5F tax database

## 42. Industrial Machinery Refurbishing Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5i)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that (a) is sold to a company primarily engaged at the esstablishment in industrial machinery refurbishing activities, (b) is capitalized by the company for tax purposes under the Code, and (c) is used by the company in repairing or refurbishing tangible personal property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2008-107, effective July 1, 2008)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue Article 5F tax database

# 43. Ports Facility Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5j)

**Description:** Sales of the following to a company located at a ports facility for waterborne commerce: (a) machinery and equipment that is used at the facility to unload or to facilitate the unloading or processing of bulk cargo to make it suitable for delivery to and use by manufacturing facilities, (b) parts, accessories, or attachments used to maintain, repair, replace, upgrade, improve, or otherwise modify such machinery and equipment.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2011-302, effective July 1, 2013)

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable – included in estimate for G.S. 105-164.13(5e)

## 44. Secondary Metals Recycler Equipment, Fuel and Electricity

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5k)

**Description:** Sales of the following to a secondary metals recycler: (a) equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that (i) is capitalized for tax purposes under the Code; (ii) is used by the person in the secondary metals recycling process, and (iii) is not a motor vehicle or an attachment or repair part for a motor vehicle; (b) fuel, piped natural gas, or electricity for use at the person's facility at which the primary activity is secondary metals recycling.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2016-94, effective July 1, 2016)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 45. Precious Metals Extraction Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(51)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that meets all the following requirements: (a) is sold to a company primarily engaged at the establishment in processing tangible personal property for the purposes of extracting precious metals to determine the value for potential purchase, (b) is capitalized for tax purposes under the Code, (c) is used by the company in the process.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2016-94, effective July 1, 2016)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 46. Large Metal Fabricator Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5m)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, that (a) is sold to a company that is engaged in the fabrication of metal work and that has annual gross receipts of at least \$8 million; (b) is capitalized for tax purposes under the Code; (c) is used by the company at the establishment in the fabrication or manufacture of metal products or used by the company to create equipment for the fabrication or manufacture of metal products.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been subject to tax under Article 5F (S.L. 2016-94, effective July 1, 2016)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 47. Ready-Mix Concrete Mill Parts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5n)

**Description:** Sales of repair or replacement parts for a ready-mix concrete mill, regardless of whether the mill is freestanding or affixed to a motor vehicle, to a company that

primarily sells ready-mix concrete.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2018; items had previously been

subject to tax under Article 5F

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 48. Large Fulfillment Facility Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(50)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an accessory, an attachment, or a repair part for equipment, that (a) is sold to a large fulfillment facility, (b) is used at the facility in the distribution process, which includes receiving, inventorying, sorting, repackaging, or distributing finished retail products, (c) is not electricity. The facility must invest at least \$100 million in real and tangible property and maintain an employment level of at least 400.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2017

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 49. Certain Stone-Cutting Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5p)

**Description:** Sales of equipment, or an attachment or repair part for equipment, which is used in cutting, shaping, polishing, and finishing rough cut slabs and blocks of natural and engineered stone and stone-like products and sold to a company primarily engaged in the business of providing made-to-order countertops, walls, or tubs.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2019-169 - effective Oct. 1, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 50. Equipment, Supplies and Other Items for Alcoholic Beverage Manufacturing

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5q)

**Description:** Sales of machinery, equipment, parts and accessories sold to certain alcoholic beverage manufacturers, as well as supplies and ingredients used or consumed in the manufacturing process.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2021-150, effective October 1, 2021

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 51. Aquacultural Products in Raw State

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(7)

**Description:** Sales of products of waters in their original or non-manufactured state when such sales are made by the producer in the capacity of producer. Fish and seafoods are likewise exempt when sold by the fisherman in that capacity.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 52. Fuel for Small Power Production Facility

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(8a)

**Description:** Sales of fuel to a small power production facility used by the facility to generate electricity. A small power production facility is defined by 16 USC § 796(17)(A) as a facility that produces energy using primarily renewable resources and has a power production capacity of not more than 80 megawatts.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-989 - effective July 1, 1991

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 53. Tangible Property Purchased for Commercial Fishing

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(9)

**Description:** Sales of boats, fuel oil, lubricating oils, machinery, equipment, nets, rigging,

paints, parts, accessories, and supplies used in commercial fishing.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.1 FY24-25......\$1.2

Data Source: NC Fisheries Association, NC Division of Marine Fisheries; Department of

Revenue tax data

## 54. Items Used by Laundries and Dry Cleaning Businesses

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(10)

**Description:** Sales to commercial laundries or to dry cleaning establishments of articles or materials used for the identification of garments being laundered or dry cleaned, wrapping paper, bags, hangers, starch, soaps, and similar items applied directly to the garments. As of January 1, 2006, this section also exempts laundry and dry-cleaning machinery, parts and accessories attached to the machinery, lubricants applied to the machinery, and fuel, other than electricity.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340; S.L. 2005-276 for laundering machinery, parts and accessories, and lubricants - these items were subject to a 1% tax with an \$80 maximum per article prior to January 1, 2006. Fuel was subject to a 1% tax prior to January 1, 2006.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.5 FY24-25......\$1.5

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census, US Census Bureau; Department of Revenue tax data

### 55. Lubricants, Materials and Electricity Used by Major Recycling Facility

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(10a)

**Description:** Sales to major recycling facility of (a) lubricants and other additives for motor vehicles or machinery; (b) materials and supplies used or consumed in the facility; (c) electricity used at the facility.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1998-55 - effective for sales on or after July 1, 1998

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.5 FY24-25......\$4.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; 2012 Economic Census materials-consumed data for steel mills

**Note:** Electricity estimates for purchases made on or after July 1, 2014 are based on the State combined rate, with no netting for distribution to local governments

## 56. Motor Fuel or Alternative Fuel Taxed by Articles 36C or 36D

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(11)

**Description:** Motor fuel, as defined in G.S. 105-449.60, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.105A or G.S. 105-449.107; alternative fuel taxed under Article 36D of this Chapter, unless a refund of that tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.107.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1947-501

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.0 FY24-25......\$0.0

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax records; Energy Information Administration

**Note:** The estimate is the amount of tax that would be collected at the State combined tax rate of 7.0% in excess of the amount collected by the excise tax on motor fuels

### 57. Diesel Fuel for Railroads

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(11a)

**Description:** Diesel fuel for railroad companies for use in rolling stock other than motor

vehicles.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-451 - effective September 1, 1995

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$13.3 FY24-25......\$12.4

Data Source: Association of American Railroads; Surface Transportation Board

### 58. Fuel Purchases by an Interstate Air Business

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(11b)

Description: Sales of aviation gasoline and jet fuel to an interstate air business for use in a

commercial aircraft.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-259 – effective Jan. 1, 2016

Sunset Date: Jan. 1, 2029

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$15.9 FY24-25......\$16.4

**Data Source:** Legislative fiscal note for House Bill 117 (2015); Department of Revenue data on jet fuel purchases

# 59. Durable Medical Equipment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(12)

**Description:** Sales of (a) prosthetic devices for human use; (b) mobility-enhancing equipment sold on a prescription; (c) durable medical equipment sold on prescription; (d) durable medical supplies sold on prescription; (e) human blood, including whole, plasma, and derivatives; (f) human tissue, eyes, DNA, or an organ.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1943-400 - effective July 1, 1943; S.L. 2017-204 added the last two items, effective Aug. 11, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$114.2 FY24-25......\$120.3

**Data Source:** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (2022): National Health Expenditure Projections

**Note:** The estimate does not include sales to patients in hospitals, nursing homes, and other provider settings, although optical goods sold by optometrists are included.

# 60. Prescription Drugs and Insulin for Human Use

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(13)

**Description:** Drugs required by federal law to be dispensed only on prescription, over-the-counter drugs sold on prescription, and insulin. This exemption does not apply to over-the-counter drugs purchased by hospitals and other medical facilities for use and treatment of patients.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1937-406; the exemption for insulin was added by S.L. 1988-937, effective for sales on or after August 1, 1988.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$752.0 FY24-25......\$784.4

**Data Source:** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (2022): National Health Expenditure Projections

**Note:** The estimate does not include sales to patients in hospitals, nursing homes, and other provider settings.

### 61. Drugs Prescribed by a Veterinarian

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(13)

**Description:** Drugs required by federal law to be dispensed only on prescription and over-the-counter drugs sold on prescription (by veterinarians). The exemption does not include pet food or feed to animals.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1985-555, effective July 1, 1985, added veterinarians to the list of professionals whose prescriptions were exempt. S.L. 1953-983 had added veterinarians previously, but that statute was repealed by S.L. 1961-826.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$17.6 FY24-25......\$18.3

**Data Source:** American Veterinary Medical Association; 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses

**Note:** The estimate does not include vaccines and medications for farm animals, which are predominantly exempt under G.S. 105-164.13E(6)a.

# 62. Diapers and Incontinence Pads for Medicaid Beneficiaries

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(13d)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of diapers or incontinence underpads on prescription by an enrolled State Medicaid provider for use by beneficiaries of the State Medicaid program when the provider is reimbursed by the State Medicaid program or a Medicaid managed care organization, as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1396b(m).

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2019-169 - effective October 1, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

#### 63. Public School Books

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(14)

**Description:** Sales of public school books on the adopted list, the selling price of which is

set by State contract.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1933-445

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.6 FY24-25......\$1.6

**Data Source:** N.C. Department of Public Instruction - expenditures on textbooks from annual statistical report

**Note:** Except for this specific exemption, textbook sales in North Carolina are taxable.

# 64. Accounts of Sales Charged Off for Income Purposes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(15)

**Description:** Accounts of purchasers, representing taxable sales, on which the sales and use tax has been paid, that are found to be worthless and actually charged off for income tax purposes may be deducted from gross sales. In the case of a municipality that sells electricity, the account may be deducted if it meets all the conditions for charge-off that would apply if the municipality were subject to income tax.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1933-445

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 65. Sales by Blind Merchants

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(20)

**Description:** Sales by blind merchants operating under supervision of the Department of

Health and Human Services.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.5

**Data Source:** Business Enterprise Program statistics from the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Services for the Blind

# 66. Lease or Rental of Films for Exhibition

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(21)

**Description:** Lease or rental of motion picture films used for exhibition purposes where the lease or rental of such property is an established business or part of an established

business.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$5.0 FY24-25......\$5.3

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; 2021 Service Annual Survey (US Census Bureau); 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses

# 67. Lease or Rental of Films, Transcriptions and Recordings to Broadcasters

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(22)

**Description:** Lease or rental of films, motion picture films, transcriptions and recordings to radio stations and television stations operating under a certificate from the Federal Communications Commission.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$12.0 FY24-25......\$12.2

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; 2021 Service Annual Survey (US Census Bureau); 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses

### 68. Audiovisual Masters

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(22a)

Description: Sales of audiovisual masters made or used by a production company in

making images for first generation reproduction.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1997-521 - effective Oct. 1, 1997

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.6 FY24-25......\$0.6

**Data Source:** 2021 Service Annual Survey (US Census Bureau); Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

# 69. Packaging Items for Manufacturers

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(23)a

**Description:** Sales of the following packaging items: wrapping paper, cloth, plastic bags, labels, wrapping twine, packages and containers, cartons, cores, cones or spools, wooden boxes, baskets, coops and barrels, and like articles sold to manufacturers, when such materials constitute a part of the sale of tangible personal property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$89.9 FY24-25......\$93.1

**Data Source:** 2012 Economic Census; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

**Note:** Packaging costs related to glass, plastic and metal containers that are likely to be included in final products for resale were not included in the estimates.

# 70. Packaging Items for Retailers

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(23)a

**Description:** Sales of the following packaging items: wrapping paper, cloth, plastic bags, labels, wrapping twine, packages and containers, cartons, including paper cups, napkins and drinking straws and like articles sold to retailers, when such materials constitute a part of the sale of tangible personal property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$23.2 FY24-25......\$23.9

**Data Source:** Business Expenses Estimates from 2012 Economic Census; Bureau of Labor Statistics

**Note:** The estimate includes costs associated with retail trade, wholesale trade and food services. Due to possibility of resale, only 20% of wholesale packaging costs are included in the estimates.

# 71. Packaging Returned to Seller

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(23)b

**Description:** Packaging that is required to be returned to seller. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1997-397 - effective Oct. 1, 1997

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** Prior to the enactment of this exemption, these items were being taxed as reusable containers. In practice, many of these containers contained ingredient materials that were exempt from taxation. The sellers of the products were taxed on the lease of the containers.

### 72. Fuel and Consumables Used by Boats Transporting Freight

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(24)

**Description:** Exemption of fuel and other tangible personal property for use or consumption by on on watergoing vessels for transport of freight in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce in intracoastal waterways, sounds or rivers (formerly exempion was just for freight on ocean going vessels which ply the high seas, which was not considered a tax expenditure for this report).

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2023-134 - effective for sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.3 FY24-25......\$.05

**Data Source:** Legislative Fiscal Note for HB 259 (2023), adjusted for the change in effective start date

**Note:** This citation also allows an exempion for freight on ocean going vessels which ply the high seas, which has not been considered a tax expenditure for this report.

### 73. Food Sold in a School

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(26)

**Description:** Food and prepared food sold in a school building during the regular school

day.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1961-826 - effective July 1, 1961

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.9 FY24-25......\$7.8

Data Source: Department of Public Instruction; Division of Non-Public Education,

Department of Administration

Note: Meals paid by federal or state funds were excluded from the estimate.

### 74. Food Sold by a Public School Cafeteria to Certain Childcare Centers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-105.164.13(26a)

**Description:** Sales of food sold not for profit by a public school cafeteria to a childcare

center that participates in the Child and Adult Care Food Program.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1991-931 - effective Aug. 1, 1992

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.5

Data Source: Food and Nutrition Service, US Department of Agriculture

# 75. Food Sold Not for Profit Related to a School

**Citation:** G.S. 105-105.164.13(26b)

**Description:** Food, prepared food, soft drinks, cany and other items sold not for profit for or at an event that is sponsored by an elementary or secondary school when the net proceeds of the sales will be given or contributed to the school or to a nonprofit charitable organization, one of whose purposes is to serve as a conduit through which the net proceeds will flow to the school.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-5 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 76. Meals for the Elderly

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(31)

**Description:** Sales of meals not for profit to elderly and incapacitated persons by charitable or religious organizations not operated for profit which are entitled to the refunds provided by G.S. 105-164.14(b), when such meals are delivered to the purchasers at their places of abode.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1975-982 - effective July 1, 1976

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.5 FY24-25......\$1.6

**Data Source:** Meals on Wheels data from Wake, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus and Rowan Counties

### 77. Food Sold by a Church or Religious Organization

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(31a)

**Description:** Food sold by a church or religious organization not operated for profit when

proceeds are used for religious purposes.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-1060 - effective for sales on or after Oct. 1, 1990

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 78. Motor Vehicle Exemption Less Highway Use Tax

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(32)

**Description:** Sales of motor vehicles, the sale of a motor vehicle body to be mounted on a motor vehicle chassis when a certificate of title has not been issued for the chassis, and the sale of a motor vehicle body mounted on a motor vehicle chassis that temporarily enters the State so the manufacturer of the body can mount the body or chassis.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1989-692 added the exemption for motor vehicles and created the Highway Use Tax. Motor vehicles had been taxed under the sales tax prior to this and were taxed at preferential rates with a cap.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$901.8 FY24-25......\$918.1

Data Source: NC Department of Transportation; NC Department of Revenue

**Note:** The estimate only includes the sales of vehicles. The estimate is the additional revenue that would be collected at the 4.75% sales tax rate above the 3% Highway Use Tax. It is assumed that there would be no trade-in allowance (see estimate for G.S. 105-187.3(b)).

### 79. Sales by Nonprofits Whose Proceeds Go to the State

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(34)

**Description:** Sales of items by a nonprofit civic, charitable, educational, scientific or literary organization when the net proceeds of the sales will be given to the State of North Carolina or to one of its agencies or instrumentalities, or to one or more nonprofit charitable organizations, one of whose purposes is to serve as a conduit through which such net proceeds will flow to the State or to one or more of its agencies or instrumentalities.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-801 - effective for sales on or after Jan. 1, 1974

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 80. Sales by Nonprofits Conducted Annually

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(35)

**Description:** Sales by nonprofits conducted annually when the proceeds are used for the organization's activities. The products sold must be delivered to the purchaser within 60 days after the first solicitation of any sale made during the organization's annual sales period. S.L. 2023-12 added conditions for nonprofits that conducted more than one annual sales event..

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-801 - effective for sales on or after July 1, 1979

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.4 FY24-25......\$2.4

Data Source: Girl Scout & Boy Scout receipts from Guidestar

# 81. Advertising Supplements Sold with Newspapers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(36)

**Description:** Advertising supplements and any other printed matter ultimately to be

distributed with or as part of a newspaper.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1983-873 – effective July 20, 1983

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

**Data Source:** Annual reports of publicly-traded newspaper companies; 2021 Service Annual Survey (US Census Bureau)

### 82. Components of Free Distribution Periodicals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(39)

**Description:** Sales of paper, ink, and other tangible personal property to commercial printers and commercial publishers for use in free distribution periodicals and sales by printers of free distribution periodicals to the publishers of these periodicals.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1985-656 - effective Oct. 1, 1985; S.L. 1999-438 repealed this exemption, effective Oct. 1, 1999; S.L. 2004-124 reinstated this exemption, effective July 1, 2005

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** An estimate was provided by a legislative fiscal note for House Bill 1149 (2003-04 session)

### 83. Sales to the Department of Transportation

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(40)

**Description:** Sales to the North Carolina Department of Transportation. This exemption does not apply to sales of tangible personal property to contractors for use in the performance of contracts with the Department of Transportation.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1985-973 - effective Aug. 1, 1986

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.0 FY24-25......\$0.0

**Note:** Additional sales tax revenue would be offset by additional State costs.

# 84. Mobile Classrooms Purchased by Boards of Education or Community Colleges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(41)

**Description:** Sales of mobile classrooms to local boards of education or to local boards of trustees of community colleges.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1993-484 - effective Oct. 1, 1993; this exemption was enacted when mobile offices and classrooms became taxable under the sales tax rather than the highway use tax.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.6 FY24-25......\$0.6

**Data Source:** Amount spent on mobile classrooms was estimated using data from NC Public Schools; various LEA budgets

### 85. Articles Donated by Retailer or Wholesaler

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(42)

**Description:** Tangible personal property that is purchased by a retialer for resale or is manufactured or purchased by a wholesale merchant for resale and then withdrawn from inventory and donated by the retailer or wholesale merchant.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1996-14 - effective Aug. 1, 1996

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 86. Custom Computer Software

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(43)

**Description:** Sales of custom computer software and the portion of prewritten computer software that is modified or enhanced if the modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1983-713 excluded custom computer software from the definition of "tangible property"; S.L. 1997-370, effective for sales made on or after Oct. 1, 1997, changed the statutes to the more restrictive exemption.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$123.8 FY24-25......\$131.7

**Data Source:** Revenues of software publishers and computer systems design companies from "custom applications design and development," 2021 Service Annual Survey, US Census Bureau

# 87. Certain Computer Software

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(43a)

**Description:** Computer software that meets any of the following descriptions: (a) it is designed to run on an enterprise server operating system, (b) it is sold to a person who operates a datacenter and is used within the datacenter, (c) it is sold to a person who provides cable service; telecommunications service, or video programming and is used to provide ancillary service, cable service, Internet access service, telecommunications service, or video programming.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2009-451 - effective Jan. 1, 2010. Prior to this legislation, digital downloads were not subject to the sales tax.

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 88. Component Software or Digital Property

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(43b)

**Description:** Effective January 1, 2010: Computer software or digital property that

becomes a component part of other computer software or digital property that is offered

for sale or of a service that is offered for sale.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2009-451 - effective Jan. 1, 2010

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 89. Certain Items Purchased by Interstate Passenger Air Carriers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45)

**Description:** Sales of aircraft lubricants, repair parts and accessories to an interstate

passenger air carrier for use at its hub.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1999-360 - effective Jan. 1, 2001

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 90. Lubricants and Parts Used in Maintenance of Commercial Aircraft

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45a)

**Description:** Sales to an interstate air business of tangible personal property that becomes a component part of or is dispensed as a lubricant into commercial aircraft during its maintenance, repair, or overhaul.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2004-124 - effective Oct. 1, 2004

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.0 FY24-25......\$7.2

**Data Source:** 2019 Service Annual Survey; share of maintenance material in airline expenses from Air Transport Association "Quarterly Cost Index"; Bureau of Labor Statistics data on Air Transportation quarterly employment and wages

### 91. Certain Items Purchased by Interstate Air Couriers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45b)

**Description:** Sales to interstate air courier (a) aircraft lubricants, repair parts and accessories, (b) materials handling equipment, racking systems, and related parts and accessories for the storage or handling and movement of tangible personal property at an airport or in a warehouse or distribution facility.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1999-360 added part (a) of this exemption, effective Jan. 1, 2001; S.L. 2005-276, effective Oct. 1, 2005, added the remaining parts; these items were previously subject to a 1% tax, with a \$80 cap per item since Jan. 1, 2001 (S.L. 1998-55)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 92. Aircraft Simulators

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45c)

Description: Sales of aircraft simulators to a company for flight crew training and

maintenance training.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2009-511, effective Oct. 1, 2009; S.L. 2005-276 had allowed an exemption only for interstate air carriers; purchases by interstate air carriers or interstate air couriers were previously taxed at 1%, with a \$80 cap, effective for purchases made on or after May 1, 1999 (S.L. 1999-360)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 93. Items Related to Qualified Aircraft or Qualified Jet Engine

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45d)

**Description:** Parts and accessories for use in the repair or maintenance of a qualified aircraft or a qualified jet engine. S.L. 2023-134 expanded the deduction to include aircraft with a maximum take-off weight between 2,000 and 9,000 pounds.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-259 – effective Oct. 1, 2015

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 94. Items related to Interstate Air and Ground Courier

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(45e)

**Description:** Exemption for sales to an interstate air and ground courier of materials handling equipment, automated conveyor systems, racking systems, and related parts and accessories for the storage or handling and movement of tangible personal property at its package sorting facility.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2022-74 -- effective for purchases made on or after July 1, 2022

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** The investment of private funds must be at least \$100 million and the employment level must be at least 400 within 5 years after the date the facility is placed into service. Refer to estimates in Legislative Fiscal Note for House Bill 103 (2022).

# 95. Electricity to Municipalities Supplied by Federal Agency

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(46)

**Description:** Sales of electricity by a municipality whose only wholesale provider is a federal agency and who is required by a contract with that federal agency to make payments in lieu of taxes.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1999-438 - prior to this, the exemption was included in the definition of "utility" in G.S. 105-164.3 when the sales tax was applied to electricity in 1985 - S.L. 1985-23.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.8 FY24-25......\$2.8

**Data Source:** Tennessee Valley Authority report for Federal Fiscal Year 2018

**Note:** The estimates are based on a 7% combined State rate. Payments by TVA in lieu of taxes have been netted out of the estimates.

# 96. Delivery Charges of Direct Mail

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(49a)

**Description:** Delivery charges for delivery of direct mail if the charges are separately

stated on an invoice.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2004-124 - effective Oct. 1, 2004

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** An estimate was provided by a legislative fiscal note for HB 1414 (2003-04 session)

### 97. Goods Sold Through Vending Machines

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(50)

**Description:** 50% of the sales price of goods sold through coin-operated vending

machines, except tobacco and newspapers.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1987-854 - effective July 1, 1989; this exemption was originally included in G.S. 105-164.3 under the definition of "sales price"

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$13.8 FY24-25......\$14.1

**Data Source:** "2021 State of the Vending Industry Report," Automatic Merchandiser; 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

### 98. Water Delivered Through Main Pipes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(51)

**Description:** Water delivered through main lines for either commercial or domestic use or consumption.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2003-284 -- prior to this, water delivered through main lines or pipes was excluded from tax because it was excluded from the definition of tangible personal property.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$77.3 FY24-25......\$78.0

**Data Source:** NC Department of Energy and Natural Resources; "Statistical Information on Water and Sewer Operations," North Carolina Department of State Treasurer

**Note:** The estimate only considers a sales tax on the variable rates on water consumption. It does not include fixed charges or wastewater rates. Prior to July 1, 2014, there was a franchise tax on water companies subject to regulation by the North Carolina Utilities Commission; the tax is 4% of taxable gross receipts from the operation of a water system and 6% of gross receipts from the operation of a public sewer system; however, systems owned by counties and municipal corporations are exempt from the franchise tax.

### 99. Sales to State Agencies

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(52)

**Description:** Items subject to sales and use tax under G.S. 105-164.4, other than electricity, telecommunications service, and ancillary service. The items must be purchased by a State agency for its own use and in accordance with G.S. 105-164.29A. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2003-431, effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2004

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.0 FY24-25......\$0.0

# 100. Aerial Survey Data

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(53)

**Description:** Sales to a professional land surveyor of tangible personal property on which custom aerial survey data is stored in digital form or is depicted in graphic form.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2004-124 - effective Oct. 1, 2004

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 101. Pay Telephone Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(54)b

**Description:** Receipts of a pay telephone provider from the sale of pay telephone services. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2001-430 - effective Jan. 1, 2002. Pay telephone calls that are

paid for by coin were exempt by S.L. 1998-197, effective Jan. 1, 2000.

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### **102. 911** Charges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(54)c

**Description:** 911 charges imposed under G.S. 62A-43 and remitted to the 911 Fund under

that section.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2001-430 - effective Jan. 1, 2002

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$6.7 FY24-25......\$6.9

Data Source: State 911 Plan Report, NC 911 Board

**Note:** The estimate is based on the State tax rate on telecommunications, which is 7% for the relevant time periods.

### 103. Telephone Charges Related to Occupancy of an Accommodation

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(54)d

**Description:** Charges for telephone service made by a hotel, motel, or another entity whose gross receipts are taxable under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3) when the charges are incidental to the occupancy of the entity's accommodations.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2001-430 - effective Jan. 1, 2002

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: 2012 Economic Census product-line data for accomodations

**Note:** The estimate is based on the State tax rate on telecommunications, which is 7% for

the relevant time periods.

# 104. Charges Related to State Network and Other Government Data Networks

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(54)e

**Description:** Charges to a State agency or to a local unit of government for the State Network and other data networks owned or leased by the State or unit of local

government.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2001-487 - effective Jan. 1, 2002

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 105. Electricity and Equipment for an Eligible Internet Datacenter

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(55)

**Description:** Sales of electricity and certain business property to an eligible Internet datacenter. The datacenter must be located in a Tier 1 or Tier 2 county and at least \$250 million must be invested in real or eligible business property over 5 years. Eligible business property includes equipment cooling systems; equipment used in the generation, transformation, transmission, distribution, or management of electricity; and property used to provide related computer engineering or computer science research.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2006-66 - effective for sales on or after Oct. 1, 2006

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 106. Electricity and Equipment for a Qualifying Datacenter

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(55)

**Description:** Sales of electricity and datacenter support equipment to an eligible datacenter. The datacenter must invest at least \$75 million in real or tangible property within a 5-year period, beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2012.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-259 - effective Jan. 1, 2016

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.0 FY24-25......\$4.0

**Data Source:** Legislative Fiscal Note for House Bill 117 (2015)

### 107. Locomotives, Cranes and Trucks for a Railroad Intermodal Facility

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(56)

**Description:** Sales to the owner or lessee of an eligible railroad intermodal facility of intermodal cranes, intermodal hostler trucks, and railroad locomotives that reside on the premises of the facility and are used at the facility.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2007-323 - effective Jan. 1, 2007

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 108. Electricity Used by Manufacturers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(57)

**Description:** Electricity sold to a manufacturer for use in connection with the operation of a manufacturing plant. The exemption does not apply to electricity used at a facility at which the primary activity is not manufacturing.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2007-397 - effective July 1, 2010; prior to this, electricity for manufacturing had a preferential tax rate of 2.83% (S.L. 1996 2nd extra session-2013), which was phased out between Oct. 1, 2007 and June 30, 2010.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$93.4 FY24-25......\$92.8

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data; Energy Information Administration

**Note:** Estimates for electricity purchases made on or after July 1, 2014 are based on the 7% State combined tax rate. No deduction to the estimates is made to account for related distributions to municipalities of a share of tax revenues.

# 109. Piped Natural Gas Used by Manufacturers (except Power Plants)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(57)

**Description:** Piped natural gas sold to a manufacturer (except a power plant) for use in connection with the operation of a manufacturing plant. Piped natural gas used for comfort heating only is not included in this exemption.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2007-397 - effective July 1, 2010; prior to this, the piped natural gas tax implicitly gave manufacturers a tax break by having a tax schedule that gave reduced rates to large end-users; rates for manufacturers were further reduced between Oct. 1, 2007 and June 30, 2010.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$49.2 FY24-25......\$49.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax databases; Energy Information Administration

**Note:** Estimates for piped natural gas purchases made on or after July 1, 2014 are based on the 7% State combined tax rate. No deduction to the estimates is made to account for related distributions to municipalities of a share of tax revenues.

### 110. Piped Natural Gas Used by Manufacturers (Power Plants)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(57)

**Description:** Piped natural gas sold to a power plant for use in connection with the operation of a manufacturing plant. Piped natural gas used for comfort heating only is not included in this exemption.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2007-397 - effective July 1, 2010; prior to this, the piped natural gas tax implicitly gave manufacturers a tax break by having a tax schedule that gave reduced rates to large end-users; rates for manufacturers were further reduced between Oct. 1, 2007 and June 30, 2010.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$183.8 FY24-25......\$191.0

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax databases; Energy Information Administration

**Note:** Estimates for piped natural gas purchases made on or after July 1, 2014 are based on the 7% State combined tax rate. No deduction to the estimates is made to account for related distributions to municipalities of a share of tax revenues.

## 111. Other Fuel Used by Manufacturers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(57)

**Description:** Other fuel sold to a manufacturer for use in connection with the operation of

a manufacturing plant.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2007-397 - effective July 1, 2010; prior to this, fuel for manufacturing had a preferential tax rate of 1% (S.L. 1961-826), which was phased out between Oct. 1, 2007 and June 30, 2010; S.L. 1955-1313 exempted fuel for

manufacturing

FY23-24.....\$14.4 **Estimate (in millions):** FY24-25 ...... \$14.8

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax databases; Energy Information Administration

**Note:** Estimates are based on the 4.75% State sales and use tax rate.

### 112. Disaster Assistance Debit Card Purchases

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(58)

**Description:** Tangible personal property purchased with a client assistance debit card issued for disaster assistance relief by a State agency or a federal agency or instrumentality.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2008-107 - effective Aug. 1, 2008

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 113. Interior Design Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(59)

**Description:** Interior design services provided in conjunction with the sale of

tangible personal property.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2008-107 - effective Aug. 1, 2008

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24.....\$3.0 FY24-25 ..... \$3.1

**Data Source:** County Business Patterns and Nonemployer Statistics for the relevant

industry subsector

**Note:** The estimate assumes 10% of estimated services would be taxable. The estimate does not factor in sales of decorator charges by other types of businesses, such as furniture stores. In general, charges by retailers for services necessary to complete a sale of tangible personal property are considered part of the sales price and are therefore taxable. The Department of Revenue issued a technical bulletin related to

interior design services prior to this exemption setting out guidelines for taxpayers regarding when the services would be taxable.

#### 114. Motor Vehicle Service Contract

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61)

**Description:** A motor vehicle service contract is exempt.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-259 - effective March 1, 2016 (re-codified by S.L. 2017-

204)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** Service contracts on motor vehicles were taxable as of Jan. 1, 2014 and prior to March 1, 2016. Repair & maintenance services related to service contracts (except manufacturer or dealer warranties) were taxable as of March 1, 2016.

# 115. Service Contracts or RMI Services on Exempt Items

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)a

**Description:** Receipts from service contracts and RMI services related to an item exempt from tax under this Article are exempt. Also, property and services used to fulfill a service or contract for this item are exempt. This exemption does not apply to water for a pool, fish tank or similar aquatic feature or to a motor vehicle, except as provided under G.S. 105-164.13(62a).

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 - effective Jan. 1, 2014 for service contracts; effective March 1, 2016 for RMI services

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$167.9 FY24-25......\$172.5

**Data Source:** Based on this report's estimates of the following exempt items: equipment exempt by G.S. 105.164.13(5a) through G.S. 105-164.13(5o); durable medical equipment; commercial logging machinery; and datacenter equipment. The estimate of service contract rate is derived from the "service contract" product line for retailers in 2012 Economic Census, US Census Bureau; repair and maintenance costs are estimated based on Annual Survey of Manufacturers (US Census Bureau)

# 116. Motor Vehicle Emissions and Safety Inspection Fee

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(61a)b

**Description:** A motor vehicle emissions and safety inspection fee imposed pursuant to G.S. 20-183.7, provided the fee is separately stated on the invoice or other documentation provided to the purchaser at the time of sale.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$8.3 FY24-25......\$8.5

Data Source: Estimates based on NC DOT Highway Fund financial statements

### 117. Services Performed by a Related Person

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)c

**Description:** Services performed for a person by a related member.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 118. Services Related to Cleaning of Real Property

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(61a)d

**Description:** Cleaning of real property, except where the service constitutes a part of the gross receipts derived from the rental of an accommodation subject to tax under G.S.

105-164.4 or for a pool, fish tank, or other similar aquatic feature.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$81.4 FY24-25......\$85.4

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

# 119. Services on Roads, Driveways, Parking Lots, & Sidewalks

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)e

**Description:** Services on roads, driveways, parking lots, and sidewalks.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 120. Removal of Waste and Debris

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)f

**Description:** Removal of waste, trash, debris, grease, snow, and other similar items from property, other than a motor vehicle. The exemption applies to household and commercial trash collection and removal services. The exemption applies to the removal of septage from property, including motor vehicles, but does not include removal of septage from portable toilets.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$59.4 FY24-25......\$62.4

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

# 121. Certain Real Property Inspections

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)g

**Description:** An inspection performed where the results are included in a report for the sale or financing of real property; an inspection of the structural integrity of real property; an inspection to a system that is a capital improvement under G.S. 105-164.3(2c)f., provided the inspection is to fulfill a safety requirement.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.6 FY24-25......\$4.8

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

## 122. Alterations & Clothing Repairs

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)h

**Description:** Alteration and repair of clothing, except where the service constitutes a part of the gross receipts derived from the rental of clothing subject to tax under G.S. 105-

164.4 or for alteration and repair of belts and shoes. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$17.8 FY24-25......\$18.5

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

### 123. Pest Control Service

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)i **Description:** Pest control services.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$26.1 FY24-25......\$27.7

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census) and Quarterly Census of Wages

and Employment (BLS)

### 124. Moving Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)j **Description:** Moving services.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$24.4 FY24-25......\$25.8

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

# 125. Self-Service & Limited-Service Vehicle Washes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)k

**Description:** Self-service vehicle washes and vacuums and limited-service vehicle washes. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017; for limited-service vehicle

washes, S.L. 2019-169, effective Oct. 1, 2019

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$9.3 FY24-25......\$9.7

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

126. Utility Network Assets

**Citation:** G.S.  $105-164.13(61a)\ell$ 

**Description:** Exempts tax on RMI and service contracts for a transmission, distribution, or

other network asset contained on utility-owned land, right-of-way, or easement. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-316 - effective Jan. 1, 2014 for service contracts;

effective March 1, 2016 for RMI services

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 127. Qualified Aircraft or Jet Engine

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)m.1&2

**Description:** Exempts tax on RMI and service contracts for a qualified aircraft or qualified jet engine. A qualified aircraft has a maximum take-off weight of more than 9,000

pounds but not in excess of 15,000 pounds.

**Enacting Legislation:** 2015-259 - effective Oct. 1, 2015

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 128. RMI & Service Contracts for Other Aircraft

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(61a)m.3

**Description:** Exempts tax on RMI services and service contracts on an aircraft with a

gross take-off weight of more than 2000 pounds.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective July 1, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 129. Funeral-Related Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)n

**Description:** Funeral-related services, including services for the burial of remains. This exemption does not apply to the sale of tangible personal property, such as caskets,

headstones, and monuments.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$16.4 FY24-25......\$16.8

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

# 130. Services Performed on an Animal

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)o

Description: Services performed on an animal, such as hoof shoeing and microchipping a

pet.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$20.2 FY24-25......\$21.6

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

131. Security Service Contract for Real Property

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)p

**Description:** A security or similar monitoring contract for real property. The exemption does not apply to charges for repair, maintenance, and installation services to repair security, alarm, and other similar monitoring systems for real property.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-3, sec. 6.1(c) - effective Oct. 1, 2014

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$26.4 FY24-25......\$26.9

Data Source: 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US

Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

**Note:** This item was formerly listed as G.S. 105-164.4I(c)(1)

# 132. Service Contract for a Wastewater System

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61a)q

**Description:** A contract to provide a certified operator for a wastewater system.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-204 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** This item was formerly listed as G.S. 105-164.4I(c)(2)

### 133. Items Used to Fulfill Taxable Service Contracts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(62)

**Description:** An item used to fulfill a taxable service contract if the purchaser of the contract is not charged the item or services. The exemption does not include a tool, equipment, supply or similar item that is not a component or repair part of the property for which a service contract is sold to a purchaser.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2013-316 - effective Jan. 1, 2014

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 134. RMI Services Used to Fulfill Taxable Service Contracts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(62)

**Description:** Repair, maintenance, and installation services purchased or used to fulfill a service contract taxable under this Article if the purchaser of the contract is not charged for the services.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2015-241 - effective March 1, 2016 (modified by SL 2015-259)

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### 135. Repair Parts and RMI Services on Items Covered by a Warranty

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(62a)

**Description:** Repair parts or repair, maintenance, and installation services used to maintain or repair property or a motor vehicle covered by a manufacturer's warranty or a dealer's warranty.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-259 - effective March 1, 2016

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 136. Modular & Manufactured Homes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(64)

**Description:** Fifty percent of the sales price of a modular or manufactured home, including all accessories attached when delivered to the purchaser.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-100 - effective for sales made on or after Sept. 1, 2014; prior to Jan. 1, 2014, manufactured homes had a preferential tax rate of 2% with a maximum tax of \$300 (S.L. 1957-1340; SL 1989-692) and modular homes had a preferential tax rate of 2.5% (S.L. 2003-400)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$23.3 FY24-25......\$25.3

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

# 137. Motorsports Engine & Related Items

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(65) & (65a)

**Description:** The sale, lease or rental of an engine to a professional motorsports racing team or a related member of a team for use in competition in a sanctioned race series; the sales price of or gross receipts derived from a service contract on, or repair, maintenance, and installation services for, a transmission, an engine, rear-end gears, and any other item that is purchased, leased or rented and that is exempt from tax or is allowed a sales tax refund under G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(5); an engine or part to build or rebuild an engine for use in competition in a sanctioned race series.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-414 - effective Jan. 1, 2014 for service contract; S.L. 2015-259 - effective Sept. 30, 2015

Sunset Date: Jan. 1, 2028

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

# 138. Storage of a Motor Vehicle

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(66)

**Description:** Storage of a motor vehicle, provided the charge is separately stated on the invoice or other documentation provided to the purchaser at the time of the sale.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.8 FY24-25......\$2.9

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census)

# 139. Towing Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(67)

**Description:** Towing services, provided the charge is separately stated on the invoice or

other documentation provided to the purchaser at the time of the sales.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$11.9 FY24-25......\$12.5

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual County Business Patterns (US Census); annual Nonemployer Statistics (US Census); annual NC Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (BLS)

### 140. Wastewater Dispersal System Items

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(68)

**Description:** Sales of products that are made of more than 75% by weight of recycled materials when the products are sold for use in an accepted wastewater dispersal system as defined in G.S. 130A-343. Effective July 1, 2017, other wastewater dispersal systems that are approved the Department of Health and Human Services were exempted.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Oct. 1, 2016; S.L. 2017-139 expanded the exemption

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

### 141. Coins, Currency and Bullion Sales

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(69)

**Description:** Sales of non-coin currency, investment metal bullion, and investment coins

are exempt.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2017-181 - effective July 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.4 FY24-25......\$1.8

**Data Source:** Legislative Fiscal Note for HB 434 (2017), adjusted for change in the price of gold

### 142. North Carolina Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(71)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of items to the North Carolina Life and Health Insurance

Guaranty Association.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2019-169 - effective July 26, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 143. Educational Service for Home Schools

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(72)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of a digital audio work or a digital audiovisual work that is a qualifying education expense under G.S. 115C-595(a)(3) to the operator of a home school as defined in G.S. 115C-563.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2020-6 - effective Oct. 1, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

## 144. Live Services Provided Through Digital Works

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(73)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of a digital audio work or digital audiovisual work that consists of nontaxable service content when the electronic transfer of the digital audio work or digital audiovisual work occurs contemporaneously with the provision of the nontaxable service in real time.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2020-6 - effective Oct. 1, 2019

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 145. Continuing Care Retirement Communities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(74)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of items by a provider of continuing care to its residents, other than sales of alcoholic beverages. A provider of continuing care must pay sales and use tax on the purchase price of an item that is exempt from tax under this subdivision as if the provider is the user of the item. As a result, the provider of continuing care is not required to pay sales or use tax if the purchase would be exempt if purchased for use, not resale, by the provider.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2023-134, effective for sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$5.3 FY24-25......\$8.0

**Data Source:** Legislative Fiscal Note for HB 259 (2023), adjusted for change in effective date

# 146. Breast Pumps and Related Items

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(74)

**Description:** Exemption for sales of breast pumps, including repair and replacement parts, breast pump kits, and breast pump collection and storage supplies.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2023-134, effective for sales occurring on or after Nov. 1, 2023.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.0 FY24-25......\$3.1

**Data Source:** Legislative Fiscal Note for HB 259 (2023), adjusted for change in effective date

# 147. Service Charges on Meals and Beverages

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13A

**Description:** Service charges, considered tips, imposed on food, beverages or prepared food that do not exceed 20% of the sale price. The charges must be stated on the menu

or price list and also in the invoice or bill. The charges must be given to the personnel directly involved in providing the service.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-801; S.L. 1998-438 expanded the exemption by increasing the tip percentage maximum from 15% to 20%.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.6 FY24-25......\$2.7

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses; annual Retail Trade Report, U.S. Census Bureau

### 148. Food for Home Consumption

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13B

**Description:** Food is exempt from sales and use taxes unless the food is in one of the following categories: (1) dietary supplements, (2) food sold through a vending machine, (3) prepared food, other than bakery items sold by an artisan bakery, (4) soft drinks, (5) candy.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1998-212 - effective for sales made on or after May 1, 1999; food was subject to the State sales tax beginning in 1961; the State tax on food for home consumption was phased out between Jan. 1, 1997 and May 1, 1999

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1,262.4 FY24-25......\$1,309.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue data on 2% Local Sales Tax on food through June 2023

**Note:** Food for home consumption remains subject to a 2% local sales tax.

### 149. Certain Artisan Bakery Items

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13B

**Description:** Exempts bakery items sold without eating utensils by an artisan bakery. An artisan bakery is a bakery that (a) derives over 80% of its receipts from bakery items, and (b) has annual gross receipts of no more than \$1.8 million.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2008-107 - effective for sales on or after Jan. 1, 2009

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$4.4 FY24-25......\$4.6

**Data Source:** 2012 & 2017 Economic Censuses. NC data on number of establishments through 2023 were obtained from US Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

# 150. Fuel and Electricity for Farming

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(1)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for fuel and electricity that is measured by a separate memter or another device and used for a purpose other than preparing food, heating dwellings, and other household purposes. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Jan. 1, 2006; fuel had previously been exempt (S.L. 1949-392) before becoming subject to a 1% preferential tax rate (S.L.

1961-826); electricity was not exempt until July 1, 2010, although it was previously taxed at a preferential rate.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$26.4 FY24-25......\$26.3

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture; Energy Information Administration

### 151. Fertilizers, Seeds and Related Items Sold to a Farmer

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(2)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for commercial fertilizer, lime, land plaster, plastic mulch, plant bed covers, potting soil, baler twine, and seeds. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years. Compost was added to this list, effective October 1, 2023.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1939-158 exempted fertilizers; S.L. 1945-708 exempted seeds; S.L. 2001-514 limited the exemption of fertilizers and seeds to farmers; S.L. 2004-124 and S.L. 2005-276, and S.L. 2007-500 added items to the list of exemptions.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$52.6 FY24-25......\$53.8

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

# 152. Farm Machinery and Related Parts and Lubricants

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(3)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for farm machinery, attachment and repair parts for farm machinery, and lubricants applied to farm machinery. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Jan. 1, 2006; these items had been subject to a 1% preferential tax rate, with a \$80 cap per item (S.L. 1961-826); they were previously exempt (S.L. 1955-1313)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$19.9 FY24-25......\$20.3

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture; Energy Information Administration

### 153. Certain Containers Sold to a Farmer

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(4)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for containers used in the planting, cultivating, harvesting, or curing of farm crops or in the production of dairy products, eggs, or animals or used in packaging and transporting the farmer's product

for sale. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Jan. 1, 2006; these items were previously subject to a 1% preferential tax rate, with a \$80 cap, effective July 1, 1982 (S.L. 1981-1273)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.1 FY24-25......\$1.1

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

# 154. Certain Storage Facilities Sold to a Farmer

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(5)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for a grain, feed, or soybean storage facility and parts and accessories attached to the facility. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Jan. 1, 2006; these items were previously subject to a 1% preferential tax rate, with a \$80 cap, effective July 1, 1979 (S.L. 1979-801)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.8 FY24-25......\$2.9

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

### 155. Feeds, Litter and Medications for Farming

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(6)a

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for remedies, vaccines, medications, litter materials, and feeds for animals. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1945-708 exempted seeds; S.L. 1977-1219 added the exemption for remedies, vaccines, and medications; S.L. 1995-477 restricted the exemptions to purchases for commercial use

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$232.1 FY24-25......\$235.0

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

**Note:** G.S. 105-164.13E(c1), enacted by S.L. 2018-5 and effective retroactively to July 1, 2014, allows this exemption for persons who purchase these items in order to provide a service to a qualified farmer.

# 156. Certain Substances Used on Animals or Plants for Commercial Purposes

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(6)b-e

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for (b) rodenticides, insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and pesticides; (c) defoliants for use on cottor or

other crops; (d) plant growth inhibitors, regulators, or stimulators, including systemic and contact or other sucker control agents for tobacco and other crops; (e) semen. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1945-708 exempted insecticides; S.L. 1949-1271, S.L. 1963-1169 and S.L. 1969-907 added items; S.L. 1995-477 restricted the exemptions to purchases for commercial use.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$18.9 FY24-25......\$19.3

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

**Note:** G.S. 105-164.13E(c1), enacted by S.L. 2018-5 and effective retroactively to July 1, 2014, allows this exemption for persons who purchase these items in order to provide a service to a qualified farmer.

### 157. Fowl Sold to a Farmer

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(7)a

Description: Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for purchases of fowl. (Prior to the enactment of S.L. 2021-180, this item referred to "baby chicks and poults".)
Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2020-6, effective July 1, 2020. A similar exemption existed prior to July 1, 2014.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$39.6 FY24-25......\$41.4

**Data Source:** North Carolina 2017 Census of Agriculture & Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculturee

# 158. Livestock Sold to a Farmer – Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(7)b

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for livestock, as defined by G.S. 105-164.3. This item only includes the sale of cattle, sheep, goats and swine under the livestock exemption.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2020-6, effective July 1, 2020. Many of these sales would have been exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(4b).

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$27.0 FY24-25......\$28.1

**Data Source:** North Carolina 2017 Census of Agriculture & Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculturee

### 159. Livestock Sold to a Farmer - Horses and Mules

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(7)b

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for livestock, as defined by G.S. 105-164.3. This item only includes the sale of horses and mules under the livestock exemption.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2020-6, effective July 1, 2020. A similar exemption existed prior to July 1, 2014.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.5 FY24-25......\$0.5

**Data Source:** North Carolina 2017 Census of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

# 160. Manufactured Facilities, Building Materials, and Related Equipment for Commercial Housing of Animals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(8)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for (a) commercially manufactured facility to be used for commercial purposes for housing, raising, or feeding animals or for housing equipment necessary for these commercial activities, as well as equipment, and parts and accessories for the equipment, used in the facility; (b) building materials, supplies, fixtures, and equipment that become a part of or are used in the construction, repair, or improvement of an enclosure or a structure used for housing, raising or feeding animals or for housing equipment necessary for one of these commercial activities. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year or an average of \$10,000 in the prior 3 years.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1985-973 - effective Aug. 1, 1986 for construction and repair materials; other items added by S.L. 1987-800; these items had been taxed at a preferential rate of 1%, with a \$80 cap beginning July 1, 1979 (S.L. 1979-801) for swine facilities and July 1, 1983 (S.L. 1983-805) for livestock and poultry facilities.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$8.7 FY24-25......\$8.9

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

# 161. Tobacco Farming Items

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(9)

**Description:** Qualifying farmers are allowed an exemption for a bulk tobacco barn or rack, parts and accessories attached to the tobacco barn or rack, and any similar apparatus, part, or accessory used to cure or dry tobacco or another crop. For periods on or after July 1, 2014, a qualifying farmer has gross annual income from farming of at least \$10,000 in the prior calendar year.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-276 - effective Jan. 1, 2006; these items were previously subject to a 1% preferential tax rate, with a \$80 cap per item (S.L. 1971-887)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture

#### 162. RMI Services for Farmers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a)(10)

**Description:** Repair, maintenance and installation services purchased by a qualifying or

conditional farmer and for use by the farmer in farming operations.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective Jan. 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$10.6 FY24-25......\$10.7

**Data Source:** Farm Production Expenditure report for North Carolina (through 2022), National Agricultural Statistics Service, United States Department of Agriculture; Energy Information Administration

### 163. Items for a Zoo Operated by Farmer

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13E(a1)

**Description:** Exemption for qualifying farmer or conditional farmer who operates a zoo in addition to the farmer's farming operations for the items listed in subsection (a) of this section and primarily used in the farmer's zoo operations..

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2022-45 - effective for purchases made on or after Jan. 1, 2023

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 164. Items for a Wildlife Manager

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13F

**Description:** Exemption for certain items purchased by a wildlife manager and used primarily for wildlife management activities on wildlife conservation land. The exemption also includes repair, maintenance and installation services for items exempt from sales tax.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2022-45 - effective for purchases made on or after Oct. 1, 2022

**Estimate (in millions):** Unavailable

# 165. RMI Services for Boats, Aircraft and Jet Engines in Excess of \$25,000

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.27A(a3)

**Description:** The amount of the use tax exemption is the amount of the installation charges and sales price of or gross receipts derived from the repair, maintenance, and installation services for boats, aircraft or a qualified jet engine that exceed \$25,000...

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2016-94 - effective July 1, 2016

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

### Refunds

### 166. Refund to Interstate Carrier

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14(a)

**Description:** An interstate carrier is allowed a refund of part of the sales and use taxes paid on the purchase in this State of railway cars and locomotives, and fuel, lubricants, repair parts, and accessories for a motor vehicle, railroad car, locomotive, or airplane the carrier operates.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$3.6 FY24-25......\$3.5

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** Refund requests are made quarterly. Therefore, refunds lag taxes paid by up to 3 months.

# 167. Partial Refund for Purchases of Railway Cars and Accessories by a Utility

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14(a2)

**Description:** A utility company may receive a semiannual refund of part of the sales and use taxes it pays on the purchase in this State of railway cars and locomotives and accessories. The refund is based on the percentage of miles that the utility company operated its locomotives and railway cars in North Carolina during the refund period.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-06 - effective July 1, 2006

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

# 168. Refund of Sales Taxes to Nonprofits

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14(b)

**Description:** Refunds for sales taxes paid on purchases, other than electricity, telecommunications piped natural gas, video programming and prepaid meal plans, for use in carrying on the work of the nonprofit and indirect purchases of building materials and related equipment. The refund is only for nonprofits in the following categories: (1) hospitals, (2) an entity exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, except if they are in the following areas: community improvement and capacity building; public and societal benefit; mutual and membership benefit, (4) qualified retirement facilities, (5) volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical service squads. Tax paid on sales by the nonprofits are not refundable.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1961-826 – effective July 1, 1961; this refund provision replaced an existing exemption (S.L. 1943-400)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$311.4 FY24-25......\$319.2

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** Effective for purchases made on or after July 1, 2014: the total annual State-related refund allowed an entity for a fiscal year may not exceed \$31,700,000.

### 169. Refunds of Tax on Medicine and Drug Purchases to Certain Hospitals

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14(b)

**Description:** Hospitals not eligible for the refund of taxes on all tangible property purchases may receive a refund of tax on purchases of medicines and drugs for use in carrying out the work of such hospitals.

Enacting Legislation: SL 1977-895 - effective for taxes paid on or after July 1, 1977

Estimate (in millions): included in Item #168

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

### 170. Refunds to Certain Local Government Entities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14(c)

**Description:** Refunds for sales taxes paid on purchases, other than electricity and telecommunications, by certain governmental entities and indirect purchases of building materials for use by those entities.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1961-826 - this refund provision replaced an existing exemption

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$141.3 FY24-25......\$147.7

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** The estimate does not include refunds to the University of North Carolina Health Care System or a constituent institution of the University of North Carolina that were eligible under this provision.

### 171. Refund for Major Recycling Facilities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(2)

**Description:** The owner of a major recycling facility is allowed an annual refund of sales and use taxes paid by it on building materials, building supplies, fixtures, and equipment that became a part of the real property of the recycling facility.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1998-55 - effective July 1, 1998; this provision was formerly G.S. 105-164.14(g)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

### 172. Refund of Aviation Fuel for Motorsports Events

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(4)

**Description:** A professional motorsports racing team or a motorsports sanctioning body is allowed a refund of the sales and use tax paid by it in this State on aviation fuel that is used to travel to or from a motorsports event in this State, to travel to a motorsports event in another state from a location in this State, or to travel to this State from a motorsports event in another state.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2005-435 - effective for purchases made on or after Jan. 1,

2005; this provision was formerly G.S. 105-164.14(1)

Sunset Date: Expires for purchases made on or after Jan. 1, 2029

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

Data Source: Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

### 173. Refund on Professional Motor Racing Vehicle Parts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(5)

**Description:** A professional motorsports racing team may receive a refund of 50% of the sales tax paid on certain tangible personal property that comprises any part of a professional motor racing vehicle, except tires, instrumentation, telemetry, consumables and paint.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-66 - effective for purchases made on or after July 1,

2007; this provision was formerly G.S. 105-164.14(m)

Sunset Date: Expires for purchases made on or after Jan. 1, 2028

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.5 FY24-25......\$2.5

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports"

### 174. Refund for Railroad Intermodal Facilities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(7)

**Description:** The owner or lessee of an eligible railroad intermodal facility is allowed an annual refund of sales and use taxes paid by it under this Article on building materials, building supplies, fixtures, and equipment that become a part of the real property of the facility.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2007-323 - effective Jan. 1, 2007; this provision was formerly

G.S. 105-164.14(o)

Sunset Date: Expires for purchases made on or after Jan. 1, 2038

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Department of Revenue "Economic Incentive Reports".

### 175. Refund for a Transformative Project

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(8)

**Description:** An owner or lessee of a business that is the recipient of a JDIG grant on or before June 30, 2019, for a transformative project as defined in G.S. 143B-437.51(9a) is allowed a refund of sales and use tax paid by it on building materials, building supplies, fixtures, and equipment that becomes a part of the real property of the facility. An eligible project required an investment of \$1 billion and the creation of 3.000 jobs.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2017-57 - effective July 1, 2017

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0 FY24-25......\$0

### Preferential tax rates

# 176. Preferential Rate and Cap for Aircraft

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1a)c

**Description:** Effective October 1, 2015: Tax rate of 4.75% on the retail sale of each aircraft, including all accessories attached to the item at the time of purchase. The maximum tax is \$2,500 per article. Prior to Oct. 1, 2015, the tax rate was 3% on the retail sale of each aircraft or boat, with a maximum tax of \$1,500 per article.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340 - imposed a tax of 1% with an \$80 cap on airplanes; tax rate and cap were increased at various time intervals; S.L. 1967-1116 added boats, effective July 1, 1967; in 1989, the maximum tax on boats and aircraft was increased from \$300 to \$1,500 (S.L. 1989-692); tax rate was increased from 3.0% to 4.75% with \$2,500 cap, effective October 1, 2015 (S.L. 2015-259)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$18.2 FY24-25......\$18.5

Data Source: Department of Revenue tax data

**Note:** For the estimates, a price elasticity of demand of -4 was used to reflect a lower demand at a higher rate of tax.

### 177. Preferential Rate and Cap for Boats

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4(a)(1b)

**Description:** Tax rate of 3% on the retail sale of each aircraft or boat. The maximum tax is \$1,500 per article.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1957-1340 - imposed a tax of 1% with an \$80 cap on airplanes; tax rate and cap were increased at various time intervals; S.L. 1967-1116 added boats, effective July 1, 1967; in 1989, the maximum tax on boats and aircraft was increased from \$300 to \$1,500 (S.L. 1989-692).

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$26.4 FY24-25......\$26.7

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax data; National Marine Manufacturers Association

**Note:** For the estimates, a price elasticity of demand of -2 was used to reflect a lower demand at a higher rate of tax.

# Caps

# 178. Out-of-State Telecommunications Service at Call Centers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4C(f)

**Description:** The gross receipts tax on telecommunications service that originates outside this State, terminates in this State, and is provided by a call center that has a direct pay permit may not exceed \$50,000. (S.L. 2001-430)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2001-430 - effective Jan. 1, 2002. This is also when the exemption from sales tax for interstate calls was removed.

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

**Note:** There are five taxpayers with direct pay permits for telecommunications services. Not enough information was available to determine cost.

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# **Highway Use Tax (Article 5A)**

### **Tax Base Information**

The highway use tax is imposed on the privilege of using the highways of this State. It is imposed on the sale or lease of motor vehicles for which a certificate of title is issued. Trailers pulled by automobiles are included in this tax if they are required to have a title.

Prior to the creation of this tax in 1989, the purchase of motor vehicles was taxed under the sales & use tax at a rate of 2%, with a \$300 maximum. S.L. 1995-390 removed the \$40 minimum tax, effective July 1, 1996. S.L. 2001-424 removed the cap from non-commercial vehicles, effective Oct. 1, 2001. (S.L. 2001-497 restored the cap for recreational vehicles.)

The base rate is 3% on the sales of motor vehicles and on long-term leases and rentals; short-term leases are taxed at 8%. As of October 1, 2019, vehicle subscription services are taxed at 5%, as authorized by Session Law 2019-69.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, approximately \$1.08 billion was collected under the 3% tax, net of refunds. Approximately \$106.5 million was collected from the 8% short term lease and 5% subscription service, which are collected under the sales and use tax and transferred to the Highway Fund during each fiscal year.

# Tax Expenditures

### 1. Maximum Tax of \$2,000 for Class A or Class B Commercial Motor Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.3(a)

**Description:** Effective Jan. 1, 2016, the tax on each title issued for a Class A or Class B commercial motor vehicles is capped at \$2,000. Prior to Jan. 1, 2016, the maximum tax was \$1,000.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989; there was a cap for motor vehicles under the sales tax prior to the creation of the Highway Use Tax.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$33.2 FY24-25......\$34.9

**Data Source:** Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Transportation

### 2. Maximum Tax of \$2,000 for Recreational Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.3(a)

**Description:** Effective Jan. 1, 2016, the tax on each title issued for a recreational vehicles is capped at \$2,000. Prior to Jan. 1, 2016, the maximum tax was \$1,500.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989; the cap rose from \$1,000 in 1989 to \$1,500 on July 1, 1993; there was a cap for motor vehicles under the sales tax prior to the creation of the Highway Use Tax.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.6 FY24-25......\$8.0

**Data Source:** Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Transportation

#### 3. Trade-In Allowance on Sales of Motor Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.3(b)

**Description:** The retail value of a motor vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued is reduced by the amount of any allowance given by the seller for a motor vehicle taken in trade as a full or partial payment for the purchased motor vehicle.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989; a trade-in allowance was added in the sales tax statutes for motor vehicles by S.L. 1983-713, effective Aug. 1, 1983, when the maximum tax was raised from \$120 to \$300.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$186.3 FY24-25......\$190.0

**Data Source:** N.C. Department of Transportation; Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles; National Automobile Dealers Association; RL Polk & Co. (as used by NADA)

# 4. Trade-In Allowance on Leases of Motor Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.5(b)

**Description:** The gross receipts tax on a lease or rental of a motor vehicle does not include the amount of any allowance given for a motor vehicle taken in trade as a partial payment.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-410 - effective Oct. 1, 1995

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$2.7 FY24-25......\$2.8

**Data Source:** N.C. Department of Transportation; Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles; National Automobile Dealers Association; RL Polk & Co. (as used by NADA)

# 5. Title Issued by Will or Intestacy

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(4)

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued by will or intestacy.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 6. Gift Between Close Family Members

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(5)

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued by a gift between a

husband and wife, a parent and child, or a stepparent and a stepchild.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

# 7. Vehicles Leased to Public School Driver Education Programs

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(8)

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued to a local board of education for use in a driver education program when the vehicle is transferred back to

retailer within 300 days or from another board of education. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1993-467 - effective Aug. 1, 1993

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 8. Volunteer Fire and Rescue Squad Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(9)

**Description:** Full exemption for volunteer fire department or rescue squad, when the vehicle is either (1) a fire truck, a pump truck, a tanker truck, or a ladder truck used to suppress fire, (2) a four-wheel drive vehicle intended to be mounted with a water tank and used to fight forest fires, (3) an emergency service vehicle.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2001-424, section 34.24, effective October 1, 2001

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 9. Transfer to a Revocable Trust

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(11)

**Description:** Full exemption for transfer to a revocable trust from an owner who is the

sole beneficiary of the trust.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2010-95 - effective July 17, 2010

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 10. Charities Related to Vehicle Donations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(12)

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued as the result of a transfer of a vehicle to a charitable 501(c)(3) organization, where the vehicle was donated solely for purposes of resale.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-43 - effective June 22, 2018

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 11. Secured Party with Perfected Interest

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(b)(1)

**Description:** Maximum tax of \$40 when a certificate is issued to a secured party who has

a perfected interest in the motor vehicle.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

#### 12. Sales to Related Businesses

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(b)(2)

**Description:** Maximum of \$40 when a certificate of title is issued to a business that is not

a separate entity from the seller.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 13. Vehicles Titled in Another State

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(c)

**Description:** Maximum tax of \$250 if vehicle has been titled in another state for at least

90 days. Prior to Jan. 1, 2016, the maximum tax was \$150. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$5.0 FY24-25......\$5.1

**Data Source:** Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Transportation

#### 14. Credit for Tax Paid in Another State

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.7(a)

**Description:** Credit for amount of tax paid in another state within 90 days of applying for

title.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 15. Credit for Tax Paid in Another State if Previously Titled in NC

**Citation:** G.S. 105-1987.7(b)

**Description:** Credit for amount paid in another state within 1 year if vehicle was

previously titled in NC.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-512 - effective Oct. 1, 1995

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 16. Return of Purchased Vehicle

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.8

**Description:** Refund for return of purchased vehicle within 90 days of purchase.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1989-692, effective Oct. 1, 1989

# **Scrap Tire Disposal Tax (Article 5B)**

#### Tax Base Information

This privilege tax is imposed on a tire retailer on the sale price of each new tire sold at retail and on a retailer or wholesaler on the price of each new tire sold for placement on a vehicle offered for sale, lease or rental. The tax is also applicable to new tires that are purchased for storage, use or consumption in this State or for placement in this State on a vehicle offered for sales, lease or rental.

This tax was enacted by S.L. 1991-221 and became effective on July 1, 1991. (It replaced a similar provision that had been enacted in 1989 under Chapter 130A, effective Jan. 1, 1990.)

The base tax rate is 2%.

For Fiscal Year 2013-14 and forward, 30% of net revenues are transferred to the General Fund and the remaining 70% is distributed to counties on a per capita basis.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$29.0 million was collected from this tax, net of refunds. Of this amount, \$19.9 million was transferred to local governments.

# Tax Expenditures

# 1. Lower Tax Rate for Large Tires

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.16

**Description:** The tax rate on tires with a bead diameter of 20 inches or more is 1%. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1993-548 - the tax rate on tires with a bead diameter of less than 20 inches was increased from 1% to 2% effective October 1, 1993. A sunset of July 1, 1997 was in effect for the original legislation. This sunset was extended by subsequent legislation and later repealed by S.L. 2002-10.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.9 FY24-25......\$0.9

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax database

**Note:** The estimate does not include additional revenues that would be distributed to the counties, which is 70% of net revenues.

# 2. Exemption for Certain Tire Sales

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.18

**Description:** Exemption for bicycle tires, recapped tires, tires sold for placement on new

vehicle

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1991-221 – effective July 1, 1991

# White Goods Disposal Tax (Article 5C)

#### Tax Base Information

The tax is imposed on a white goods retailer at a flat rate of \$3 for each new white good sold. The tax is imposed on a new white good purchased outside the State for storage, use, or consumption in this State. Examples of white goods are refrigerators, ranges, water heaters, freezers, unit air conditioners, washing machines, clothes dryers, and dishwashers.

This tax was enacted by S.L. 1993-471 and became effective on January 1, 1994.

The base tax rate is \$3 for each new white good sold.

For Fiscal Year 2013-14 and forward, 28% of net revenues are transferred to the General Fund and 72% is distributed to counties on a per capita basis (unless the county is disallowed a distribution under G.S. 130A-309.87).

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$7.7 million was collected from this tax, net of refunds. Of this amount, \$3.2 million was distributed to local governments.

# Tax Expenditures

#### 1. Refund for Large Purchases

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.23

**Description:** Refund of 60% for person who buys at least 50 new white goods of any kind

in the same sale.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1993-471 - effective Jan. 1, 1994

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue tax database

**Note:** The estimate does not include additional revenues that would be distributed to the counties.

# **Severance Tax (Article 5I)**

#### Tax Base Information

The tax is imposed on all energy minerals severed from the soil and water of this State when sold.

This tax was enacted by S.L. 2014-4 and became effective July 1, 2015.

For oil and condensates, the tax rate is 2% between July 1, 2015 and Dec. 31, 2018; 3.5% between Jan. 1, 2019 and Dec. 31, 2020; and 5% on or after Jan. 1, 2021.

For gas, the tax rate ranges from 0.9% to 2.9% between July 1, 2015 and Dec. 31, 2018. The tax rate depends on the delivered to market value of the gas sold. Between Jan. 1, 2019 and Dec. 31, 2020, the tax rate ranges between 0.9% and 5%. On or after Jan. 1, 2021, the rate ranges from 0.9% to 9%.

The tax rate from a marginal gas well is 0.4% between July 1, 2015 and Dec. 31, 2018; 0.6% between Jan. 1, 2019 and Dec. 31, 2020; and 0.8% on or after Jan. 1, 2021.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$0.2 million was collected from this tax.

# **Tax Expenditures**

# 1. Delivered to Market Adjustment

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.78(a)

**Description:** A producer may deduct the actual costs of delivering the gas to market

incurred from the gross receipts of a cost reimbursement. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-4 - effective July 1, 2015

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

**Note:** It is estimated that little to no activity will occur during the relevant time period.

# 2. On-Site Use Exemption

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.79

**Description:** On-site use is exempt from the severance tax. On-site use refers to energy minerals that are used on the land from which they are taken by the producer and which have a yearly cumulative delivered to market value of not greater than \$1,200.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2014-4 - effective July 1, 2015

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

**Note:** It is estimated that little to no activity will occur during the relevant time period.

# **Transportation Commerce Tax (Article 5J)**

# **Tax Base Information**

This excise tax is imposed on all for-hire ground transport service providers for which a passenger is charged a fee.

This tax was enacted by S.L. 2023-134. It is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to for-hire ground transport services occurring on or after that date.

For exclusive-ride services, the tax rate is 1.5%. For shared-ride service, the tax rate is 1%.

The net tax proceeds are credited to the Highway Fund. The cost of administration of the tax is retained by the Department of Revenue.

# Tax Expenditures

# 1. Lower tax rate for shared-ride service

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.91(a)(2)

**Description:** The tax rate on shared-ride service is 2/3 the rate for exclusive-ride service.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2014-4 - effective July 1, 2015

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0 FY24-25......\$0

**Note:** Due to the date of enactment, little to no revenue would be collected within the time frame of this report.

# **Taxes on Insurance Companies (Article 8B)**

#### **Tax Base Information**

The tax on an insurer is measured by gross premiums from business done in this State during the calendar year. The base tax rate is 1.9%. However, premiums on worker compensation plans are taxed at 2.5%. There is an additional 0.74% tax on property coverage contracts.

There is also an insurance regulatory charge, which is a percentage of the insurer's gross premiums tax liability. The percentage has been set at 6.5% for recent calendar years.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$1.2 billion was collected from the tax and regulatory fee, net of refunds.

# Tax Expenditures

# 1. Foreign Captive Insurance Company

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.4A(a)

**Description:** The tax on captive insurance companies does not apply to a foreign captive

insurance company.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-5, effective June 12, 2018

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 2. Captive Insurance Company Cap

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.4A(f)

**Description:** The aggregate amount of tax payable may not exceed \$100,000. If the company is a protected cell captive insurance company with more than 10 cells, the tax may not exceed \$100,000 plus \$5,000 times the number of cells in excess of 10.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2013-116, effective July 1, 2013

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 3. Limited Definition of Tax Base for Bail Bonds

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(b1)

**Description:** Gross premiums from business done in this State in the case of an insurer of bail bonds means only the amounts received by the insurer from a surety bondsman during the calendar year for bail bonds written on behalf of the insurer.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2021-180 -- effective for tax years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2022

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.0 FY24-25......\$1.0

Data Source: Fiscal note prepared by General Assembly staff for SB 105 (2021)

# 4. Federally Tax-Exempt Pensions, Annuities or Profit-Sharing Plan

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(c)(1)

**Description:** Excludes premiums connected with funding a pension, annuity or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under section 401, 403, 404, 408, 457 or 501 of the

Code.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1973-142 - effective July 1, 1973

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 5. Premiums Received from Annuities

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(c)(2)

**Description:** Excludes premiums if received from annuities, as defined in G.S. 58-7-15.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1993-600 - effective Jan. 1, 1995

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$236.5 FY24-25......\$243.6

Data Source: North Carolina Department of Insurance

# 6. Premiums Related to Funding Agreements

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(c)(3)

**Description:** Excludes premiums if connected with funding agreements defined in G.S.

58-7-16.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1993-600 - effective Jan. 1, 1995

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$16.2 FY24-25......\$16.2

Data Source: Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Insurance

# 7. Automobile Premiums for Additional Rate on Property Coverage Contracts

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(d)(3)

**Description:** Only 10% of the gross premiums from insurance contracts for automobile physical damage coverage are taxed compared to 100% of all other types of property coverage. This provision refers to the additional tax on property coverage contracts.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2006-196 - effective for taxable years beginning on or after Jan. 1, 2008. This provision replaced a tax on fire and lightning coverage that had excluded automobile and marine contracts.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$31.0 FY24-25......\$33.1

Data Source: Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Insurance

**Note:** Only a fraction of the revenues of the additional tax on property coverage contracts are credited to the General Fund. The estimates , however, represent 100% of the foregone revenues.

8. Farmers' Mutual Assessment Fire Insurance Companies and Fraternal Organizations

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(g)

**Description:** Excludes farmers' mutual assessment fire insurance companies and nonprofit fraternal organizations.

**Enacting Legislation:** This is a longstanding provision in the insurance statutes.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$3.9 FY24-25......\$4.1

Data Source: Estimates based on data from N.C. Department of Insurance

**Note:** Includes an estimate for the additional 0.74% rate on property coverage contracts (for the farmers' mutuals only).

9. Assessments paid to Insurance Guaranty Association and Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5A

**Description:** Credit against gross premiums for assessments paid to the Insurance Guaranty Association and the Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. (These organizations require insurers to pay assessments to cover claims against insolvent insurers.)

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1991-689 - effective Jan. 1, 1991. Prior to this, insurance companies were allowed to increase their premiums to recoup assessment charges.

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$7.3 FY24-25......\$7.8

**Data Source:** Department of Revenue Insurance Tax database; North Carolina Insurance Guaranty Association

# **Excise Tax on Conveyances (Article 8E)**

#### Tax Base Information

This tax is levied on each instrument by which any interest in real property is conveyed to another person. This tax applies to timber deeds and contracts for the sale of standing timber as if these were transfers of real property.

The tax rate is \$1 on each \$500 of real property value or fractional part thereof.

Fifty percent of the taxes collected are deposited in county funds, and the counties may also retain an additional 2% for administrative costs. The remaining amount is remitted to the State.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, \$119.2 million was remitted to the State from this tax.

# **Tax Expenditures**

# 1. Transfers of Property by Operation of Law

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(1)

**Description:** The tax does not apply to transfer of real property if by operation of law.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

#### 2. Transfers of Property by Lease

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(2)

**Description:** The tax does not apply to a transfer by lease for a term of years.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 3. Transfers of Property Pursuant to a Will

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(3)

**Description:** The tax does not apply to transfers pursuant to a will. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

# 4. Transfers of Property by Intestacy

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(4)

**Description:** The tax does not apply to transfers by intestacy. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 5. Transfers of Property by Gift

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(5)

**Description:** The tax does not apply to transfers by gift. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# **6.** Transfers Involving No Payments

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(6)

**Description:** The tax does not apply if no consideration in property or money is due or

paid by the transferee to the transferor.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 7. Transfers by Merger, Conversion or Consolidation

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(7)

**Description:** The tax does not apply if transfer is by merger, conversion or consolidation.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 8. Transfers by Instrument Securing Debt

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.29(8)

**Description:** The tax does not apply if transfer is by an instrument securing indebtedness.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1967-986 - effective Jan. 1, 1968

# Excise Tax on Motor Fuels (Article 36C) and Alternative Fuels (Article 36D)

#### Tax Base Information

The tax base includes only fuel for vehicles licensed for highway use. Fuels sold for non-highway use are exempt from the Motor Fuels Tax but are subject to the Sales and Use Tax.

The tax rate on Alternative Fuels is set equivalent to the tax on motor fuels, as determined by the Secretary of Revenue.

Beginning Jan. 1, 2017, the tax rate is adjusted each year using a weighted average of the population growth rate and the growth rate of the energy consumer price index. In 2020 and 2021, the tax rate was  $36.1\phi$  per gallon. (S.L. 2020-91, sec. 4.2 set the 2021 tax rate to be the greater of  $36.1\phi$  per gallon and the tax rate obtained from the above calculation. Also, the derivation of the tax rate for 2022 will use the 2021 tax rate obtained from the calculation.)

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, approximately \$2.4 billion was collected from the motor fuels excise tax, net of refunds.

# **Tax Expenditures**

# 1. Sales to the State for its Use

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(3)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sales to the State for its use.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1991-689

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0 FY24-25.....\$0

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

**Note:** The loss to the Highway Fund & Highway Trust Fund is approximately \$10 million per year, but there is no net effect on overall State funds.

# 2. Sales to Local Boards of Education

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(4)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sales to local boards of education.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390; formerly, there was an exemption for gasoline used

in public school transportation (S.L. 1941-119)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$10.3 FY24-25......\$10.3

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

#### Excise Tax on Motor and Alternative Fuels

3. Sales to Charter Schools

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(6)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuels sales to charter schools. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2000-72 - effective Oct. 1, 2000

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

4. Sales to Community Colleges

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(7)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sales to community colleges.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2001-427 - effective Jan. 1, 2003

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

5. Sales to County or Municipal Corporation

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(8)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sales to county or municipal corporation. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2002-108 - effective Jan. 1, 2003; counties and municipal corporations were formerly allowed a refund of all but 1¢ per gallon (S.L. 1957-1226)

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$28.6 FY24-25......\$28.5

**Data Source:** Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

6. Biodiesel Used in the Producer's Vehicle

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(9)

**Description:** Exemption for biodiesel that is produced by an individual for use in a private

passenger vehicle registered in that individual's name. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2007-524 - effective Oct. 1, 2007

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

7. Sales to a Hospital Authority

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(10)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sold to a hospital authority created under G.S.

131E-17.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2016-5 - effective May 11, 2016

# 8. Sales to a Joint Agency for Fire, Police or Emergency Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(11)

**Description:** Exemption for motor fuel sold to a joint agency created by interlocal

agreement for the purposes of fire protection, police protection, or emergency services.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 2018-39 - effective October 1, 2018

Estimate (in millions): Unavailable

# 9. Discount for Timely Payment -- Licensed Distributors and Importers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.93(b)

**Description:** 1% discount to licensed distributor for timely payment.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996; prior to this, distributors had

been allowed a tare deduction for gasoline

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$24.5 FY24-25......\$25.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 10. Discount for Collection Expense -- Suppliers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.97(b)

**Description:** 0.1% discount to supplier for timely payment. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.0 FY24-25......\$1.0

**Data Source:** Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 11. Discount for Timely Filing and Payments -- Sales to Unlicensed Distributors or Bulk-

End Users

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.97(c)

**Description:** A supplier that sells motor fuel directly to an unlicensed distributor or to the bulk-end user, the retailer, or the user of the fuel may take the same percentage discount on the fuel that a licensed distributor may take under G.S. 105-449.93(b) when making deferred payments of tax to the supplier.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

Estimate (in millions): included in item #9

# 12. Discount for Timely Filing and Payments -- Certain Returns of Importers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.99(b)

**Description:** An importer that imports motor fuel received from an elective supplier or a permissive supplier may deduct the percentage discount under G.S. 105-449.93(b) when remitting tax to the supplier, as trustee, for payment to the State.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

Estimate (in millions): included in item #9

13. Damage to Conveyance

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.105(b)

**Description:** Exemption for loss of fuel due to damage to a conveyance transporting the

motor fuel, fire, a natural disaster, an act of war, or an accident. **Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

**Estimate (in millions):** less than \$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 14. Accidentally Combining Fuels

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.105(c)

**Description:** Refund for accidentally combining any of the following: (1) dyed diesel fuel with tax-paid motor fuel, (2) gasoline with diesel fuel, or (3) undyed diesel fuel with

dyed kerosene.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

Estimate (in millions): less than \$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 15. Hold Harmless Refunds to Distributors and Importers

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.105B

**Description:** Refund to distributors and importers of the difference between the amount of discount under G.S. 105-449.93(b) for all motor fuel and the amount calculated by the following schedule for gasoline: 2% of the first 150,000 gallons purchased per month; 1.5% of the next 100,000 gallons; and 1% of the amount over 250,000 gallons.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1995-390 - effective Jan. 1, 1996

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 16. Refund for Nonprofit Transportation Services

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.106(a)(2)

**Description:** Refund of tax less 1 cent per gallon for a private nonprofit organization that transports passengers under contract with or at the express designation of a unit of local government.

government.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1977-1215 - effective July 1, 1978

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.2 FY24-25......\$0.2

**Data Source:** Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 17. Refund for Volunteer Fire Department

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.106(a)(3)

**Description:** Refund of tax less 1 cent per gallon for a volunteer fire department.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1971-1160 - effective Oct. 1, 1971

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.4 FY24-25......\$0.4

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 18. Refund for Volunteer Rescue Squad

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.106(a)(4)

**Description:** Refund of tax less 1 cent per gallon for a volunteer rescue squad.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1981-1246 - effective July 1, 1983

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

Data Source: Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 19. Refund for Sheltered Workshop

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.106(a)(5)

**Description:** Refund of tax less 1 cent per gallon for a sheltered workshop recognized by

the Department of Human Services.

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 1975-845 - effective July 1, 1975

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$0.1 FY24-25......\$0.1

**Data Source:** Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# 20. Partial Refund for Power Takeoff Vehicles

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.107(b)

**Description:** Annual refund of 33.3% of taxes for certain vehicles, less appropriate sales or privilege tax. The vehicles include concrete mixing vehicles; solid waste compacting vehicle; bulk feed vehicle that delivers feed to poultry or livestock and uses a power takeoff to unload the feed; a vehicle that delivers lime or fertilizer in bulk to farms and uses a power takeoff to unload the lime or fertilizer; a tank wagon that delivers alternative fuel or motor fuel or another type of liquid fuel into storage tanks and uses a power takeoff to make the delivery; or a commercial vehicle that delivers and spreads mulch, soils, composts, sand, sawdust, and similar materials and that uses a power takeoff to unload, blow and spread the materials; a septage removal vehicle; and a sweeper.

**Enacting Legislation:** S.L. 1979-801 - effective Jan. 1, 1980 for concrete mixers; S.L. 1983-1025 added solid waste compactors; S.L. 1985-656 added farm delivery vehicles; S.L. 1997-423 reduced the refund by the amount of sales or privilege tax that would be due on the fuel; S.L. 2001-408 added mulch-blowing equipment; S.L. 2005-377 added septage pumpers and sweepers

**Estimate (in millions):** FY23-24......\$1.8 FY24-25......\$1.9

**Data Source:** Motor Fuels Tax Division, Department of Revenue

# **Appendix A: Federal Tax Expenditure Flow-Through Items**

The taxable income amounts for North Carolina income taxes are derived in large part from federal rules defining what constitutes taxable income components. As such, most federal exemptions and exclusions "flow through" to State income taxes. The tables in this appendix provide estimates of the North Carolina FY24-25 tax revenue loss for those federal flow-through provisions. For the individual income tax provision, only those provisions with an estimated impact over \$0.5 million are presented.

North Carolina's itemized deductions are based on federal itemized deduction provisions. However, these have been included in the main body of this report since there are specific provisions for each of these in North Carolina's tax code.

As of the timing of this publication, North Carolina has updated its conformity to the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) as of Jan. 1, 2023. This encompasses several federal acts, such as the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, that have affected North Carolina's flow-through tax expenditures since the last publication of this report.

North Carolina has decoupled from (or is not directly impacted by) the following provisions:

- Deductibility of mortgage insurance premiums for itemizers through tax year 2021
- Exclusion from income of the discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness under Sec. 108 of the Code for tax years through 2025
- Exclusion from income for the employer payments of principal or interest on a taxpayer's education loan through tax year 2025
- Exclusion from income for the discharge of a student loan under Sec. 108 of the Code through tax year 2025
- Increased deductibility for business-related expenses for food and beverage provided by a restaurant through tax year 2022
- The amount of unemployment compensation received in 2020 or 2021 that is exempt under sec. 85(c) of the Code
- Deduction for qualified tuition and related expenses
- 20% deduction for qualified business income
- Deferred gains reinvested into an Opportunity Fund under sec. 1400Z-2 of the Code

	Individual Income Tax Expenditures	Estimate \$Millions
1	Net exclusion of contributions and earnings for defined contribution plans	1,516.1
2	Exclusion of employer contributions for health care, health insurance premiums, and long-term care insurance premiums	1,198.3
3	Net exclusion of contributions and earnings for defined benefit plans	664.6
4	Exclusion of capital gains at death (step-up basis)	452.4
5	Exclusion of untaxed Social Security and railroad retirement benefits	332.4
6	Exclusion of capital gains from sale of principal residences	296.2
7	Deduction for IRAs (traditional and Roth)	169.4
8	Medical care and Tricare insurance for military dependents and retirees	107.9
9	Exclusion of benefits and allowances to armed forces personnel (includes exemption for military disability benefits)	100.8
10	Exclusion of veterans' benefits (includes veteran's disability compensation, pensions, and readjustment benefits)	95.4
11	Net exclusion of pension contributions and earnings for plans covering partners and sole proprietors ("Keogh" plans)	85.4
12	Exclusion of amounts received under life insurance contracts	84.5
13	Health Savings Accounts	72.9
14	Treatment of meals and lodging (other than military)	57.3
15	Exclusion of miscellaneous fringe benefits	53.9
16	Exclusion of gain for certain small business stock	49.7
17	Deduction for health insurance premiums and long-term care insurance premiums for the self-employed	44.1
18	Deferral of gain on like-kind exchanges	43.8
19	Exclusion of scholarship and fellowship income	40.7
20	Exclusion for employer paid accident and disability premiums	35.0
21	Exclusion for employer-paid transportation benefits and employer-provided transit and vanpool benefits	32.6
22	Exclusion of earnings of qualified tuition programs (including prepaid tuition programs and savings account programs)	30.1

	Individual Income Tax Expenditures (cont.)	FY24-25 Estimate \$Millions
23	Carryover basis of appreciated property transferred by gift	28.2
24	Depreciation of rental housing in excess of alternative depreciation system	25.3
25	Exclusion of workers' compensation benefits (medical benefits)	24.7
26	Exclusion for employer contributions for premiums on group long-term life insurance	23.2
27	Special treatment of employee stock ownership plans	21.0
28	Exclusion of health insurance benefits for military retirees and retiree dependents enrolled in Medicare	18.0
29	Exclusion of 50% of business meals as compensation	16.0
30	Exclusion of workers' compensation benefits (disability and survivors payments)	16.0
31	Deduction for interest on student loans	14.4
32	Cash accounting, other than agriculture	13.7
33	Exclusion of combat pay	13.2
34	Exclusion of compensatory damages on account of personal physical injuries or physical sickness	11.1
35	Exclusion of employer-provided (on-site) gyms	10.6
36	Exclusion of income earned by voluntary employees' beneficiary associations	10.6
37	Deferral of gain on non-dealer installment sales	10.5
38	Exclusion of certain allowances for federal employees abroad	9.5
39	Exclusion of employer-provided education assistance benefits	9.0
40	Exclusion of cash public assistance benefits	7.8
41	Exemption from imputed interest rules	6.4
42	Exclusion of housing allowances for ministers	5.9
43	Deferral of taxation on spread on acquisition of stock under incentive stock option rules	5.3
44	Exclusion of employer-provided child care	4.5
45	Exclusion of certain foster care payments	2.8

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	Individual Income Tax Expenditures (cont.)	Estimate \$Millions
46	Exclusion of employee awards	2.7
47	Depreciation of buildings other than rental housing in excess of alternative depreciation system	2.1
48	Exclusion of earnings of Coverdell education savings accounts	1.7
49	Deduction for overnight expenses for National Guard and Reserve members	1.7
50	Exclusion for employer-provided education & tuition reduction benefits	1.6
51	Inventory methods of valuation, including last in first out, lower of cost or market, specific identification for homogeneous products	1.6
52	Deduction for teacher classroom expenses	1.1
53	Amortization of business start-up costs	1.1
54	Deferral of taxation on spread on employee stock purchase plans	1.1
55	Deduction for expenditures on energy-efficient commercial building property	0.6
56	Exclusion for employer-provided adoption assistance	0.6
57	Completed contract rules	0.5
58	Distributions in redemption of stock to pay various taxes imposed at death	0.5

Sources: *Estimates of Federal Tax Expenditures for Fiscal Years* 2023-2027 (JCX-59-23), Joint Committee on Taxation, December 7, 2023. The reference tax law includes changes through August 31, 2023. Federal tax expenditures are also measured by the "Tax Expenditure" chapter of *Fiscal Year* 2024 *Analytical Perspectives: Budget of the U.S. Government*, Office of Management and Budget.

These sources may differ on how a tax expenditure is defined. For example, the Office of Management and Budget considers "exclusion of net imputed rental income" for owner-occupied housing as a tax expenditure, but the Joint Committee on Taxation does not. Generally, this table uses the estimates from the Joint Committee on Taxation.

Note: Descriptions of federal tax expenditures can be found in *Tax Expenditures: Compendium of Background Material on Individual Provisions*, Congressional Research Service, December 2018.

	Corporate Income Tax Expenditures	FY24-25 Estimate \$Million
1	Deferral of gain on non-dealer installment sales	16.4
2	Special tax provisions for employee stock ownership plans	9.8
3	Special rules for IC-DISCs	7.0
4	Inventory methods and valuation, including last in first out, lower of cost or market, specific identification for homogeneous products	4.3
5	Deferral of gain on like-kind exchanges	3.7
6	Completed contract rules	2.5
7	Depreciation of rental housing in excess of alternative depreciation system	2.3
8	Cash accounting, other than agriculture	2.0
9	Eliminate requirement that financial institutions allocate interest expense attributable to tax-exempt interest	1.7
10	Expensing of timber-growing costs	1.0
11	Depreciation of buildings other than rental housing in excess of alternative depreciation system	1.0
12	Amortization and expensing of reforestation expenses	0.3
13	Amortization of business start-up costs	0.2
14	Deduction for certain energy efficient commercial building property	0.1
15	Amortization of air pollution control facilities	0.1

Source: Estimates of Federal Tax Expenditures for Fiscal Years 2023-2027 (JCX-59-23), Joint Committee on Taxation, December 7, 2023. The reference tax law includes changes through August 31, 2023. The estimates provided above do not include negative tax expenditures, which are gains in tax revenue from a provision that deviates from normal income tax law. Federal tax expenditures are also measured by the "Tax Expenditure" chapter of Fiscal Year 2024 Analytical Perspectives: Budget of the U.S. Government, Office of Management and Budget.

Items are included in this table if the State impact is measured to be at least \$100,000. Items with negative amounts (meaning that the provision would increase tax revenues) are excluded.

Appendix

# Appendix B: Other Tax Exclusions and Exemptions

These additional provisions are not included in the main body of the report's text because they are considered necessary for the ordinary functioning of the tax system.

#### Tobacco Tax

# 1. Sales to Distributors

**Description:** Manufacturers shipping cigarettes to other distributors are exempt.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.1

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 2. Out-of-State Shipments

**Description:** A distributor is exempt from tax if possession is for out-of-state shipments.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.9

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 3. Out-of-State Sales

**Description:** Exemption for tobacco products sold outside the State. **Citation:** G.S. 105-113.36A(d)(1) [formerly G.S. 105-113.35(a2)(1)] **Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in Taxable Base

#### 4. Sales to Federal Government

**Description:** Exemption for tobacco products sold to the federal government.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.36A(d)(2) [formerly G.S. 105-113.35(a2)(2)]

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# **Alcoholic Beverage License and Excise Taxes**

#### 5. Sales to U.S. Armed Forces

**Description:** Exemption if beverage is sold to the U.S. Armed Forces.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.81(c)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

#### 6. Out-of-State Sales

**Description:** Exemption if beverage is sold outside the State.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-113.81(d)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

#### Franchise Tax

# 7. Insurance Companies

**Description:** Exemption for an insurance company subject to tax under Article 8B of this

Chapter.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-125(a)(2)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Avoid Double Taxation

#### 8. Transfers of Debt

**Description:** For debtor corporations, a proportionate part of debt determined on the bases of the ratio of capital borrowed by a creditor corporation from a source other than a parent, subsidiary or affiliate to the total assets of the creditor corporation. For creditor corporations, the amount of any debt owed to it by a parent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation to the extent that such debt has been included in the tax base of the parent, subsidiary, or affiliated debtor corporation reporting for taxation under the provisions of this section.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-122(b)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# **Corporation Income Tax**

# 9. U.S. Obligation Interest

**Description:** Deductions for interest upon the obligations of the U.S. or its possessions, to the extent included in federal taxable income.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(1)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Intergovernmental Reciprocity

# 10. Payments Received from an Affiliated Company That Paid Tax on Payment

**Description:** Payment received from a parent, subsidiary or affiliated corporation in excess of fair compensation in inter-company transactions which in the determination of the net income or net loss of such corporation were not allowed as a deduction.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(2)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Avoid Double Taxation

# 11. Adjustment for Federal Tax Credits

**Description:** Deduction for business expenses when a federal tax credit was taken in lieu of a deduction.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(11)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base: In the Code, there are some activities that may receive either a tax credit or a deduction from taxable income, but not both. A taxpayer that chooses to take the credit may deduct the alternative allowable Federal deduction when calculating North Carolina taxable income. Many of these deductions are related to the federal Work Opportunity, Welfare-to-Work, and fuel tax credits.

# 12. Royalty Payments Taxed by Related Member

**Description:** Exemption for royalty payments received from a related member who added the payments to income.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(20)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

#### 13. Discharge of Certain Indebtedness

**Description:** Section 108(i) of the Code allowed a business to cancel debt in 2009 and 2010, but defer paying taxes on the resultant income until a 5-year period beginning in 2014. NC decoupled from this provision. This deduction allows them to remove this amount from their NC taxable income in tax years 2014-2018.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.5(b)(25)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 14. Exemption for Adding Back Paid Royalties to Taxable Income

**Description:** A taxpayer that pays royalties to a related member that does not include this income on a North Carolina income tax return must add these payments to their taxable income. However, the addback may be foregone if the recipient of the payment is organized under the laws of another country that has a tax treaty with the U.S. and the country imposes a tax on the royalty income of the recipient at a rate that is equal to or exceeds the State's corporate income tax rate.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.7A(c)(3)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# 15. Certain Charitable Organizations

**Description:** Exemption for cemetery corporations and corporations organized for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(3)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in Taxable Base - following the Joint Committee on Taxation's argument that the nonbusiness activities of charities predominate and unrelated business activities are subject to tax.

# 16. Nonprofit Business Associations

**Description:** Exemption for business leagues, chambers of commerce, merchants' associations or boards of trade not organized for profit.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(4)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 17. Nonprofit Promoters of Social Welfare

**Description:** Exemption for civic leagues or organizations not organized for profit, but operated for the promotion of social welfare.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(5)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 18. Nonprofit Agricultural Marketing Memberships

**Description:** Exemption for farmers', fruit growers' or like organization for the purposes of marketing member products.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(8)

#### **Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in Taxable Base

# 19. Certain Agricultural Associations

**Description:** Exemption for mutual associations formed under G.S. 54-111 through 54-128 to conduct agricultural business on the mutual plan and marketing associations organized under GS 54-129 through 54-158.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(a)(9)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 20. Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits

**Description:** An entity that qualifies as a real estate mortgage investment conduit, per

Section 860D of the Code is exempt.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-130.11(d)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 21. Distributed Earnings of Regulated Investment Companies and Real Estate Investment Trusts

**Description:** A regulated investment company or real estate investment trust shall be taxed only on that part of its net income which is not distributed or declared for distribution to shareholders.

Citation: G.S. 105-130.12

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 22. S-Corporation Shareholders

**Description:** Credits shall be given to prevent double taxation of S-Corporation

shareholders.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-131.8

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# **Individual Income Tax**

# 23. Right of Claim Itemized Deduction

**Description:** Deduction for repayment in the current year of an amount included in an earlier taxable year because it appeared that the taxpayer had an unrestricted right to such item.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2)d

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid double taxation

# 24. U.S. Obligation Interest

**Description:** Deductions for interest upon the obligations of the U.S. or its possessions, to the extent included in federal taxable income.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(1)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Intergovernmental Reciprocity

Appendix

# 25. Refunds of State, Local or Foreign Taxes in Federal AGI

**Description:** Refunds of state, local, and foreign income taxes included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income are exempt.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(4)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 26. Income from Federally-Recognized Indian Reservation

**Description:** Exemption for income that is (1) earned or received by an enrolled member of a federally recognized Indian Tribe and (2) derived from activities on a federally recognized Indian reservation while the member resides on the reservation.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(6)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# 27. Adjustment to the Basis of Property

**Description:** Deduction for the amount by which the basis of property exceeds the basis of property under the Code, in the year the taxpayer disposes of the property.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(7)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** The basis needs to be adjusted in order to apply the correct amount of taxation on capital gains and capital losses.

# 28. Discharge of Certain Indebtedness

**Description:** Deduction for the amount added to federal taxable income under section 108(i)(1) of the Code.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(10)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation.

# 29. Business-Related Deduction in Lieu of a Tax Credit

**Description:** A taxpayer may deduct an ordinary and necessary business expense that was not deducted from federal income due to the taxpayer taking a federal tax credit.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-153.5(b)(11)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Business expenses are deductible as a normal part of the income tax.

# 30. Income Taxes Paid to Other States

**Description:** Individuals residing in North Carolina may receive a tax credit for income taxes paid to other states. The tax credit may not exceed the amount of income tax that would have been paid to North Carolina on the relevant income.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-105.153.9

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Avoid Double Taxation: The income has been taxed by another State

#### Sales and Use Tax

#### 31. Instructional Seminars and Workshops

**Description:** Tuition, registration fees, or charges to attend instructional seminars, conferences, or workshops for educational purposes are excluded from sales tax on entertainment activities.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(2)

**Effective Date:** admissions sold on or after May 29, 2014 (S.L. 2014-3) **Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in tax base

# 32. Political Contributions Related to an Entertainment Activity

**Description:** A political contribution is excluded from the sales tax on entertainment activities.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(3)

**Effective Date:** admissions sold on or after May 29, 2014 (S.L. 2014-3) **Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in tax base

# 33. Transportation Related to an Amusement

**Description:** An amount paid solely for transportation is excluded from the sales tax on entertainment activities.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.4G(e)(5)

**Effective Date:** admissions sold on or after May 29, 2014 (S.L. 2014-3) **Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in tax base

# 34. Farm Products Requiring Further Processing

**Description:** Exemption for sales of cotton, tobacco, peanuts or other farm products sold to manufacturers for further manufacturing or processing.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(4)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Purchase of Intermediate Good

#### 35. Manufactured Products Sold for Resale

**Description:** Exemption for sales of manufactured products produced and sold by manufacturers or producers to other manufacturers, producers, or registered retailers or wholesale merchants, for the purpose of resale.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(5)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Purchase of Intermediate Good

#### **36.** Ingredients in Manufacturing Process

**Description:** Exemption for sales to a manufacturer of tangible personal property that enters into or becomes an ingredient or component part of tangible personal property that is manufactured.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(8)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Purchase of Intermediate Good

# 37. Articles Repossessed by Vendor

**Description:** Exemption for sales of an article repossessed by the vendor if the tax was paid on the sales price of the article.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(16)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in the Tax Base

Appendix

#### 38. Sales with Constitutional Protection

**Description:** Sales which a state would be without power to tax under the limitations of the Constitution or laws of the United States or under the Constitution of this State.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(17)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# 39. Items for Use on Ocean-Going Vessels

**Description:** Sales of fuel and other items for use or consumption by or on ocean-going vessels.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(24)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Sales for Use Outside North Carolina

# 40. Sales on Cherokee Indian Reservation

**Description:** Exemption for sales by merchants on the Cherokee Indian Reservation.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(25)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# 41. Articles Purchased for Export to a Foreign Country

**Description:** Exemption for tangible property purchased solely for the purpose of export to a foreign country for exclusive use or consumption in that or some other foreign country.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(33)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Sales for Use Outside North Carolina

# 42. Purchases Delivered Outside N.C.

**Description:** Exemption for tangible property sold by a retailer to purchasers within or without this State, when the property is delivered in this State to a common carrier or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to the purchaser or the purchaser's designees outside this State and the purchaser does not subsequently use the property in this State.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(33a)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Sales for Use Outside North Carolina

# 43. Food Stamp Purchases

**Description:** Exemption for food and other items lawfully purchased under the Food Stamp Program or WIC.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(38)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Federal law prohibits state or local taxation.

#### 44. Deposit on Returnable Beverage Container

**Description:** Exemption for an amount charged as a deposit on a beverage container that is returnable to the vendor for reuse when the amount is refundable or creditable to the vendee.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(47)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# 45. Deposit on Returnable Replacement Part

**Description:** Exemption for an amount charged as a deposit on an aeronautic, automotive, industrial, marine or farm replacement part that is returnable to the vendor for rebuilding or remanufacturing when the amount is refundable or creditable to the vendee. This exemption does not include tires or batteries.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(48)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

#### 46. Resold Telecommunications Services

**Description:** Telecommunications service that is a component part of or is integrated into a telecommunications service that is resold.

Citation: G.S. 105-164.13(54)a

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# 47. Repair, Maintenance and Installation Services Purchased for Resale

**Description:** Exemption for repair, maintenance and installation services purchased for resale. (Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2015-241)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(61b)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# 48. Food, Prepared Food and Related Items Covered under a Prepaid Meal Plan

**Description:** Exemption for food and prepared food to be provided to a person entitled to the food under a prepaid meal plan subject to tax under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(12). (Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2014-3)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-164.13(63)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# **Highway Use Tax**

#### 49. Salvage Vehicles

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued to the insurer of the motor vehicle because the vehicle is a salvage vehicle.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(1)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# 50. Resale of Automobile by Manufacturer or Retailer

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued to either a manufacturer or a motor vehicle retailer for the purpose of resale.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(2)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not a Final Sale

# 51. Correction in Owner's Name on Title

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued to the same owner to reflect a change or correction in the owner's name.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(3)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

Appendix

# 52. Removal of a Co-Owner's Name from Title

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued to one or more of the same co-owners to reflect the removal of one or more other co-owners.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(3a)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 53. Change in Title Due to Marital Separation or Divorce

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued by a distribution of marital or divisible property incident to a marital separation or divorce.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(6)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Avoid Double Taxation

# 54. Transfer of Government-Operated Vehicle Through a State Agency

**Description:** Full exemption for sale to a State agency from a unit of local government, volunteer fire department, or volunteer rescue squad to enable the State agency to transfer the vehicle to another unit of local government, volunteer fire department, or volunteer rescue squad.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(10)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# 55. Vehicle Donations to Charities Solely for Resale

**Description:** Full exemption when a certificate of title is issued as the result of a transfer of a vehicle to a charitable 501(c)(3) organization, where the vehicle was donated solely for purposes of resale.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-187.6(a)(12)

Enacting Legislation: S.L. 2018-43 - effective June 22, 2018

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not a Final Sale

# **Gross Premiums Tax on Insurance Companies**

#### 56. Premiums from Federal Employees Health Benefits Plan and Medicare or Medicaid

**Description:** Excludes premiums to the extent prohibited by federal law from Federal Employees Health Benefits Plan and Medicare or Medicaid.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-228.5(c)(4)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Constitutional Restrictions

#### **Excise Tax on Motor Fuels and Alternative Fuels**

#### 57. Sales for Out-of-State Use

**Description:** The excise tax on motor fuel does not apply to motor fuel removed from a terminal for export if the motor fuel is removed by a licensed distributor or a licensed exporter and the supplier of the motor fuel collects tax on it at the rate of the motor fuel's destination state.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(1)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Sale for Use Outside North Carolina

# 58. Sales to Out-of-State Suppliers

**Description:** The tax does not apply to motor fuel removed by transport truck from a terminal for export if the motor fuel is removed by a licensed distributor or licensed exporter, the supplier that is the position holder for the motor fuel sells the motor fuel to another supplier as the motor fuel crosses the terminal rack, the purchasing supplier or its customer receives the motor fuel at the terminal rack for export, and the supplier that is the position holder collects the tax on the motor fuel at the rate of the motor fuel's destination state.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(1a)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Sale for Use Outside North Carolina

#### 59. Sales to the Federal Government

**Description:** The tax does not apply to motor fuel sold to the federal government for its use

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(2)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions

# 60. Diesel Sold to an Airport

**Description:** Exemption for sales of diesel that is kerosene and sold to an airport.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.88(5)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 61. Refunds for Sale to Exempt Entity

**Description:** An entity whose use of motor fuel is exempt from tax may obtain a refund of any motor fuel excise tax the entity pays. The person who sells the fuel to the exempt entity is also allowed to obtain a refund of any taxes paid on the fuel.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.105(a)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 62. Sale of Kerosene for Uses Not Related to Motor Vehicles

**Description:** A distributor who sells kerosene may obtain a refund for the excise tax paid on the kerosene if the distributor dispenses the kerosene into a storage facility for use in: (1) heating, (2) drying crops, (3) a manufacturing process. The storage facility must be installed in a manner that makes use of the fuel for any other purpose improbable.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.105A

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

Appendix

# 63. Motor Fuel for Off-Highway Equipment

**Description:** Quarterly refunds of the estimated entire tax to a person who purchases and uses motor fuel to operate special mobile equipment off-highway. (Special mobile equipment is a vehicle that has a permanently attached crane, mill, ditch-digging apparatus, or similar attachment. It is not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.)

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.106(c)

**Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List:** Not in Taxable Base

# 64. Sale of Motor Fuel for Uses Not Related to Highway Vehicle

**Description:** Refund for purchases and uses of motor fuel for a purpose other than to operate a licensed highway vehicle.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.107(a)

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Not in Taxable Base

# 65. Sales to Cherokee Indian Reservation

**Description:** Refund for motor fuels and special fuels taxes to the Cherokee Indians on behalf of its members who reside on or engage in otherwise taxable transactions within Cherokee trust lands.

**Citation:** G.S. 105-449.114

Reason for Excluding from Tax Expenditure List: Constitutional Restrictions